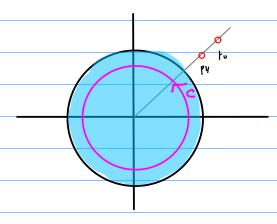
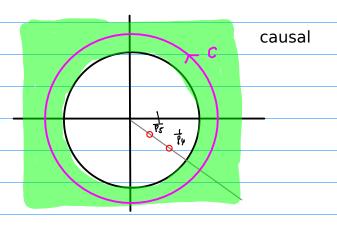
Laurent Series and z-Transform Examples

20170926

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$$f(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n z^n$$

$$\chi(z) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \chi_k z^{-k}$$

$$\alpha_{n} = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_{C} \frac{f(z)}{z^{nH}} dz$$

$$= \sum_{k} Res \left(\frac{f(z)}{z^{nH}}, z_{k} \right)$$

$$X_{n} = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_{C} \chi(\xi) \, \xi^{n-1} \, d\xi$$

$$= \sum_{k} \operatorname{Res}(\chi(\xi) \, \xi^{n-1}, \, \xi_{k})$$

Poles Zx

M ≥ 0 71, 72, 73, 0

 $\gamma < 0$ $\epsilon_1, \epsilon_2, \epsilon_3$

Poles Zx

M > 0 & 71, 72, 73

√ € € 1, ₹2, ₹3, 0

Z-transform

$$\chi[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_{C} f(z) \, z^{n-1} \, dz$$

$$= \sum_{k} \operatorname{Res} \left(f(z) \, z^{n-1}, \, z_{k} \right)$$

$$m > 0$$
 $Z_{\underline{z}}: \{poles of f(\underline{z})\}$
 $m = 0$ $Z_{\underline{z}}: \{poles of f(\underline{z})\} + \{\overline{x} = 0\}$
 $Z_{\underline{m}} = \overline{z} = \overline{z}$

x[n] includes U[n] -> X[z] contains Z on its numerator

Laurent Expunsion

$$\alpha_{n}^{(m)} = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_{C} \frac{f(z)}{(z-z_{m})^{nH}} dz \qquad \alpha_{n}^{(0)} = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_{C} \frac{f(z)}{z^{nH}} dz \\
= \sum_{k} \text{Res}\left(\frac{f(z)}{(z-z_{m})^{nH}}, z_{k}\right) \qquad = \sum_{k} \text{Res}\left(\frac{f(z)}{z^{nH}}, z_{k}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_{C} \frac{f(\overline{z})}{(\overline{z} - \overline{z}_{N})^{NH}} d\overline{z}$$

$$= \sum_{k} \operatorname{Res} \left(\frac{f(\overline{z})}{(\overline{z} - \overline{z}_{N})^{NH}}, \overline{z}_{k} \right)$$

$$= \sum_{k} \operatorname{Res} \left(\frac{f(\overline{z})}{\overline{z}^{NH}}, \overline{z}_{k} \right)$$

$$\alpha_{-n}^{(0)} = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_{C} f(z) z^{n-1} dz$$

$$= \sum_{k} \text{Res} \left(f(z) z^{n-1}, z_{k} \right)$$

$$= \sum_{k} \text{Res} \left(\frac{f(z)}{z^{n-1}}, z_{k} \right)$$

$$= \sum_{k} \text{Res} \left(\frac{f(z)}{z^{n-1}}, z_{k} \right)$$

X(z) = ?

$$f(z) = \frac{(z-1)(z-2)}{-1} = \frac{1}{(z-1)} - \frac{1}{(z-2)}$$

Complex Variables and Ap Brown & Churchill

$$f(z) = \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-1)} = \frac{1}{z-1} - \frac{1}{z-2}$$

