## Difference Equation First Order (H.1)

## 20161117

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Based on
 Complex Analysis for Mathematics and Engineering
J. Mathews

First Order Difference Equation  

$$y_{[n+1]} - a y_{[n]} = 0$$
  
trial solution  
 $y_{(n)} = c_1 r^n$   
 $c_1 r^{n+1} - a c_1 r^n = 0$   $(r-a) = 0$   
 $y_{(n)} = c_1 a^n$ 

L	inean	Constant	Coefficient	Differer	ne E	quation
	4[n+1] -	∧ y[n] = x[n]	]	8 [0] = A <sup>9</sup>	instiae	Condi tion
		growth or 0 (1+r) z[[m]	lecay	y[n] = Yo (	+r) <sup>¶</sup>	
New New		w of cooling a⊥ + (I-a) L		y[n] = y,(	-a)" + L	-(I-(Ha)))
Re	•	sage drug level iy[n] + b	l	$\mathcal{V}(\mathbf{n}) = \mathcal{V}^{\mathbf{n}}$	+ <mark>&amp;^- </mark> 0-1	Ь
		n annuity due +r) (b[m] + P)		یل اور	" <u></u> P	· P
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L'inean	Constant	Coefficient	Differenæ	Equation
4[n+ ]	- <u>0</u> g[n] = X[n]	y [	o] = yo instia	L Condition
Trial Solu	tion			
Yh[n+1]	- 0 86 [m] = 0	() h [*] =	·Ga" hor	<sup>n</sup> ogeneous Solution
Y <sub>r</sub> [n+1]	$- \alpha \{ \beta_p [n] = x[n] \}$	( m ) م لا	pon	ticular solution
Ŋ[ <u></u> ~]	= y <sub>h</sub> ( <sup>n</sup> ) + y <sub>r</sub> [	<b>a</b> ]		
<mark>7 - ta</mark> nsf	mm method			
Z[y	[mfi]] = ह(Y(z)	- 70)		
<mark>₽</mark> (Y(	9)-90) -0 Y(5)	= X( <del>7</del> )		
90	n] = Z¹[Y(z)]			
Residue H	le thod			
90	n] = Z¹[Y(z)]	$= \sum_{i=1}^{k} \operatorname{Res}[Y($	٤) ٤ <sup>٣٩</sup> , ٦ <sub>٤</sub> ]	
		ί=1		

Convolution Method  
( homogeneous solution  

$$y_h[n+1] - a y_h[n] = 0$$
  $y_h[n] = C_1 a^n$   
transfer function  
 $H(z) = \frac{1}{|-az^n|}$   
Unit sample response  
 $R[m] = Z^n[1 + H(z)] = a^n$   
() particular solution  
 $y_f[m] = Z^n[X(z) + H(z)]$   
 $y_f[m] = Z^n[X(z) + H(z)]$   
() general solution  
 $y[m] = y_h[m] + y_f[m] = C_1 a^n + \sum_{i=n}^{n} x[n-i]a^i$   
(onstant  $C_i = y_n - x[a]$   
 $y(m] = (y_n - x[a])a^n + \sum_{i=n}^{n} x[n-i]a^i$ 

Solving First Order Difference Equations  
(1) Trial solution Method  

$$b_{h}(n_{3}) = C_{h}a^{n}$$
  
 $y[n_{3}] = y_{h}[n_{3} + y_{p}[n_{3}]$   
(2) 2-Transform Method  
 $b[n_{3}] = Z^{n}[Y(e_{2})]$   
(3) Residue Method  
 $b[n_{3}] = Z^{n}[Y(e_{2})] = \sum_{k=1}^{n} ke_{k}(Y(e_{2} \cdot e^{n_{k}}, e_{k}))$   
(4) Convolution Method  
 $h(n_{3}) = Z^{n}[H(e_{2})X(e_{3})]$   
 $y_{p}(n_{3}) = \sum_{k=1}^{n} x(n-1)h(e_{1})$   
 $y_{p}(e_{3}) = \sum_{k=1}^{n} x(n-1)h(e_{1}) = x(e_{3})h(e_{3}) = x(e_{3})$ 

