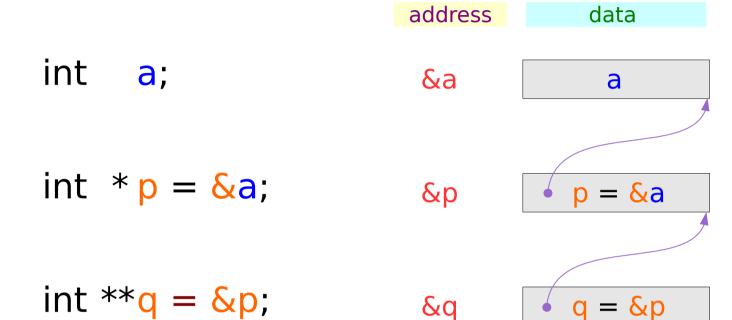
# Applications of Pointers (1A)

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Please send corrections (or suggestions) to youngwlim@hotmail.com.			
This document was produced by using LibreOffice.			

#### Variables and their addresses

	address	data
int <mark>a</mark> ;	&a	а
int *p;	<b>&amp;</b> p	p
	<b>α</b> ρ	P
int **q;	&q	q

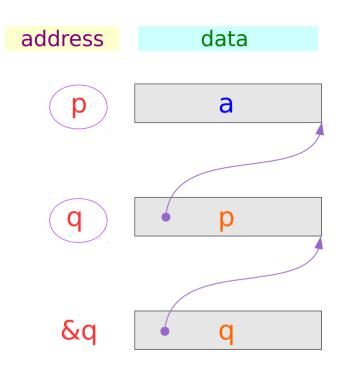
#### Initialization of Variables



# Pointed addresses: p, q

int 
$$*p = &a$$

int 
$$**q = &p$$

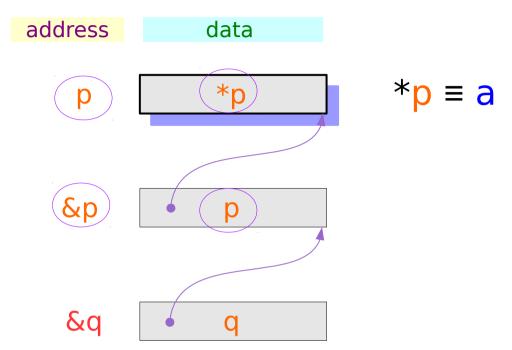


$$p = &a$$
 $q = &p$ 

# Dereferenced Variables: \*p

int 
$$*p = \&a$$

int 
$$**q = &p$$



### Dereferenced Variables: \*p

int 
$$*p = \&a$$

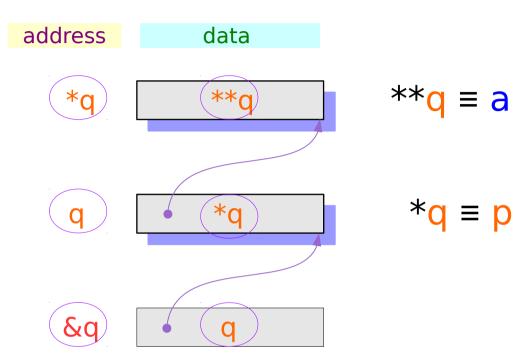
int 
$$**q = &p$$

Relations after address assignment

# Dereferenced Variables: \*q, \*\*q

int 
$$*p = \&a$$

int 
$$**q = &p$$
;



