

Pthread (9A)

- Pthread

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Pthread Creation and Termination

```
int pthread_create ( pthread_t * thread,  
                    const pthread_attr_t * attr,  
                    void *(*start_routine) (void*),  
                    void * arg  
                    );
```

** pointer type*

→ stores the **ID** of the created thread
in the location referenced by **thread**

```
void pthread_join(pthread_t thread, void **status);
```

→ to **wait** for a thread to **terminate**

```
void pthread_detach(pthread_t thread);
```

→ an alternative to **pthread_join()**
to reclaim storage for a thread

```
void pthread_exit(void *status);
```

```
int pthread_cancel(pthread_t thread);
```

```
int pthread_attr_init(pthread_attr_t *attr);
```

```
int pthread_attr_destroy(pthread_attr_t *attr);
```

Creating a Default Thread

```
int pthread_create ( pthread_t * thread,  
                    const pthread_attr_t * attr,  
                    void *(*start_routine) (void*),  
                    void * arg  
                    );
```



stores the **ID** of the created thread
in the location referenced by **thread**

```
pthread_t      tid;  
pthread_attr_t tattr;  
extern void * start_routine (void *arg);  
void *        arg;  
int           ret;
```

Create default attributes

```
ret = pthread_create(&tid, NULL, start_routine, arg);
```

```
ret = pthread_attr_init(&tattr);  
ret = pthread_create(&tid, &tattr, start_routine, arg);
```

Default Attributes

scope	PTHREAD_SCOPE_PROCESS	: unbounded
detachstate	PTHREAD_CREATE_JOINABLE	: nondetached
stackaddr	NULL	: default stack
stacksize	1 megabyte	: default stack size
inheritsched	PTHREAD_INHERIT_SCHED	: inherit parent's priority

Waiting for a thread to terminate

```
void pthread_join(pthread_t thread, void **status);
```

```
pthread_t      tid;  
pthread_attr_t tattr;  
extern void *  start_routine (void *arg);  
void *        arg;  
int           ret;
```

```
ret = pthread_create(&tid, NULL, start_routine, arg);
```

```
pthread_join(tid, NULL);
```

to **wait** for a thread to **terminate**

works only for target threads **that are nondetached**

blocks the calling thread
until the specified thread terminates.

thread

```
ret = pthread_attr_init(&tattr);
```

```
ret = pthread_create(&tid, &tattr, start_routine, arg);
```

```
int * status;
```

```
pthread_join(tid, &status);
```

status

exit code of the defunct thread

Detaching a thread

```
void pthread_detach(pthread_t thread);
```

```
pthread_t      tid;  
pthread_attr_t tattr;  
extern void *  start_routine (void *arg);  
void *        arg;  
int           ret;
```

```
ret = pthread_create(&tid, NULL, start_routine, arg);
```

```
pthread_join(tid, NULL);
```

```
pthread_detach(tid);
```

an alternative to pthread_join() to reclaim storage for a thread that is created with a detachstate attribute set to PTHREAD_CREATE_JOINABLE.

If tid has not terminated, pthread_detach() does not cause it to terminate.

```
ret = pthread_attr_init(&tattr);  
ret = pthread_create(&tid, &tattr, start_routine, arg);
```

```
int * status;  
pthread_join(tid, &status);
```