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Discrete - time Exponential  

$$e^{\lambda t} = \gamma t$$
  $e^{\lambda} = \gamma$   $\lambda = b_{n} r$   
 $e^{-0.3t} \ge (0.0408)^{t}$   
 $e^{1.8tt} = 4^{t}$   
 $e^{\lambda n} = \gamma^{n}$   $e^{\lambda} = r$   $\lambda = b_{n} r$   
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First Orden Difference Equations  

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$$\begin{cases} y(x_1) + 2y(x_1 - 1) = 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 4(x_1) \\ y(x_2) + 2(x_1^{-1} + y(x_2)) = 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 4(x_2) \\ x_{1+1} & y(x_2) - x_2 \\ x_{1-1} & y'(x_2) + x_1 \\ y'(x_2) + x_1 \\ y'(x_2) + 2y(x_1) = 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 4(x_2) \\ y'(x_2) = \frac{1}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \left( 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 4(x_2) - 2y(x_1) \right) \\ = \frac{3 \cdot 5}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \left( 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 4(x_2) - 2y(x_1) \right) \\ = \frac{3 \cdot 5}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \left( 2x_1 \cdot 4(x_2) - \frac{2y(x_1)}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \right) \\ = \frac{3 \cdot 5}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \left( 2x_1 \cdot 4(x_2) - \frac{2y(x_1)}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \right) \\ = \frac{3 \cdot 5}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \left( 2x_1 \cdot 4(x_2) - \frac{2y(x_1)}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \right) \\ = \frac{3 \cdot 5}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \left( 2x_1 \cdot 4(x_2) - \frac{2y(x_1)}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \right) \\ = \frac{3 \cdot 5}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \left( 2x_1 \cdot 4(x_2) - \frac{2y(x_1)}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \right) \\ = \frac{3 \cdot 5}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \left( 2x_1 \cdot 4(x_2) - \frac{2y(x_1)}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \right) \\ = \frac{3 \cdot 5}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \left( 2x_1 \cdot 4(x_1) - \frac{2y(x_1)}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \right) \\ = \frac{3 \cdot 5}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \left( 2x_1 \cdot 4(x_1) - \frac{2y(x_1)}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \right) \\ = \frac{3 \cdot 5}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \left( 2x_1 \cdot 4(x_1) - \frac{2y(x_1)}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \right) \\ = \frac{3 \cdot 5}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \left( 2x_1 \cdot 4(x_1) - \frac{2y(x_1)}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \right) \\ = \frac{3 \cdot 5}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \left( 2x_1 \cdot 4(x_1) - \frac{2y(x_1)}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \right) \\ = \frac{3 \cdot 5}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \left( 2x_1 \cdot 4(x_1) - \frac{2y(x_1)}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \right) \\ = \frac{3 \cdot 5}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \left( 2x_1 \cdot 4(x_1) - \frac{2y(x_1)}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \right) \\ = \frac{3 \cdot 5}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \left( 2x_1 \cdot 4(x_1) - \frac{2x_1^{-1}}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \right) \\ = \frac{3 \cdot 5}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \left( 2x_1 \cdot 4(x_1) - \frac{2x_1^{-1}}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \right) \\ = \frac{3 \cdot 5}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \left( 2x_1 \cdot 4(x_1) - \frac{2x_1^{-1}}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \right) \\ = \frac{3 \cdot 5}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \left( 2x_1 \cdot 4(x_1) - \frac{2x_1^{-1}}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \right) \\ = \frac{3 \cdot 5}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \left( 2x_1 \cdot 4(x_1) - \frac{2x_1^{-1}}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \right) \\ = \frac{3 \cdot 5}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \left( 2x_1 \cdot 4(x_1) - \frac{2x_1^{-1}}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \right) \\ = \frac{3 \cdot 5}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \left( 2x_1 \cdot 4(x_1) - \frac{2x_1^{-1}}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \right) \\ = \frac{3 \cdot 5}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \left( 2x_1 \cdot 4(x_1) - \frac{2x_1^{-1}}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \right) \\ = \frac{3 \cdot 5}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \left( 2x_1 \cdot 4(x_1) - \frac{2x_1^{-1}}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \right) \\ = \frac{3 \cdot 5}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \left( 2x_1 \cdot 4(x_1) - \frac{2x_1^{-1}}{1 + x_1^{-1}} \right) \\ = \frac{3 \cdot$$

$$\begin{cases} y(-1) + 2y(-1) = 3.5 \text{ MC}^{*} \\ y(-1) + 2y(-1) = 3.5 \text{ MC}^{**} \\ (2+2)Y(-1) = -4.5 + 2-55 + 3.5 + 3.5 + 2.5$$