# Dereferenced Variables: \*q, \*\*q

int 
$$*p = &a$$

int 
$$**q = &p$$

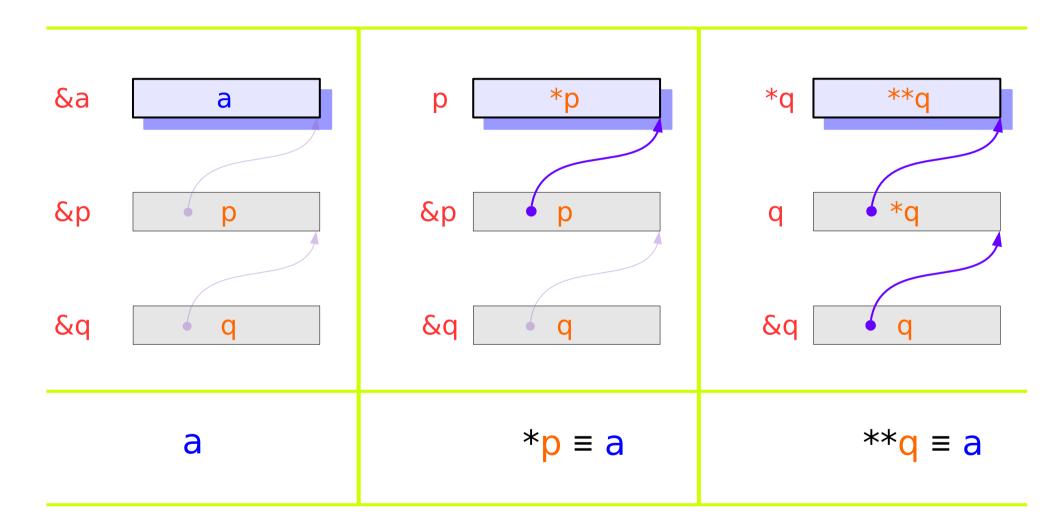
$$p = &a \rightarrow *p = a$$

$$q = &p \implies *q = p$$

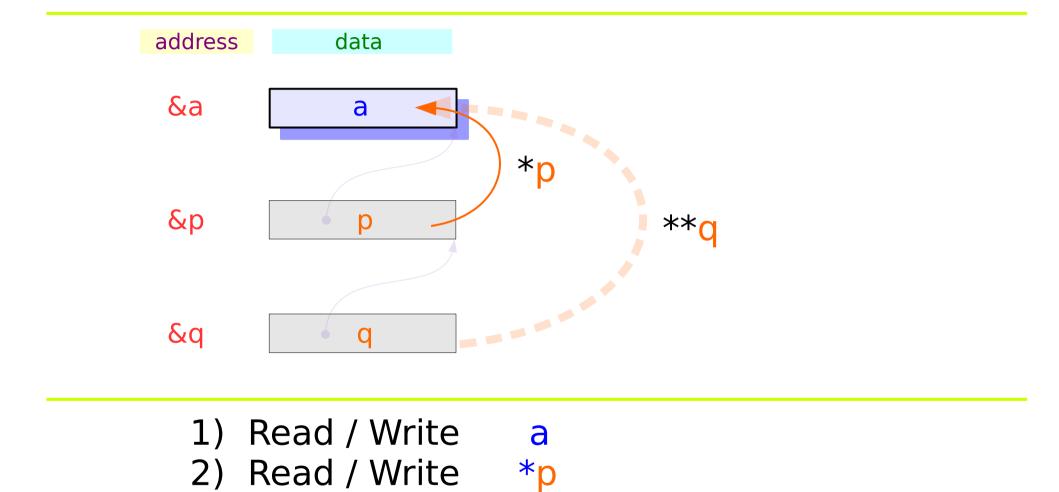
$$\Rightarrow$$
 \*\*q = a

Relations after address assignment

# Two more ways to access a: \*p, \*\*q



# Two more ways to access a: \*p, \*\*q



3) Read / Write

#### **Variables**

int a; a can hold an <u>integer</u>

address data
&a

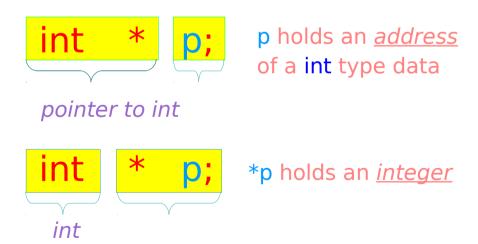
a = 100; a holds an <u>integer</u> 100

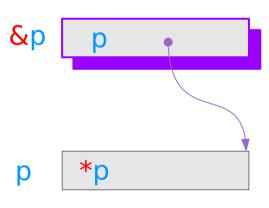
address data

&a ← 100

#### **Pointer Variables**

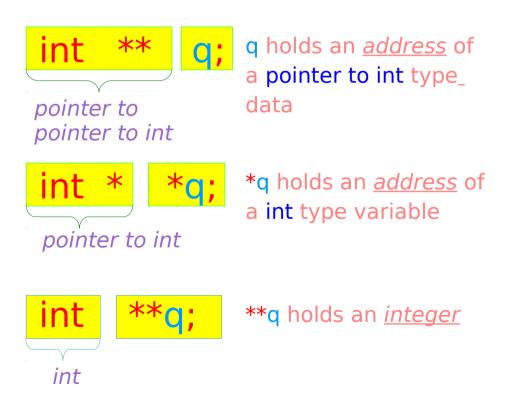
```
int * p;
p holds an <u>address</u>
```

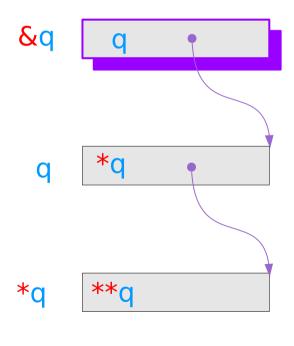




#### Pointer to Pointer Variable

```
int ** q;
q holds an <u>address</u>
```

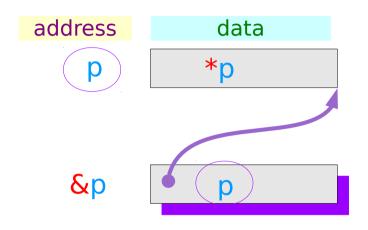


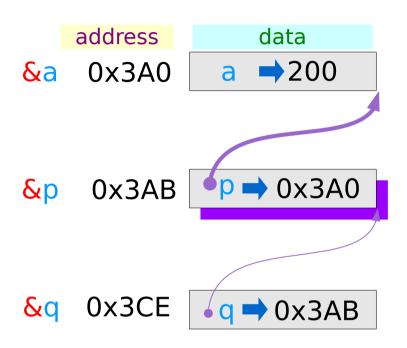


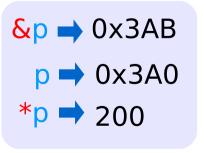
### Pointer Variables Examples

```
address
                                                       data
int
                                                       →200
                                          0x3A0
          a;
                                      &a
                                                     a
int *
         p = \& a;
                                                   • p → 0x3A0
                                           0x3AB
                                     &p
int ** q = \& p;
                                      &q 0x3CE
                                                   \frac{1}{2} q = 0x3AB
                                                  &q → 0x3CE
                                                    q \rightarrow 0x3AB
                                                   *q → 0x3A0
                                                 **q > 200
```