 D_i : |z| < 1

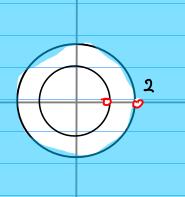
D2: 2< |2|

D3: | < | 2 | < 2

$$f(z) = \frac{(2-1)(2-2)}{-1} = \frac{(2-1)}{1} - \frac{(2-2)}{1}$$

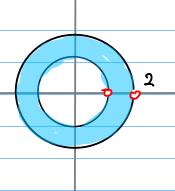
$$f(z) = \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-2)}$$

$$Q_n = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n\eta} - 1 & (n \geq 0) \\ 0 & (n < 0) \end{cases}$$



$$f(z) = \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-2)}$$

$$Q_{n} = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} Q & \left(\frac{n}{2}\right) \\ 1 - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1} & \left(\frac{n}{2}\right) \end{array} \right\}$$



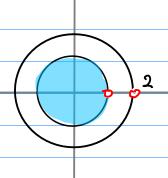
$$f(z) = \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-2)}$$

$$Q_{n} = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1} & (n < 0) \\ 1 & (n < 0) \end{cases}$$

$$f(z) = \frac{-1}{(2-1)(2-2)} = \frac{1}{(2-1)} - \frac{1}{(2-2)}$$

causal $G_{\eta} = 0 \quad (\eta \leq 0)$

$$\left|\frac{\mathcal{E}}{1}\right| < \left|\frac{\mathcal{E}}{2}\right| < 1$$



$$f(\xi) = \frac{-1}{1 - (\frac{2}{1})} + \frac{(\frac{1}{2})}{1 - (\frac{2}{3})}$$

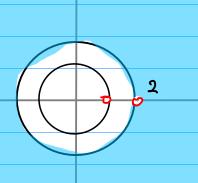
$$= -\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (1)^n z^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (\frac{1}{2})^{n+1} z^n$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} [(\frac{1}{2})^{n+1} - 1] z^n$$

$$\square$$
 \mathbb{D}_3

12172

ant; - cau sal an=0 (n,0)



$$\left|\frac{1}{z}\right| < \left|\frac{2}{z}\right| < \left|$$

$$\frac{f(z) = \frac{\frac{1}{z}}{1 - (\frac{1}{z})} - \frac{\frac{2}{z}}{1 - (\frac{2}{z})}$$

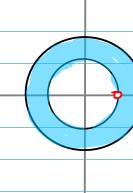
$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} i^n z^{-n-1} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} i^n z^{-n-1}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (1 - (\frac{1}{z})^{n+1}) z^n$$

(II) p₂ |<|2|<2

2

two-sided



$$\left|\frac{1}{\xi}\right| < \left|\frac{\xi}{2}\right| < \left|\frac{\xi}{2}\right|$$

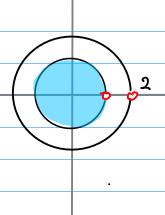
$$f(z) = \frac{\frac{1}{z}}{1 - (\frac{1}{z})} + \frac{(\frac{1}{z})}{1 - (\frac{z}{z})}$$

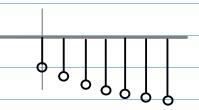
$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 1^n z^{-n-1} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (\frac{1}{z})^{n+1} z^n$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} z^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (\frac{1}{z})^{n+1} z^n$$

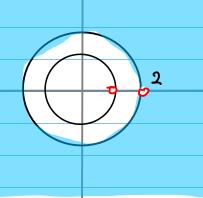
$$f(z) = \frac{(3-1)(3-2)}{-1} = \frac{(3-1)}{1} - \frac{(3-2)}{1}$$

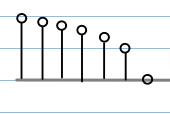
$$f(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left[\left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^{n+1} - 1 \right] z^n$$

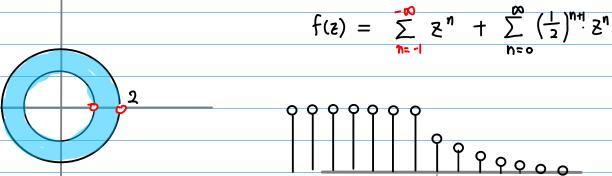


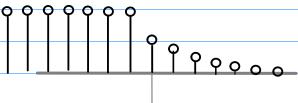


$$f(z) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[1 - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1}\right] z^n$$