$$\begin{aligned}
y[n+1] - 2y[n] &= 3^{n} \qquad y[n] = 2 \\
(i) 2 - transform method
\\
z (Y(z) - 2) - 2Y(z) &= \frac{z}{z-3} \\
(z - 2) Y(z) &= 2z + \frac{z}{z-3} = \frac{7z}{(z-2)} + \frac{z}{(z-2)(z-3)} \\
Y(z) &= \frac{2z(z-3) + z}{(z-2)(z-3)} = \frac{2z^{2} - zz}{(z-2)(z-3)} \\
&= 2 + \frac{3z}{(z-2)} + \frac{3}{(z-3)} \\
&= 2 + \frac{3z}{(z-3)} + \frac{3}{(z-3)} \\
&= 2 + \frac{2}{(z-3)} + \frac{3}{(z-3)} \\
&= 2 + (z - 1) + z^{n} (z - 1) + 3^{n} (z - 1) \\
&= 2 (z - 1) + z^{n} (z - 1) + 3^{n} (z - 1) \\
&= 2 (z - 1) + z^{n} (z - 1) + z^{n} (z - 1) \\
&= 2 (z - 1) + z^{n} (z - 1) + z^{n} (z - 1) \\
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&= z + (z - 1) + z^{n} (z - 1) + z^{n} (z - 1) + z^{n} (z - 1) \\
&= z + (z - 1) + z^{n} (z -$$

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(b) 
$$\gamma e \zeta_{1} due$$
  
 $Z (Y(z) - 2) -2Y(z) = \frac{Z}{Z-3}$   
 $(2-z) Y(z) = 22 + \frac{2}{Z-3} = \frac{7Z}{(2-2)} + \frac{Z}{(2-2)(2-3)}$   
 $Y(z) = \frac{2z(z-3)+Z}{(2-3)(z-3)} = \frac{ZZ^{2}-5Z}{(2-3)(z-3)}$   
 $Res [Y(z) Z^{m}, 2] = \frac{2z^{n}-5Z}{(2-2)} Z^{m} = -\frac{2}{-1} 2^{m}$   
 $Res [Y(z) Z^{m}, 3] = \frac{2z^{n}}{z+3} - \frac{2z^{n}-5Z}{(2-2)} Z^{m} = \frac{42}{+1} 3^{m}$   
 $y(z) = Res [Y(z) Z^{m}, 2] + Res [Y(z) Z^{m}, 3]$   
 $= 2^{n} + 3^{n}$ 

Repeated Dosage Drug Level  
Trial and Error Method  

$$g(n+1] = 6 g(n+1) = 0 \quad 0(n) = y_0 a^n + \frac{a^{n-1}}{a^{n-1}} b$$
  
The homogeneous equation - homogeneous solution  
 $g(n+1] - 6 g(n) = 0 \quad assume \quad y_h(m) = f^n$   
 $y_{n+1} - a_{n}y^n = 0$   
 $Y - a = 0 \quad characteristic equation$   
 $g(n+1) - 6 g(n) = b$   
 $g(n) = c \quad constant$   
 $c - ac = b$   
 $c - \frac{1}{1-a}$   
 $general solution$   $g(n) = y_h(n) + y_h(n)$   
 $g(n) = ca^n + \frac{b}{1-a}$   
 $g(n) = ca^n + \frac{b}{1-a}$   
 $g(n) = (a + \frac{b}{a-1})a^n + \frac{b}{a-1}$   
 $g(n) = g(a + \frac{b}{a-1})a^n + \frac{b}{a-1}$   
 $g(n) = g(a + \frac{b}{a-1})a^n + \frac{b}{a-1}$ 