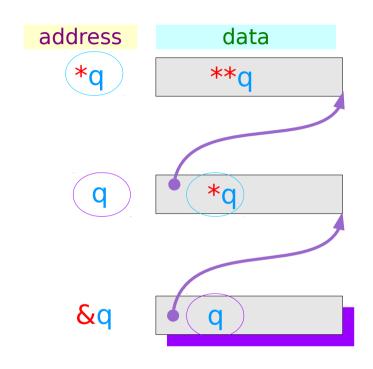
### Pointer Variable **p**

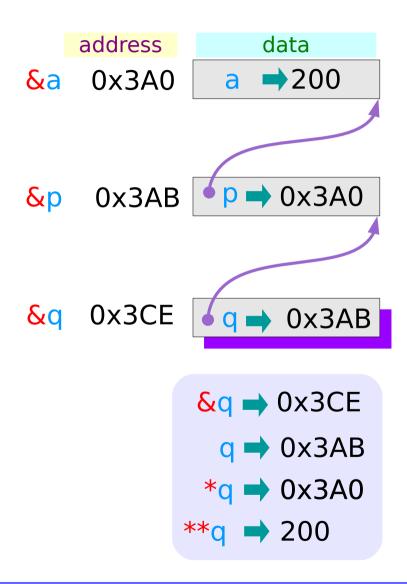




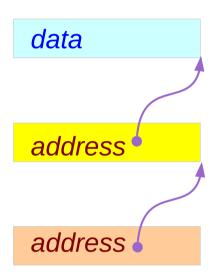


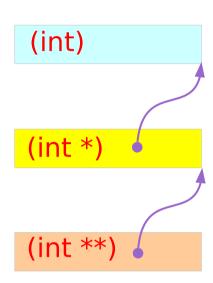
#### Pointer Variable q





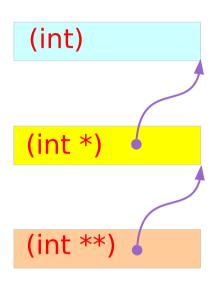
### Interpretation of Pointers – Types

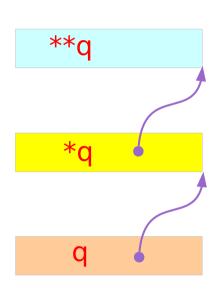


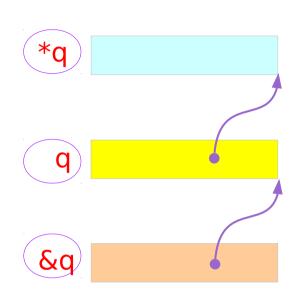


**Types** 

#### Interpretation of Pointers – Variables and addresses





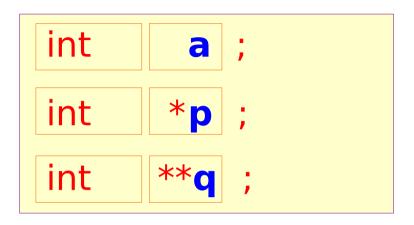


**Types** 

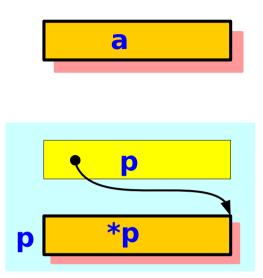
**Variables** 

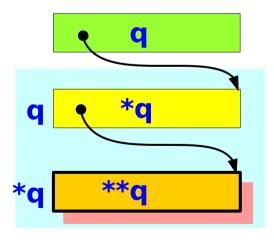
**Addresses** 

# Single and Double Pointer Examples (1)



a, \*p, and \*\*q:
int variables

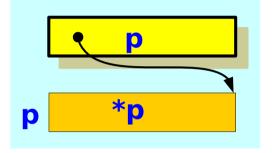




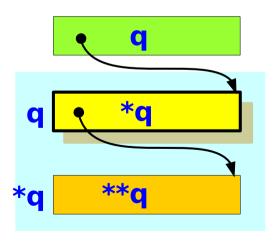
# Single and Double Pointer Examples (2)

```
int a;
int * p;
int * q;
```