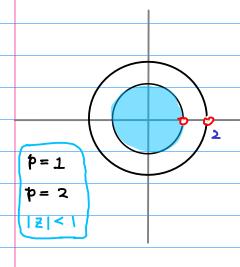




$$f(z) = \frac{-1}{(2-1)(2-2)} \qquad \chi(z) = \frac{-0.5z^2}{(2-1)(2-0.5)} \qquad \text{(3)} = \frac{1}{(2-1)(2-0.5)}$$

$$\chi(\xi) = \frac{(\xi-1)(\xi-0.\xi)}{-0.\xi \xi_2}$$

$$(I) - I$$



$$f(z) = \frac{1}{z-1} - \frac{1}{z-z}$$

$$= \frac{-1}{1 - (\frac{2}{1})} + \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{1 - (\frac{2}{1})}$$

$$= -\sum_{\infty}^{N=p} \xi_{\nu} + \sum_{\infty}^{N=0} \frac{\sum_{\nu=1}^{N+1}}{\xi_{\nu}}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left[2^{-n-1} - 1 \right] z^n \qquad |z| < |$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left[\left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^{n} - 1 \right] z^n \qquad |z| < |$$

$$\frac{\chi(z) = \int (z^{-1})}{z^{-n}} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1} - 1}{z^{-n}} = \frac{1}{z^{-n}} = \frac$$

$$= \sum_{0=0}^{N=0} 2^{-N-1} \xi^{-N} - \sum_{0=0}^{N=0} [\cdot \xi^{-N}]$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{|-\left(\frac{1}{2\xi}\right)} - \frac{|}{|-\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)}$$

$$= \frac{0.52}{2-0.5} - \frac{2}{2-1}$$

$$= \frac{-0.5 \, \xi^2}{(z-1) (z-0.5)}$$

$$f(z) = \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-2)}$$

$$f(\bar{z}') = \frac{-1}{(\bar{z}^{-1})(\bar{z}^{-1}2)} = \frac{-\bar{z}^2}{(1-\bar{z})(1-2\bar{z})} = \frac{-0.5 \,\bar{z}^2}{(\bar{z}-1)(z-0.5)} = \chi(\bar{z})$$

$$Q_N \leftarrow f(s) = \frac{(s-1)(s-2)}{-1}$$

$$= \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-1}{(\xi-1)(\xi-2)\xi^{\eta+1}}, o\right)$$

$$\frac{f(z)}{z^{n+1}} = \left(\frac{1}{z-1} - \frac{1}{z-z}\right) \frac{1}{z^{n+1}}$$

n>0 then the pole 2=0

$$\frac{d\xi_{r}}{dz} \left((\xi_{r} + \lambda_{r+1} - (\xi_{r} - r)_{r+1}) = (-1) \left((\xi_{r} + \lambda_{r+1} - (\xi_{r} - r)_{r+1}) \right)$$

$$\frac{d\xi_{r}}{dz} \left((\xi_{r} + \lambda_{r+1} - (\xi_{r} - r)_{r+1}) \right) = (-1) \left((\xi_{r} + \lambda_{r+1} - (\xi_{r} - r)_{r+1}) \right)$$

$$\frac{\int_{S_2}^{S_2} \left((5-1)_{-1} - (5-5)_{-1} \right) = (-1)(-7)(-3) \left((5-1)_{+} - (5-5)_{-1} \right)}{\int_{S_2}^{S_2} \left((5-1)_{-1} - (5-5)_{-1} \right)}$$