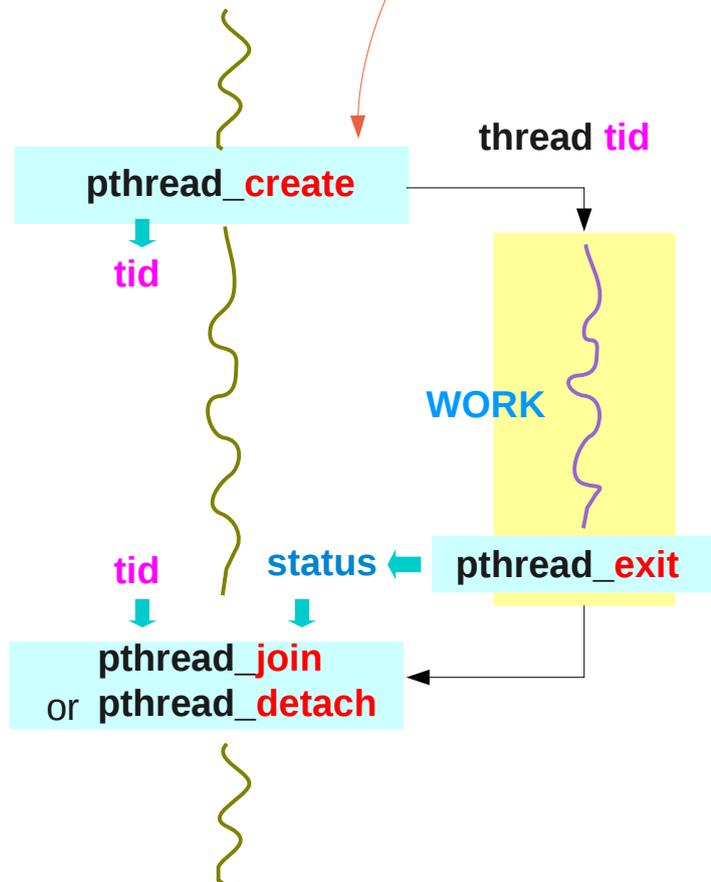
status

exit code of the defunct thread

Joining and Detaching

Default Attributes		
scope	PTHREAD_SCOPE_PROCESS	: unbounded
detachstate	PTHREAD_CREATE_JOINABLE	: nondetached
stackaddr	NULL	: default stack
stacksize	1 megabyte	: default stack size
inheritsched	PTHREAD_INHERIT_SCHED	: inherit parent's priority

* If a thread is created as detached, it can never be joined.



a pthread attribute variable of the `pthread_attr_t` type

`pthread_attr_init()`

`pthread_attr_setdetachstate()`

When done,

`pthread_attr_destroy()`

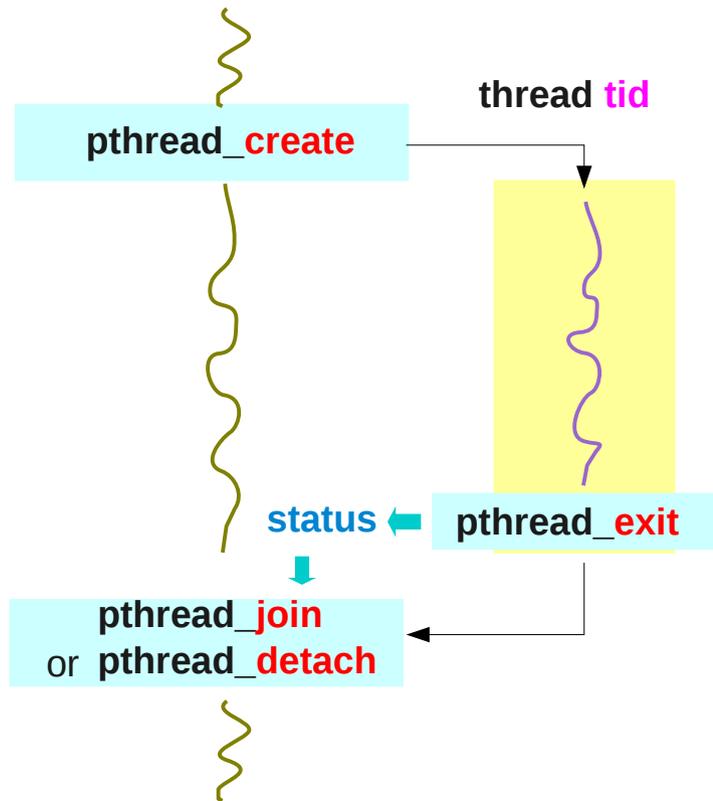
Terminate a thread

```
void pthread_exit(void *status);
```