a

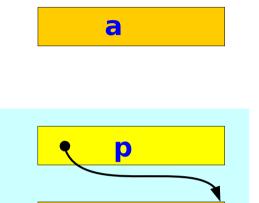


p and \*q :
int pointer variables

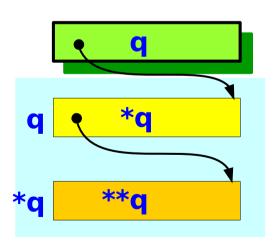


# Single and Double Pointer Examples (3)

```
int a;
int *p;
int ** q;
```

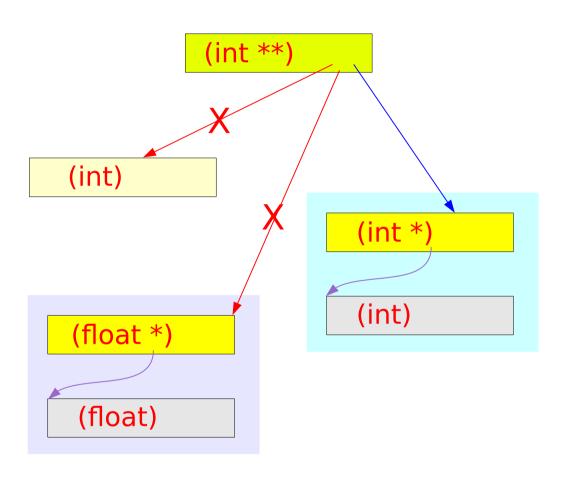


q: double int pointer variables



### Integer Pointer Examples (6)

```
int a;
int * p;
int ** q;
```



#### Variable Declarations



The variable a holds an integer data

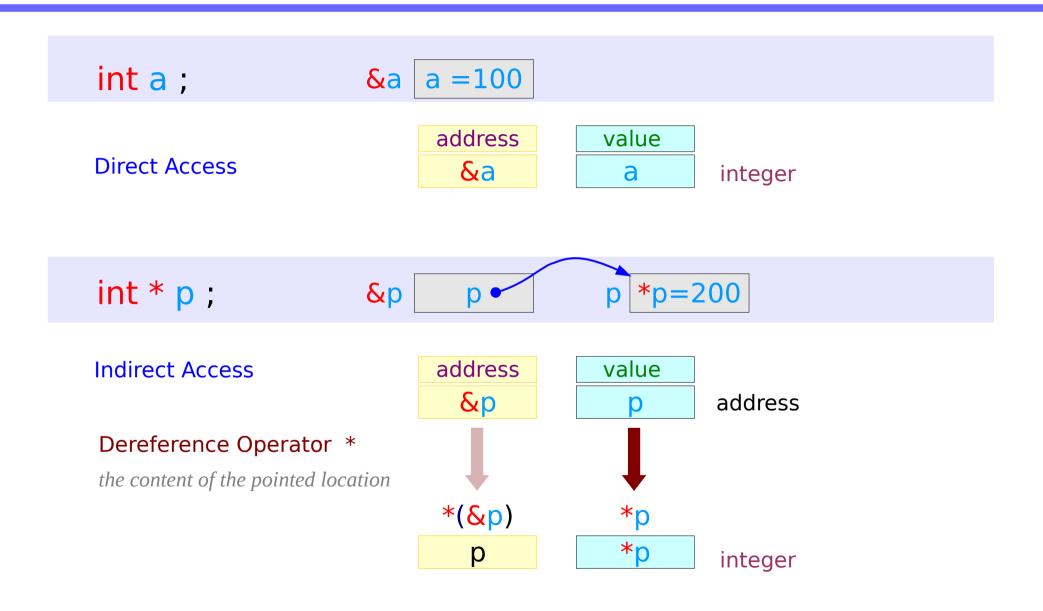


The **pointer** variable p holds an address, at this address an integer is stored

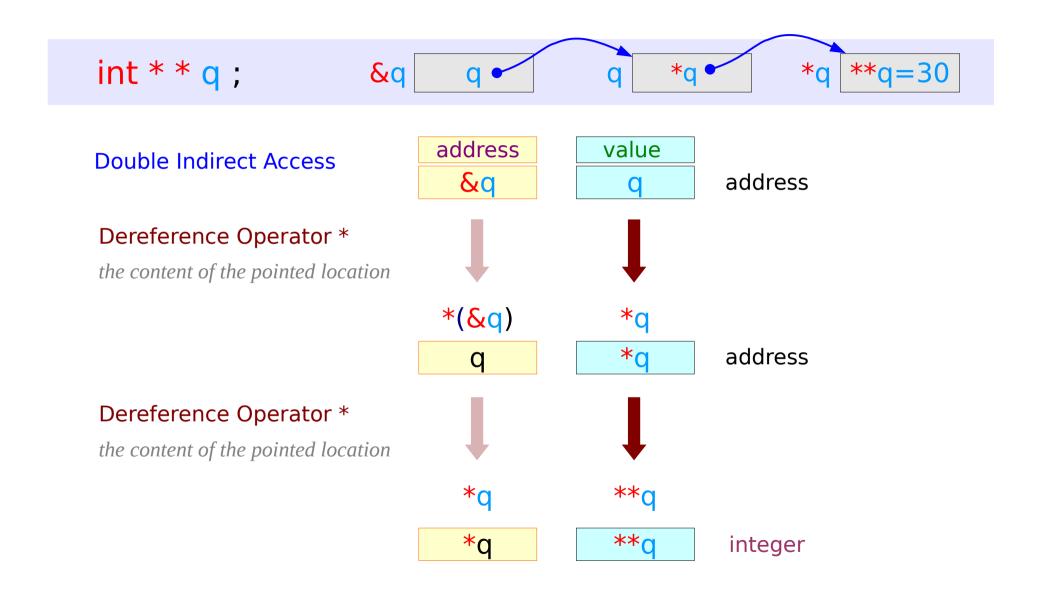


The **pointer** variable q holds an address, where another address is stored, where an integer data is stored

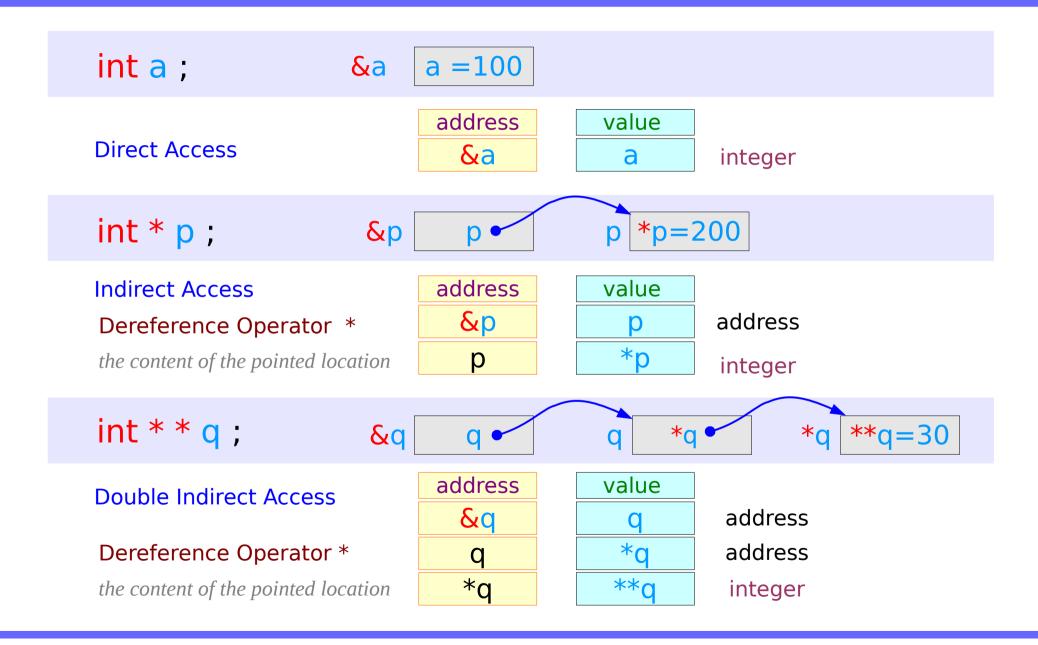
#### Access Data Via Pointer Variables (1)