Repeated Dosage Drug Level  
(1) Z-Transform Method - Pontial Fraction  

$$g(m+1) = 6 g(m) + b$$
  
 $g(m+1) = 6 g(m) + b$   
 $g(m+1) = 6 g(m) + b$   
 $g(m) = g_0 a^m + \frac{6^{-1}}{2^{-1}} b$   
 $f(2 - \sigma) Y(2) = g_0 g + b \frac{g}{2^{-1}}$   
 $(2 - \sigma) Y(2) = g_0 g + b \frac{g}{2^{-1}}$   
 $Y(2) = g_0 \frac{g}{(2 - \sigma)} + b \frac{g}{(2 - \sigma)(2 + 1)}$   
 $g(2 - \sigma) Y(2) = g_0 g + b \frac{g}{2^{-1}}$   
 $f(2 - \sigma) Y(2) = g_0 g + b \frac{g}{2^{-1}}$   
 $f(2 - \sigma) Y(2) = g_0 \frac{g}{(2 - \sigma)} + b \frac{g}{(2 - \sigma)(2 + 1)}$   
 $g(2 - \sigma) Y(2) = g_0 \frac{g}{(2 - \sigma)} + b \frac{g}{(2 - \sigma)(2 + 1)}$   
 $f(2 - \sigma) (2 - 1) \frac{g}{(2 - \sigma)} + b \frac{g}{(2 - \sigma)(2 - 1)} \frac{g}{(2 - 1)}$   
 $f(2 - \sigma) (2 - \sigma) + b \frac{g}{(2 - \sigma)} - b \frac{g}{(2 - \sigma)} \frac{g}{(2 - \sigma)} \frac{g}{(2 - \sigma)}$   
 $f(2 - \sigma) (2 - \sigma) - g_0 \frac{g}{(2 - \sigma)} - b \frac{g}{(2 - \sigma)} \frac{g}{($ 

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Repeated Dosage Drug Level  
(1) Z-Transform Method - Residue Method  

$$y[n+1] = G y(n) + b$$
  
 $z[Y(n) - y_0] = a Y(n) + b \frac{2}{2n}$   
 $(2 - a) Y(n) = y_0 2 + b \frac{2}{2n}$   
 $(2 - a) Y(n) = y_0 2 + b \frac{2}{2n}$   
 $Y(n) = y_0 2 + b \frac{2}{2n}$   
 $Y(n) = y_0 2 + b \frac{2}{2n}$   
 $y(n) = z^{-1}[Y(n)] = Ker(Y(n)2^{n}, 1) + Res(Y(n)2^{n}, a)$   
Rer(Y(n)2^{n}, 1) = kinn (2-n) Y(n) 2^{n}  
 $Rer(Y(n)2^{n}, a) = kinn (2-n) Y(n) 2^{n}$   
 $y[n] = \frac{b}{1-a} + y_n a^n + \frac{ba^n}{a-1} = y_n a^n + b \frac{a^{n-1}}{a-1}$ 

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Repeated Dosage Drug Level  
(1) E-Transform Method - Convolution Method  

$$g(n+1]=6 g(x)+b$$
  
 $f(n+1]=6 g(x)+b$   
 $f(n+1]=6 g(x)+b$   
 $g(n+1]=6 g(x)+b$   
 $f(x)=\frac{x}{2}(n+1)$   
 $g(n+1]=6 g(x)+b$   
 $f(x)=\frac{x}{2}(n+1)$   
 $g(x)=\frac{x}{2}(n+1)$   
 $f(x)=\frac{x}{2}(n+1)$   
 $f(x)=\frac{$ 