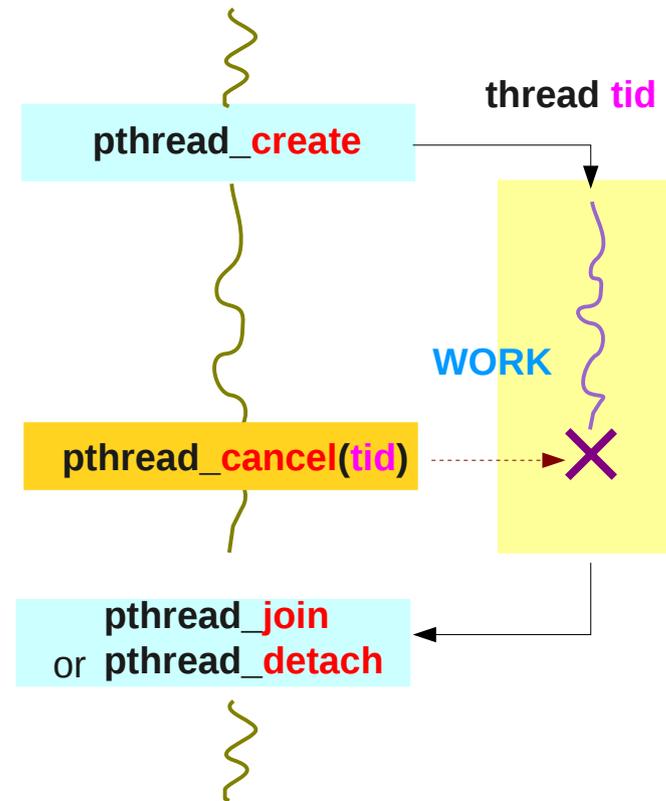
```
int pthread_cancel(pthread_t thread);
```

A thread is terminated

- By returning from its first (outermost) procedure, the threads start routine;
- By calling `pthread_exit()`, supplying an **exit status**
- By termination with `pthread_cancel()`

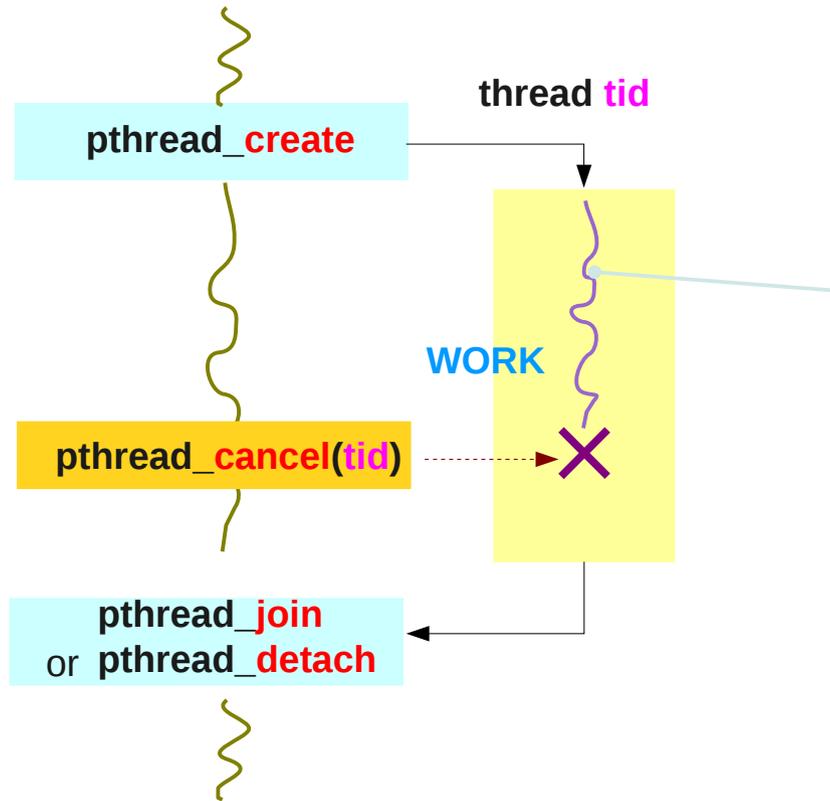


```
int status;  
pthread_exit(&status);
```



```
ret = pthread_cancel(tid);
```

Thread Cancellation



```
int pthread_setcancelstate (int state, int *oldstate);
```