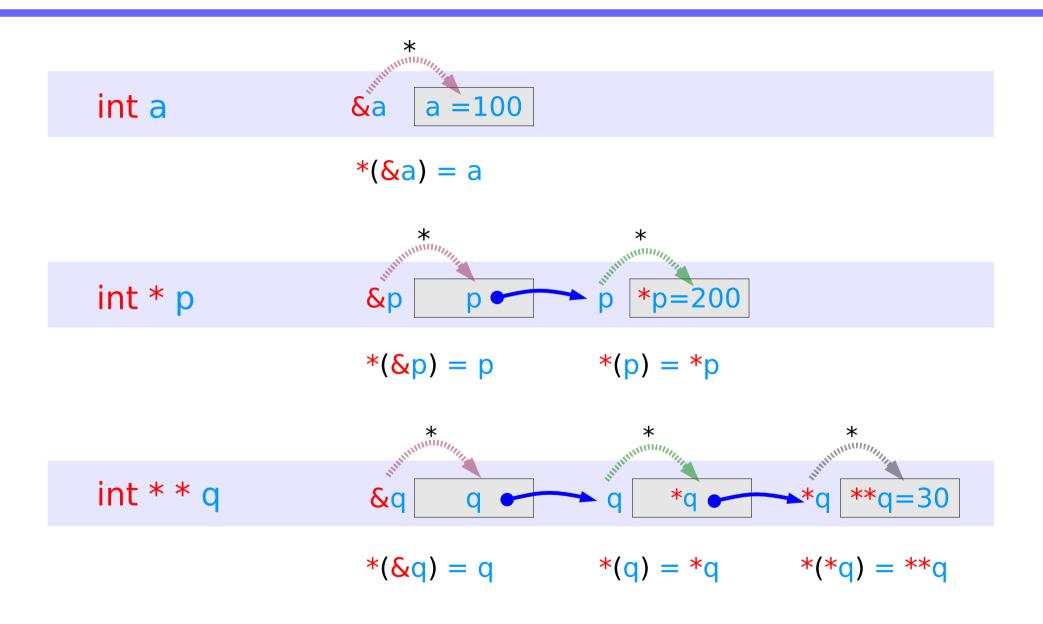
#### Access Data Via Pointer Variables (2)



#### Access Data Via Pointer Variables (3)



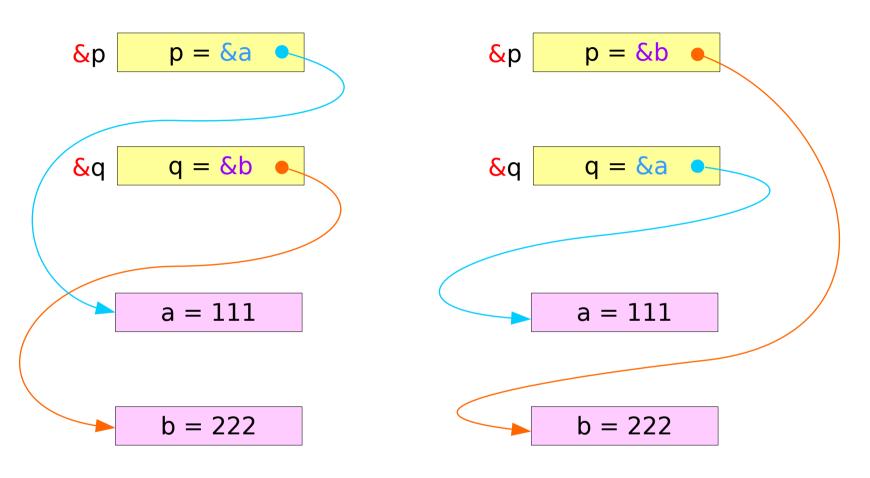
#### Access Data Via Pointer Variables (4)



# Swapping pointers

- pass by reference
- double pointers

# Swapping integer pointers



# Swapping integer pointers

$$p = &a$$

$$q = &b$$

$$b = q$$

&q 
$$q = &a$$

```
int *p, *q;
swap_pointers( &p, &q );
swap pointers( int **, int ** );
function prototype
```

#### Pass by integer pointer reference

```
void swap_pointers (int **m, int **n)
{
    int* tmp;

    tmp = *m;
    *m = *n;
    *n = tmp;
}
```

```
int ** m
int * *m
int ** n
int * *n
int *
```

# Array of Pointers

# Array of Pointers (1)

```
int a [4];
int * b [4];
```

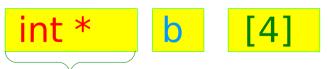
Array name a holds the starting <u>address</u>



No. of elements = 4

Type of each element

Array name b holds the starting <u>address</u>



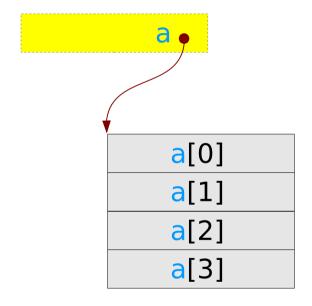
No. of elements = 4

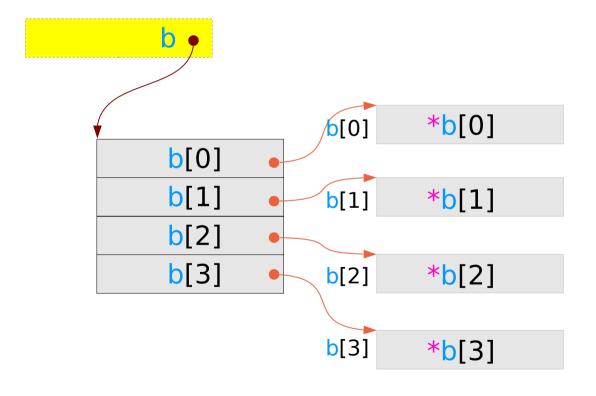
Type of each element

# Array of Pointers (2)

int a [4];

int \* b [4];