$$Z_{SR} \qquad \mathcal{Y}_{ZS} [m] = \mathbb{Z}^{-1} \left[ b + \left( \frac{a^{2}b}{a^{-1}} \right) \frac{1}{2-a} - \left( \frac{b}{a^{-1}} \right) \frac{1}{2-1} \right] \\ = b S[m] + \left( \frac{a^{2}b}{a^{-1}} \right) a^{n-1} u[n-1] - \left( \frac{b}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] \\ = b S[m] + \left( \frac{ba^{n+1}}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] - \left( \frac{b}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] \\ = b S[m] + \left( \frac{ba^{n+1}}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] - \left( \frac{b}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] \\ = b S[m] + \left( \frac{ba^{n+1}}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] - \left( \frac{b}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] \\ = b S[m] + \left( \frac{ba^{n}}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] - \left( \frac{b}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] \\ = b S[m] + \left( \frac{ba^{n}}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] - \left( \frac{b}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] \\ = b S[m] + \left( \frac{ba^{n}}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] - \left( \frac{b}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] \\ = b S[m] + \left( \frac{ba^{n}}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] - \left( \frac{b}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] \\ = b S[m] + \left( \frac{ba^{n}}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] - \left( \frac{b}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] \\ = b S[m] + \left( \frac{ba^{n}}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] - \left( \frac{b}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] \\ = b S[m] + \left( \frac{ba^{n}}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] - \left( \frac{b}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] \\ = b S[m] + \left( \frac{ba^{n}}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] - \left( \frac{b}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] \\ = b S[m] + \left( \frac{ba^{n}}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] - \left( \frac{b}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] \\ = b S[m] + \left( \frac{ba^{n}}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] - \left( \frac{b}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] \\ = b S[m] + \left( \frac{ba^{n}}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] - \left( \frac{b}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] \\ = b S[m] + \left( \frac{ba^{n}}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] - \left( \frac{b}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] \\ = b S[m] + \left( \frac{ba^{n}}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] - \left( \frac{b}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] \\ = b S[m] + \left( \frac{ba^{n}}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] - \left( \frac{ba^{n}}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] \\ = b S[m] + \left( \frac{ba^{n}}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] - \left( \frac{ba^{n}}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] \\ = b S[m] + \left( \frac{ba^{n}}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] \\ = b S[m] + \left( \frac{ba^{n}}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] + \left( \frac{ba^{n}}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] \\ = b S[m] + \left( \frac{ba^{n}}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] \\ = b S[m] + \left( \frac{ba^{n}}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] \\ = b S[m] + \left( \frac{ba^{n}}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] \\ = b S[m] + \left( \frac{ba^{n}}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] \\ = b S[m] + \left( \frac{ba^{n}}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] \\ = b S[m] + \left( \frac{ba^{n}}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] \\ = b S[m] + \left( \frac{ba^{n}}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] \\ = b S[m] + \left( \frac{ba^{n}}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] \\ = b S[m] + \left( \frac{ba^{n}}{a^{-1}} \right) u[n-1] \\ = b S[m] + \left( \frac{ba^{n}}$$

$$z_{SR} \quad y_{z_{S}} [n] = \left(\frac{\alpha^{n+1}-1}{\alpha-\tau}\right) b = \left(\frac{\alpha^{n+1}-1}{\alpha-\tau}\right) b \left(\alpha[n]\right)$$

$$ZSR \quad Y_{zs}[n] = \chi[n] + h[n] = \sum_{i=0}^{n} \chi[n-i]h[i]$$
$$= h + \alpha^{n}$$

$$z_{SR} = \sum_{i=0}^{n} b a^{i} = \left( \frac{a^{n+1}-1}{a-i} \right) b$$

$$z_{SR} = \sum_{i=0}^{O} ba^{i} = b$$

$$\beta_{ii}(n) = C_i \alpha_i$$

$$b[n] = \Im_{r1}[n] + \Im_{r2}[n] = c_{1}\alpha^{n} + \sum_{l=0}^{n} b\alpha^{l}$$

$$b[n] = c_{1}\alpha^{n} + \left(\frac{\alpha^{n}-1}{\alpha-1}\right)b \qquad T.c.$$

$$b[c_{1}] = c_{1}\alpha^{n} + \left(\frac{\alpha^{n}-1}{\alpha-1}\right)b = c_{1} + b = \Im_{n} \implies c_{1} = \Im_{n} - b$$

$$\sum IR \qquad ZSR$$

$$b[n] = \left(\Im_{0} - b\right)\alpha^{n} + \left(\frac{\alpha^{n}-1}{\alpha-1}\right)b$$

$$b[n] = \left(\Im_{0} - b\right)\alpha^{n} + \left(\frac{\alpha^{n}-1}{\alpha-1}\right)b$$

$$= \Im_{0}\alpha^{n} + \left(\frac{\alpha^{n}-1}{\alpha-1}-\alpha^{n}\right)b$$

$$\frac{\alpha^{n+1}-\alpha^{n+1}+\alpha^{n}}{\alpha-1}$$

$$b[n] = \Im_{0}\alpha^{n} + \left(\frac{\alpha^{n}-1}{\alpha-1}\right)b$$

$$b[n] = \Im_{0}\alpha^{n} + \left(\frac{\alpha^{n}-1}{\alpha-1}\right)b$$

$$\frac{\alpha^{n+1}-\alpha^{n+1}+\alpha^{n}}{\alpha-1}$$

$$b[n] = \sum \Im_{0}\alpha^{n} + \left(\frac{\alpha^{n}-1}{\alpha-1}\right)b$$

$$\frac{\alpha^{n+1}-\alpha^{n}}{\alpha-1}$$

$$\frac{PSP2}{Anbman}$$

$$\frac{9(5n) - \frac{1}{2} g(n-1) = 2(\frac{1}{2})^n x(n) g(-1) = -2}{9(2n(n)) = -2(\frac{1}{2})^n u(n)}$$

