

1 Quiz

1. A car traveling at 35.3 miles/hour stops in 4.3 seconds. What is the average acceleration?¹
 - A. a) $2.06 \times 10^0 \text{ m/s}^2$
 - B. b) $3.67 \times 10^0 \text{ m/s}^2$**
 - C. c) $6.53 \times 10^0 \text{ m/s}^2$
 - D. d) $1.16 \times 10^1 \text{ m/s}^2$
 - E. e) $2.06 \times 10^1 \text{ m/s}^2$
2. A car completes a complete circle of radius 3.1 miles at a speed of 51 miles per hour. How many minutes does it take?²
 - A. a) 7.25×10^0 minutes
 - B. b) 9.66×10^0 minutes
 - C. c) 1.29×10^1 minutes
 - D. d) 1.72×10^1 minutes
 - E. e) 2.29×10^1 minutes**
3. A car traveling at 21.3 mph increases its speed to 24.2 mph in 1.4seconds. What is the average acceleration?³
 - A. a) $9.26 \times 10^{-1} \text{ m/s}^2$**
 - B. b) $1.65 \times 10^0 \text{ m/s}^2$
 - C. c) $2.93 \times 10^0 \text{ m/s}^2$
 - D. d) $5.21 \times 10^0 \text{ m/s}^2$
 - E. e) $9.26 \times 10^0 \text{ m/s}^2$
4. Mr. Smith is backing his car at a speed of 3.28 mph when he hits a cornfield (seed corn). In the course of 1.92 seconds he stops, puts his car in forward drive, and exits the field at a speed of 5.66 mph. What was the "magnitude" (absolute value) of his acceleration?⁴
 - A. a) 2.94×10^0 miles per hour per second
 - B. b) 3.7×10^0 miles per hour per second
 - C. c) 4.66×10^0 miles per hour per second**
 - D. d) 5.86×10^0 miles per hour per second
 - E. e) 7.38×10^0 miles per hour per second

Notes

¹a02_1Dkinem_definition placed in Public Domain by Guy Vandegrift: <https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/special:permalink/1828918>

²a02_1Dkinem_definition placed in Public Domain by Guy Vandegrift: <https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/special:permalink/1828918>

³a02_1Dkinem_definition placed in Public Domain by Guy Vandegrift: <https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/special:permalink/1828918>

⁴a02_1Dkinem_definition placed in Public Domain by Guy Vandegrift: <https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/special:permalink/1828918>