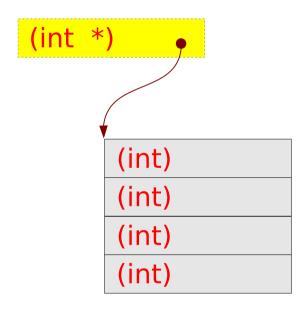


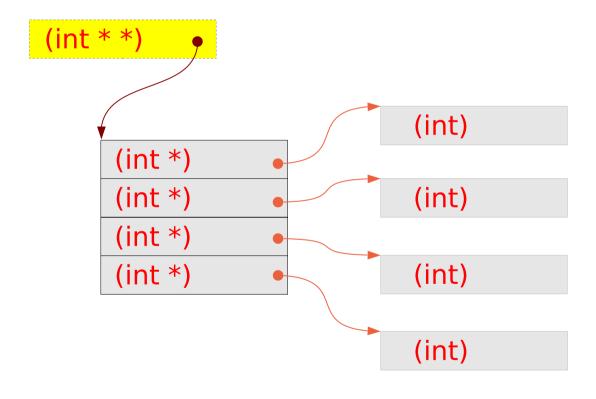


# Array of Pointers (3)

int a [4];

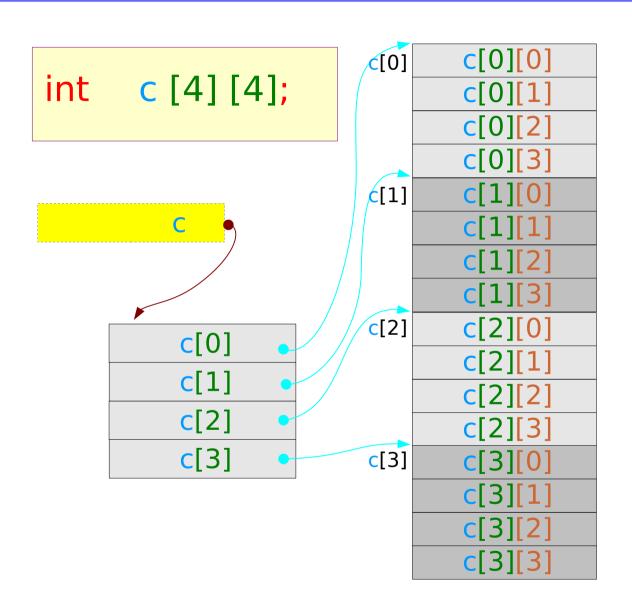
int \* b [4];