$$\frac{9(2n(n)) = -2(\frac{1}{2})^n u(n)}{9(2n(n)) = -2(\frac{1}{2})^n u(n)}$$

$$\frac{9(2n(n)) = -2(\frac{1}{2})^n u(n)}{9(2n(n)) = -2(\frac{1}{2})^n u(n)}$$

$$(n, n-1)$$

$$\underbrace{\Im[n] - \frac{1}{2} \Im[n-1] = 2(\frac{1}{2})^{n} u(n)}_{Y(2) - \frac{1}{2}} \underbrace{\left\{ 2^{-1} Y(2) + 3^{-1} \right\} = 2 \frac{2}{2 - \frac{1}{2}}}_{Z-\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$Y(2) - \frac{1}{2} \underbrace{\left\{ 2^{-1} Y(2) + 3^{-1} \right\} = 2 \frac{2}{2 - \frac{1}{2}} - 1 = \frac{2 + \frac{1}{2}}{2 - \frac{1}{2}}}_{Z-\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$Y(2) - \frac{1}{2} \underbrace{\left\{ 2^{-1} Y(2) + 3^{-1} \right\} = 2 \frac{2}{2 - \frac{1}{2}} - 1 = \frac{2}{2 - \frac{1}{2}}}_{Z-\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$Y(2) = \frac{2 + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}}{(2 - \frac{1}{2})(2 - \frac{1}{2})} = \frac{2}{2 - \frac{1}{2}} + \frac{2}{2 - \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$A = (2 - \frac{1}{2}) \underbrace{\left\{ 2 + \frac{1}{2} \right\}}_{Z-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{2}{2 - \frac{1}{2}} + \frac{2}{2 - \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$B = (2 - \frac{1}{2}) \underbrace{\left\{ 2 + \frac{1}{2} \right\}}_{Z-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{2}{2 - \frac{1}{2}} + \frac{2}{2 - \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$Y(2) = \frac{-2}{2 - \frac{1}{2}} + \frac{3^{2}}{2 - \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$Y(2) = \frac{-2}{2 - \frac{1}{2}} + \frac{3^{2}}{2 - \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$y(2) = \frac{-2}{2 - \frac{1}{2}} + \frac{3^{2}}{2 - \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$y(2) = -2 + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{3^{2}}{2 - \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$y(2) = -2 + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{3^{2}}{2 - \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$y(2) = -2 + \frac{2}{2 - \frac{1}{2}} + \frac{3^{2}}{2 - \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$y(2) = -2 + \frac{2}{2 - \frac{1}{2}} + \frac{3^{2}}{2 - \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\begin{split} \Im [C_{1} - \frac{1}{4} \Im [C_{1} - \frac{1}{4} ] = 2(\frac{1}{4})^{n} U(\frac{1}{4}) & \Im [C_{1} - \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{4} ] = 2(\frac{1}{4})^{n+1} U(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4}) & \Im [C_{1} + \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{4} ] = \frac{1}{4} (\frac{1}{4})^{n+1} U(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4}) & \Im [C_{1} + \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{4} ] = \frac{1}{4} (\frac{1}{4})^{n+1} U(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4}) & \Im [C_{1} + \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{4} ] = \frac{1}{4} (\frac{1}{4})^{n+1} U(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4}) & \Im [C_{1} + \frac{1}{4} ] = \frac{1}{4} (\frac{1}{4})^{n+1} U(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4}) & \Im [C_{1} + \frac{1}{4} ] = \frac{1}{4} (\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4}) & \Im [C_{1} + \frac{1}{4} ] = \frac{1}{4} (\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4}) & \Im [C_{1} + \frac{1}{4} ] = \frac{1}{4} (\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4}) & \Im [C_{1} + \frac{1}{4} ] = \frac{1}{4} (\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4}) & \Im [C_{1} + \frac{1}{4} ] & \Im [C_{1} + \frac{1}{4} ]$$