$$\frac{q_{s}}{q_{s}}\left((\xi-1)_{-1}-(\xi-z)_{-1}\right)=(-1)_{s} \text{ wi}\left((\xi-1)_{-n-1}-(\xi-z)_{-n-1}\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{\eta!}\lim_{\epsilon\to 0}\frac{d^{\eta}}{d\epsilon^{n}} e^{n\epsilon t} \left((\xi-t)^{-1} - (\xi-z)^{-1} \right) \frac{1}{\epsilon^{n+1}} = \frac{1}{\eta!}\lim_{\epsilon\to 0}\frac{d^{\eta}}{d\epsilon^{n}} \left((\xi-t)^{-1} - (\xi-z)^{-1} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\eta!}\lim_{\epsilon\to 0}\left((\xi-t)^{-n-1} - (\xi-z)^{-n-1} \right)$$

$$= (-1)^{\eta}\lim_{\epsilon\to 0}\left((\xi-t)^{-n-1} - (\xi-z)^{-n-1} \right)$$

$$= -| + 2^{-n-1}$$

$$\Delta_n = -1 + 2^{-n-1} \qquad (\gamma > 0)$$

$$f(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \alpha_n z^n = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1} - 1 \right) z^n$$

$$\chi^{\mu} \leftarrow \chi(5) = \frac{(5-1)(5-0.2)}{-0.25_5}$$

$$\chi(\overline{2}) = \frac{-0.5 \, \overline{\epsilon}^2}{(z-1) (z-0.5)}$$

$$\chi(z) = \frac{-0.5 \epsilon^2}{(z-1)(z-0.5)} e^{hH}$$

Res(X(z)zⁿ⁺¹,) =
$$(z-1)\frac{-0.5 z^{n+1}}{(z-1)(z-0.5)}\Big|_{z=1} = -1$$

$$f(z) = \frac{-1}{(2-1)(2-2)} \qquad \chi(z) = \frac{-0.5z^2}{(2-1)(2-0.5)} \qquad \text{II} -1$$

$$f(z) = \frac{1}{z-1} - \frac{1}{z-z}$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)}{1-\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)} - \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)}{1-\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{z}\right)\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)^{n} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{z}\right)\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)^{n}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{z^{-n-1}} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 2^{n} z^{-n-1}$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{z^{-n}} - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 2^{n+1} z^{-n}$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[1-2^{-n-1}\right] z^{n} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[1-\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)^{n+1}\right] z^{n}$$

$$f(\xi) = \frac{-1}{(\xi - 1)(\xi - 2)}$$

$$f(\xi) = \frac{-1}{(\xi - 1)(\xi - 2)} = \frac{-2^2}{(1 - \xi)(1 - 2\xi)} = \frac{-0.5 \xi^2}{(\xi - 1)(\xi - 0.5)} = \chi(\xi)$$

$$Q_N \leftarrow f(s) = \frac{(s-1)(s-2)}{-1}$$

$$Res\left(\frac{-1}{(\xi-1)(\xi-2)Z^{n+1}}, 0\right) = -1 + 2^{-n-1} \quad (n > 0)$$

$$Res\left(\frac{-1}{(\xi-1)(\xi-2)Z^{n+1}}, 1\right) = \lim_{z \to 1} \frac{-1}{(\xi-1)(\xi-2)Z^{n+1}} = 1$$

$$Res\left(\frac{-1}{(\xi-1)(\xi-2)Z^{n+1}}, 2\right) = \lim_{z \to 2} \frac{(\xi-2)}{(\xi-1)(\xi-2)Z^{n+1}} = -\frac{1}{2^{n+1}}$$