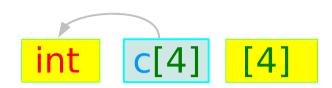




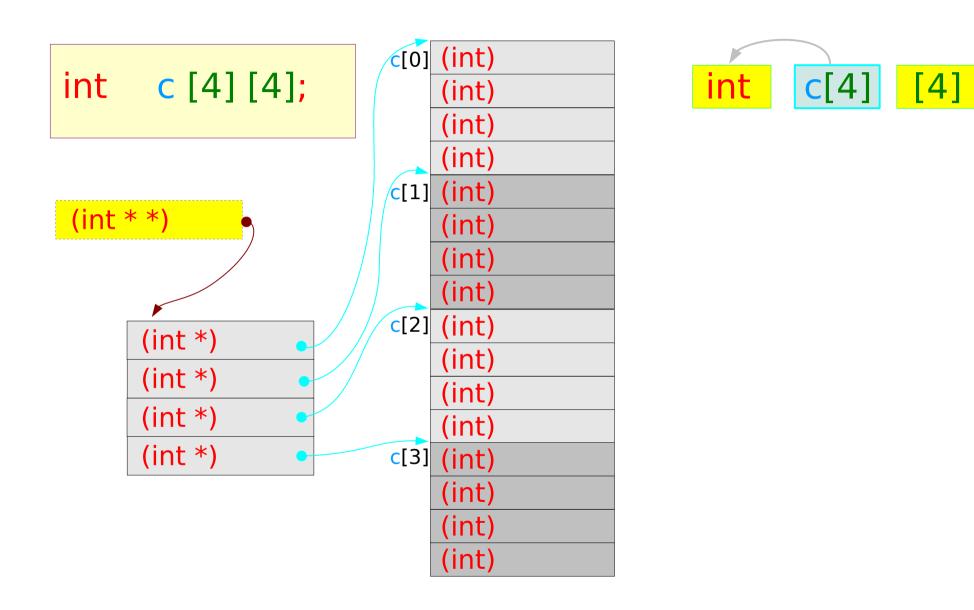
2-d Arrays

## A 2-D Array

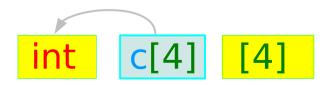




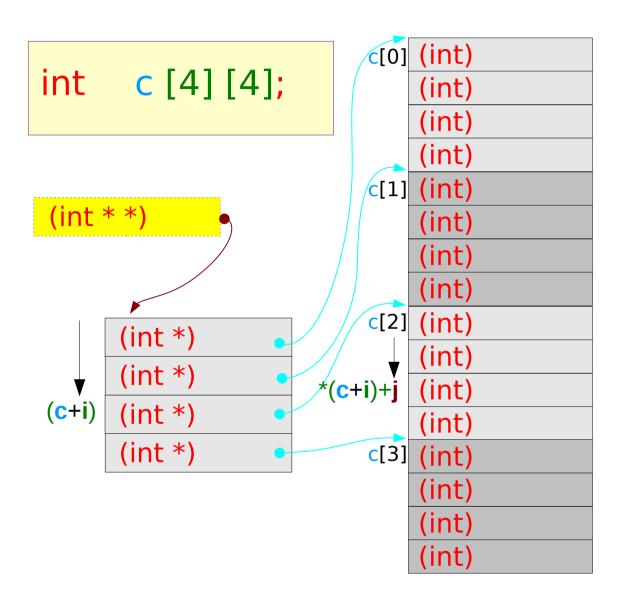
## A 2-D Array



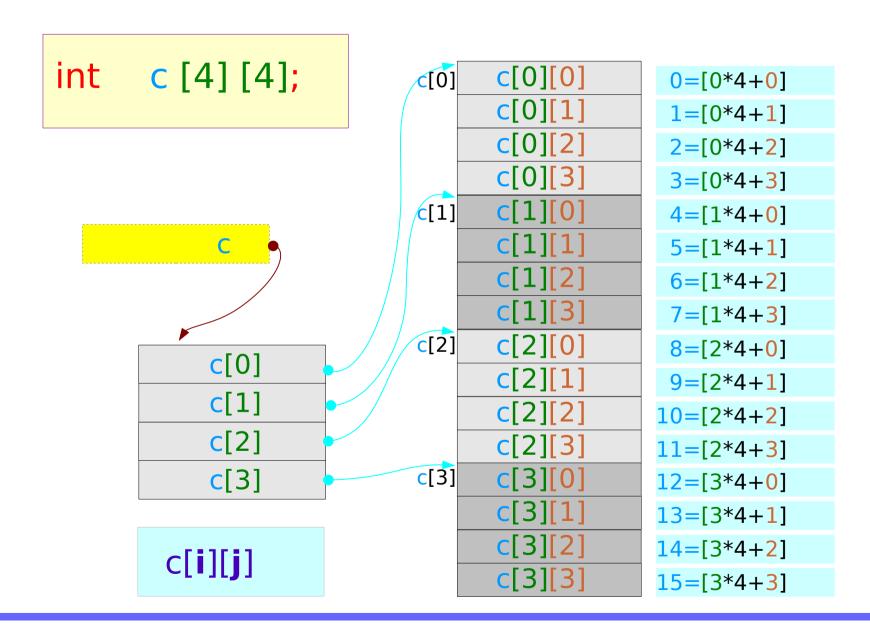
## A 2-D Array via a double pointer



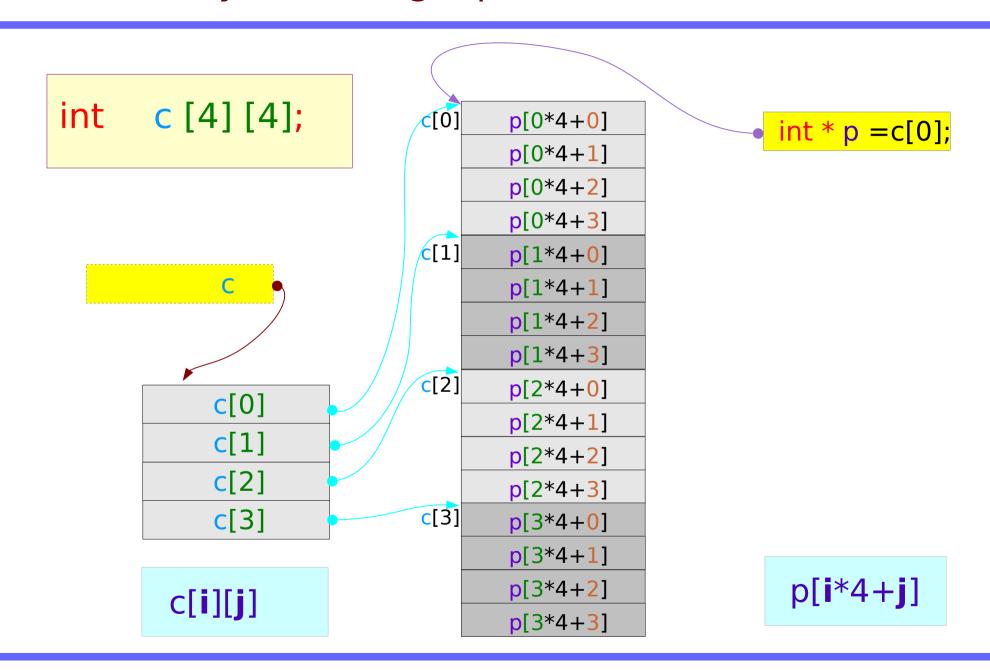
# A 2-D Array



## A 2-D array via a single pointer



### A 2-D array via a single pointer



## 2-D Array Dynamic Memory Allocation (1)

```
int ** d;

d = (int **) malloc (4 * size of (int *));

for (i=0; i<4; ++i)
   d[i] = (int *) malloc(4 * sizeof(int));</pre>
```

```
(int **) d

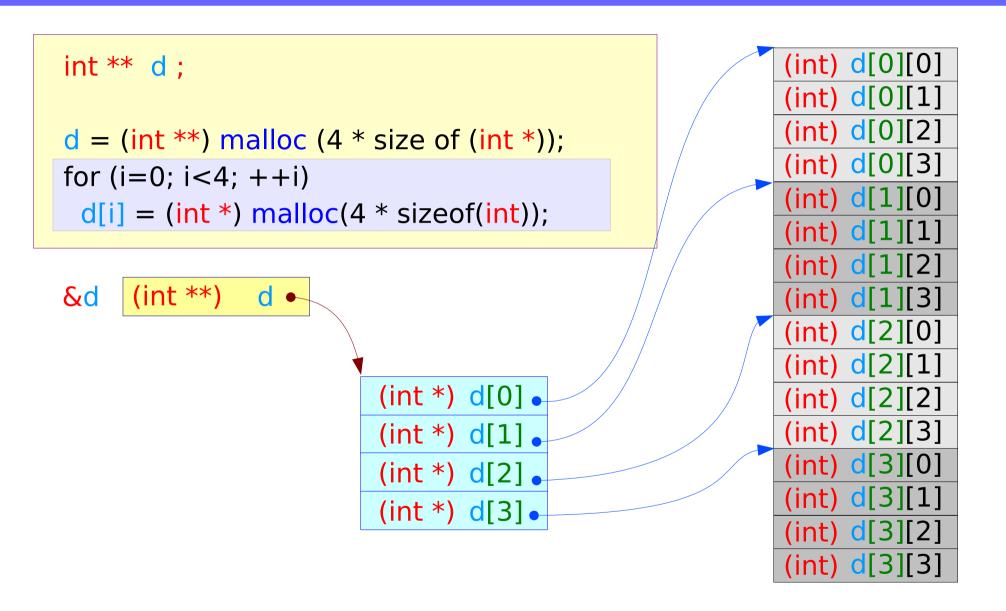
(int *) d[0]

(int *) d[1]

(int *) d[2]

(int *) d[3]
```