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$$\frac{ZSR \ g \ ZIR}{g_{1}(x_{1}) - \frac{1}{x} \ g_{1}(x_{1}-1) = 2 \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{n} u(x_{1})} \qquad g_{1}(x_{1}) = -2$$

$$\frac{y_{1}(x_{1}) - \frac{1}{x} \left(\frac{2}{x}\right)^{n} u(x_{1}) + y_{1}(x_{1})\right) = 2 \left(\frac{2}{x-\frac{1}{x}}\right)$$

$$\frac{y_{1}(x_{1}) - \frac{1}{x} \left(\frac{2}{x}\right)^{n} Y(x_{2}) = \frac{2x}{x-\frac{1}{x}} + \frac{1}{x} u(x_{1}) = \frac{2x}{x-\frac{1}{x}} - 1$$

$$\frac{y_{1}(x_{2}) - \frac{1}{x} \left(\frac{2x}{x-\frac{1}{x}}\right)^{n} \left(\frac{2x}{x-\frac{1}{x}}\right) = \frac{2x}{x-\frac{1}{x}} - \frac{2}{x-\frac{1}{x}}$$

$$\frac{y_{1}(x_{1}) = \left(\frac{2x}{x-\frac{1}{x}}\right)^{n} \left(\frac{2x}{x-\frac{1}{x}}\right) = \frac{1}{x-\frac{1}{x}} + \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\frac{y_{1}(x_{2}) = \left(\frac{2x}{x-\frac{1}{x}}\right)^{n} \left(\frac{2x}{x-\frac{1}{x}}\right) = \frac{1}{x-\frac{1}{x}} + \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\frac{y_{1}(x_{2}) = \left(\frac{2x}{x-\frac{1}{x}}\right)^{n} \left(\frac{2x}{x-\frac{1}{x}}\right) = \frac{1}{x-\frac{1}{x}} + \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\frac{y_{1}(x_{2}) = \left(\frac{2}{x-\frac{1}{x}}\right)^{n} \left(\frac{2x}{x-\frac{1}{x}}\right) = \frac{1}{x-\frac{1}{x}} = -2$$

$$\frac{y_{1}(x_{2}) = \left(\frac{2}{x-\frac{1}{x}}\right)^{n} \left(\frac{2x}{x-\frac{1}{x}}\right) = \frac{1}{x-\frac{1}{x}}$$

$$\frac{y_{1}(x_{2}) = \left(\frac{x}{x-\frac{1}{x}}\right)^{n} u(x_{2}) - 2\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{n} u(x_{2})$$

$$\frac{y_{1}(x_{2}) = -\left(\frac{x}{x-\frac{1}{x}}\right)^{n} u(x_{2}) = 2\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{n} u(x_{2}) - 2\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{n} u(x_{2}) - 2\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{n} u(x_{2}) - 2\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{n} u(x_{2})$$

$$\frac{y_{1}(x_{2}) = -\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{n} u(x_{2})}{x(x_{2} - 2\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{n} u(x_{2}) - 2\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{n} u(x_{2}) - 2\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{n} u(x_{2})$$

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Natural and Forced Response  

$$\Im [n] - \pm \Im [n-1] = \pm (\pm)^n u(n)$$
  $\Im [n] = -2$   
 $force$   
 $\Im [n] = \Im_{22} [n] + \Im [n] = 4$   
 $= 3 (\pm)^n u(n) - 2 (\pm)^n u(n)$   
 $\uparrow$  forcet response  
natural response

583p Ambardar

$$\begin{cases} y(z_{1}) - \alpha \ y(z_{1}) = \chi(z) = \chi(z) \\ Y(z_{2}) - \alpha \ z^{-1} \ Y(z_{2}) = \chi(z) \\ H(z_{2}) = \frac{\chi(z_{2})}{\chi(z_{2})} = \frac{1}{1 - \alpha \ z^{-1}} = -\frac{2}{z - \alpha} \\ \chi(z_{1}) = \alpha^{n} u(z_{1}) \\ \chi(z_{2}) = \frac{2}{z - \alpha} \\ Y(z_{1}) = H(z) \chi(z_{1}) = \frac{z^{2}}{(z - \alpha)^{n}} \\ y(z_{1}) = (n+1) \alpha^{n} u(z_{1}) \\ y(z_{1}) = (n+1) \alpha^{n} u(z_{1}) \end{cases}$$

Step	Response		