States

```
PTHREAD_CANCEL_ENABLE  
PTHREAD_CANCEL_DISABLE.
```

```
int pthread_setcanceltype (int type, int *oldtype);
```

Types

```
PTHREAD_CANCEL_DEFERRED  
deferred until a cancellation point  
PTHREAD_CANCEL_ASYNCHRONOUS.  
cancel immediately even  
not at a cancellation point
```

```
void pthread_testcancel (void);
```

behaves like a cancellation point function

cancellation point function

read(), write(), open(), close(), fcntl(), sleep(),
wait(), waitpid(), pthread_join()

At a cancellation point,

1. always canceled immediately

Not at a cancellation point

2. Deferred – until a cancellation point
3. Asynchronous – immediately canceled

Mutex Variable

```
int pthread_mutex_destroy (pthread_mutex_t *mutex);

int pthread_mutex_init (pthread_mutex_t *restrict mutex,
                       const pthread_mutexattr_t *restrict attr);

pthread_mutex_t mutex = PTHREAD_MUTEX_INITIALIZER;

int pthread_mutexattr_destroy (pthread_mutexattr_t *attr);

int pthread_mutexattr_init (pthread_mutexattr_t *attr);

int pthread_mutex_lock (pthread_mutex_t *mutex);

int pthread_mutex_trylock (pthread_mutex_t *mutex);

int pthread_mutex_unlock (pthread_mutex_t *mutex);
```

Creating & Destroying Mutex Variables

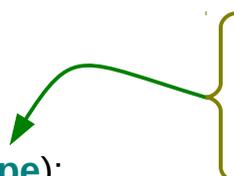
Static Initialization

```
pthread_mutex_t mutex = PTHREAD_MUTEX_INITIALIZER;
```

Dynamic Initialization

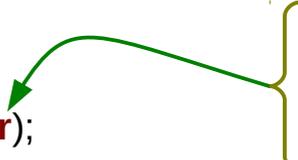
```
pthread_mutex_t mutex;  
pthread_mutexattr_t attr;
```

```
pthread_mutexattr_settype (&attr, type);
```



- PTHREAD_MUTEX_TIMED_NP
- PTHREAD_MUTEX_RECURSIVE_NP
- PTHREAD_MUTEX_ERRORCHECK_NP

```
pthread_mutex_init (&mutex, &attr);
```



- Protocol:** Specifies the protocol used to prevent priority inversions for a mutex.
- Prioceiling:** Specifies the priority ceiling of a mutex.
- Process-shared:** Specifies the process sharing of a mutex.

```
pthread_mutexattr_destroy (&attr);
```

```
pthread_mutex_destroy (&mutex);
```

Locking & Unlocking Mutex Variables

```
int pthread_mutex_lock (pthread_mutex_t *mutex);
```

to **acquire** a lock on the specified mutex variable.
already locked --> **block** until the mutex is unlocked.

```
int pthread_mutex_trylock (pthread_mutex_t *mutex);
```

to **attempt** to lock a mutex.
already locked --> **return immediately** with a "**busy**"
Useful in preventing deadlock conditions,
as in a priority-inversion situation.

```
int pthread_mutex_unlock (pthread_mutex_t *mutex);
```

Required after a thread has completed
An **error** will be returned if:
If the mutex was **already unlocked**
If the mutex is **owned by another thread**

Conditional Variable

```
int pthread_cond_destroy (pthread_cond_t *cond);
```

```
int pthread_cond_init (pthread_cond_t *restrict cond,  
                      const pthread_condattr_t *restrict attr);
```

```
pthread_cond_t cond = PTHREAD_COND_INITIALIZER;
```

```
int pthread_condattr_destroy (pthread_condattr_t *attr);
```

```
int pthread_condattr_init (pthread_condattr_t *attr);
```

```
int pthread_cond_timedwait (pthread_cond_t *restrict cond,  
                            pthread_mutex_t *restrict mutex,  
                            const struct timespec *restrict abstime);
```

```
int pthread_cond_wait (pthread_cond_t *restrict cond,  
                      pthread_mutex_t *restrict mutex);
```

Reference

References

- [1] <http://en.wikipedia.org/>
- [2] <http://www.tldp.org/LDP/lpg/node46.html>