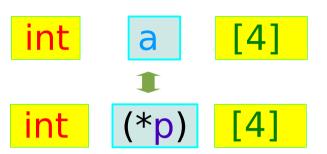
# 2-D Array Dynamic Memory Allocation (2)



# Pointer to Arrays

## Pointer to array (1)

```
int a [4];
(int [])
      (int) a[0]
      (int) a[1]
      (int) a[2]
      (int) a[3]
```



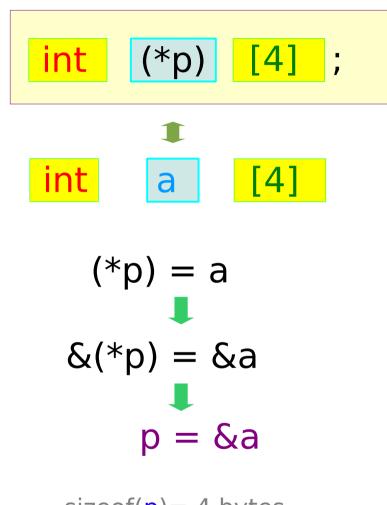
#### pointer to the array of 4 elements

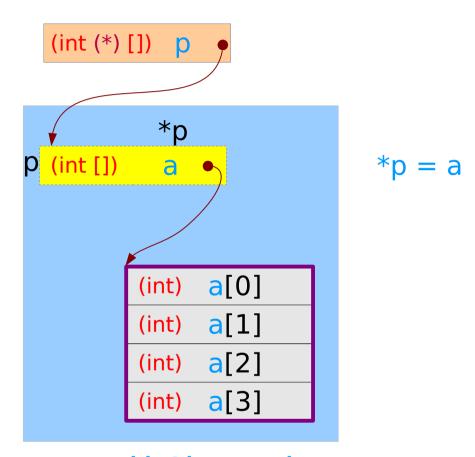
```
int m; an integer variable
int *n; a pointer variable

int func (int a, int b); a prototype
int (* fp) (int a, int b); a function's type

int *fp (int a, int b); function pointer
```

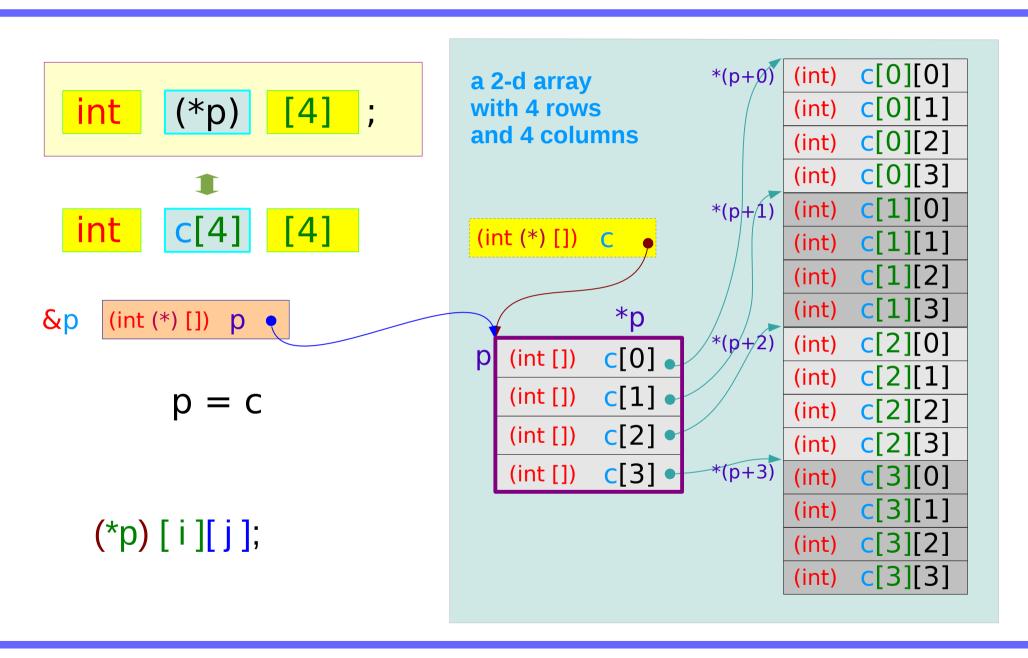
# Pointer to array (2)





an array with 4 integer elements

# Pointer to array (3)



### Pointer to array (4)

```
int c [4][4];
int (*p) [4];
p = c;
func(p, ...);
void func(int (*x)[4], ... )
                                    void func(int x[][4], ...)
   x[r][c] =
                                       x[r][c] =
```

#### **References**

- [1] Essential C, Nick Parlante
- [2] Efficient C Programming, Mark A. Weiss
- [3] C A Reference Manual, Samuel P. Harbison & Guy L. Steele Jr.
- [4] C Language Express, I. K. Chun