AstroVenus

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Saturday 3rd November, 2018



Latex markup at

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1 Quiz

1.	When imaged in visible light Venus appears like rather than1
	A. an asteroid a terrestrial planet
	B. a gas dwarf a rocky planet
	C. Mars Venus
	D. Venus Mars
2.	The clouds on Venus are made of 2
	A. water
	B. steam
	C. carbon dioxide
	D. nitrogen
	E. sulfuric acid
3.	The geology of Venus is predominantly ³
	A. Basalt
	B. Andesite
	C. Picrite
4.	Basalt is what type of rock? ⁴
	A. Igneous
	B. Sedimentary
	C. Metamorphic
5.	The rocks on Venus are mostly 5
	A. from volcanoes
	B. from the seabed of a now non-existent ocean
	C. associated with plate tectonics
6.	The rocky surface of the planet Venus can be detected when Venus is observed using infrared astronomy. 6
	A. TRUE
	B. FALSE
7.	When Venus is viewed in the ultraviolet, its color appears brownish. ⁷
	A. TRUE
	B. FALSE
8.	Moldavite is a mineral that may be associated with what radiation astronomy phenomenon? ⁸
	A. lightening strikes
	B. meteorite impacts and fireballs
	C. evidence that Venus was once a comet
	D. predicting when currently dormant volcanoes will erupt
9.	According to Wikipedia, a "mineral" is a naturally occurring solid that 9
	A. is heterogeneous
	B. has useful value

- C. is by a chemical formula
- D. contains carbon
- E. does not contain carbon
- 10. Which types of radiation astronomy directly observe the rocky-object surface of Venus?¹⁰
 - A. X-ray astronomy
 - B. ultraviolet astronomy
 - C. visual astronomy
 - D. infrared astronomy
 - E. radio astronomy
- 11. One reason that Venus's atmosphere has more carbon dioxide than Earth's is that 11
 - A. the mass of Venus is slightly higher
 - B. Venus was too hot for oceans that could absorb the carbon dioxide
 - C. Venus is exposed to a stronger solar wind strips away the other gasses
 - D. Venus has a lower magnetic field that disassociates carbon dioxide
- 12. The surface temperature of Venus is about 12
 - A. 850 Fahrenheit (730 Kelvin or 230 Celsius)
 - B. 450 Fahrenheit (500 Kelvin or 66 Celsius)
 - C. 150 Fahrenheit (340 Kelvin or 66 Celsius)
- 13. The Venetian atmosphere consists of mostly carbon dioxide and 13
 - A. oxygen
 - B. helium
 - C. hydrogen
 - D. nitrogen
 - E. sulfuric acid

2 Attribution

Notes

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