M=-3	N= -5	n=-1	N=O	n=l	n=2	
۵·	D	0	-1+2-1	-1 + 2 ⁻²	-1 + 2 ⁻³	- Res (f(2) , 0)
ľ	ı	ſ	t	١	[_ Res(f(t) , 1)
-22	-21	-2°	-27	-5 ₋₇	-2-3	- Res(f(も) , 2)
[-22	[-2	6	0	0	0	
-(-3)-	-(-2)-	-(H) -				

$$\Delta_n = |-2^{-n-1}| \quad n < 0$$

$$f(z) = \sum_{n=-1}^{\infty} (1-2^{-n-1}) z^n = \sum_{n=-1}^{\infty} (1-(\frac{1}{2})^{n+1}) z^n$$

$$= \sum_{n=-1}^{\infty} (1-2^{n-1}) z^{-n}$$

$$\chi_{\mu} \leftarrow \chi(s) = \frac{(5-1)(5-0.2)}{-0.25_{5}}$$

$$\chi[n] = \sum_{j=1}^{R} \operatorname{Res}\left(\chi(z)z^{n+j}, z_{j}\right)$$

$$= \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-o.s}{(z-1)(z-o.s)}, o\right)$$

$$= \operatorname{Res}\left(z^{n+j}\left(\frac{1}{z-o.s} - \frac{1}{z-1}\right), o\right)$$

$$\frac{d^{\frac{1}{k-2}}}{dz^{\frac{1}{k-2}}} z^{\frac{1}{k-1}} z^{\frac{1}{k-1}} \left((z_{-0.5})^{-1} - (z_{-1})^{-1} \right) = (-1)(-1)\cdots(-(k-2)) \left((z_{-0.5})^{-\frac{1}{k+1}} - (z_{-1})^{\frac{1}{k+1}} \right)$$

$$(k-2)! \left(-2^{\frac{1}{k-1}} + 1 \right)$$

$$x_{-k} = \frac{1}{(k-2)!} \lim_{z \to 0} \frac{d^{\frac{k-2}{2}}}{dz^{\frac{k-2}{2}}} z^{\frac{k-1}{2}} z^{-\frac{k+1}{2}} \left((z - o \cdot 5)^{-1} - (z - 1)^{-1} \right) = (-2^{\frac{k-1}{2}} + 1) \qquad (2 - 1)$$

$$x_n = (-2^{-n-1} + 1)$$
 (n<0)

$$f(z) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (1-2^{-h-1}) z^n = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (1-(\frac{1}{2})^{h+1}) z^n$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (1-2^{n-1}) z^{-n}$$

$$f(s) = \frac{(s-1)(s-2)}{-1}$$

$$f(z) = \frac{-1}{(2-1)(2-2)} \qquad \chi(z) = \frac{-0.5z^2}{(2-1)(2-0.5)} \qquad \text{(3)} -1$$

$$f(z) = \frac{1}{z-1} - \frac{1}{z-z}$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)}{1 - \left(\frac{1}{z}\right)} + \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)}{1 - \left(\frac{z}{z}\right)}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{z}\right) \left(\frac{1}{z}\right)^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{z}\right) \left(\frac{z}{z}\right)^n$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{z^{n+1}} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{z^n}{z^{n+1}}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{z^n} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{z^n}{z^{n+1}}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \xi^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\xi^n}{2^{n+1}}$$

$$f(\xi) = \frac{-1}{(\xi - 1)(\xi - 2)}$$

$$f(\bar{z}') = \frac{-1}{(\bar{z}'' - 1)(\bar{z}'' - 2)} = \frac{-\bar{z}^2}{(1 - \bar{z})(1 - 2\bar{z})} = \frac{-0.5 \,\bar{z}^2}{(2 - 1)(2 - 0.5)} = \chi(\bar{z})$$

$$Q_{N} \leftarrow f(z) = \frac{(z-1)(z-2)}{-1}$$



$$\Delta_{n} = \sum_{k=1}^{M} \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{f(z)}{z^{n+1}}, z_{k}\right)$$

$$= \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-z)z^{n+1}}, 0\right)$$

$$+ \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-z)z^{n+1}}, 1\right)$$

$$= (-1)^{n} \left((-1)^{-n-1} - (\xi-2)^{-1} \right) = (-1)^{n} \lim_{\xi \to 0} \left((\xi-1)^{-n-1} - (\xi-2)^{-n-1} \right)$$

$$= (-1)^{n} \left((-1)^{-n-1} - (-2)^{-n-1} \right)$$

$$= (-1)^{n} \left((-1)^{-n-1} - (-2)^{-n-1} \right)$$

Res
$$\left(\frac{-1}{(\xi-1)(\xi-2)\xi^{n+1}}, 0\right) = -1 + 2^{-n-1} \quad (n > 0)$$

Res
$$\left(\frac{-1}{(\xi-1)(\xi-2)\xi^{\eta+1}}\right) = \lim_{z \to 1} (\xi-1) \frac{-1}{(\xi-1)(\xi-2)\xi^{\eta+1}} = 1$$

M=-3	N= -5	n=-1	N= U	n=1	m=2	
0	D	0	ーナスト	1+2-2	-1 + 2 ⁻³	Res (f(2), 0)
ι	I	ſ	ſ	1	ţ	$Res(\frac{f(z)}{2^{n}}, 1)$
ı	Ţ	1	2-1	2-2	2 ⁻³	

$$\begin{cases} \Delta_n = 2^{-n-1} & n > 0 \\ \Delta_n = 1 & n < 0 \end{cases} \begin{cases} 2^{-n-1} Z^n \end{cases}$$

$$f(z) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{z^n} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{z^n}{2^{n+1}}$$

$$\chi^{\mu} \leftarrow \chi(5) = \frac{(5-1)(5-0.2)}{-0.25_5}$$

$$\chi[n] = \sum_{j=1}^{k} \operatorname{Res}\left(\chi(z)z^{n+1}, z_{a}\right)$$

$$= \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-o.s}{(z-1)(z-o.s)}, o\right)$$

$$+ \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-o.s}{(z-1)(z-o.s)}, \frac{1}{z}\right)$$

Res
$$\left(\frac{-0.5 \, \varepsilon^{n+1}}{(z-1)(z-0.5)}\right) = \lim_{z \to 0.5} \frac{-0.5 \, \varepsilon^{n+1}}{(z-1)} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1} = 2^{-n-1}$$

Res
$$\left(\frac{-0.5 \, \epsilon^{n+1}}{(z-1)(z-0.5)}\right) = (-2^{-n-1}+1)$$
 (n<0)

$$(n < 0)$$
 $\chi_n = (-2^{-n-1} + 1) - 2^{-n-1} = 1$

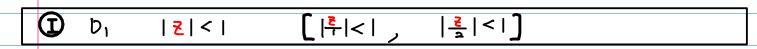
$$(n \geqslant 0)$$
 $\chi_n = 2^{-n-1}$

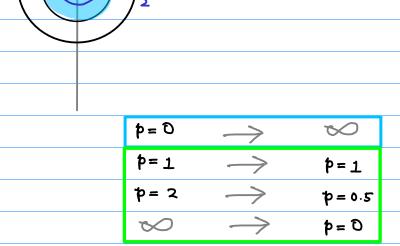
$$(n<0) \qquad \qquad \alpha_n = 1$$

$$(n \ge 0) \qquad \qquad \Delta_n = 2^{-n-1}$$

L.5. first

$$A_n$$
, X_n using Res $\leftarrow f(z) = \frac{-1}{(2-1)(2-2)}$



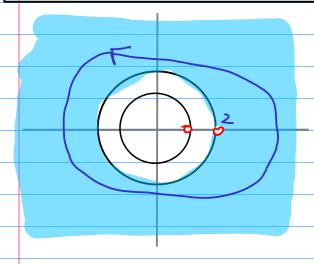


$$\Delta_{n} = \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-2)z^{n+1}}, 0\right) \qquad \chi_{n} = \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-0.5 \cdot z^{n+1}}{(z-1)(z-0.5)}, 0\right)$$

$$= \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-0.5 \cdot z^{n+1}}{(z-1)(z-0.5)}, 1\right)$$

$$+ \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-0.5 \cdot z^{n+1}}{(z-1)(z-0.5)}, 1\right)$$

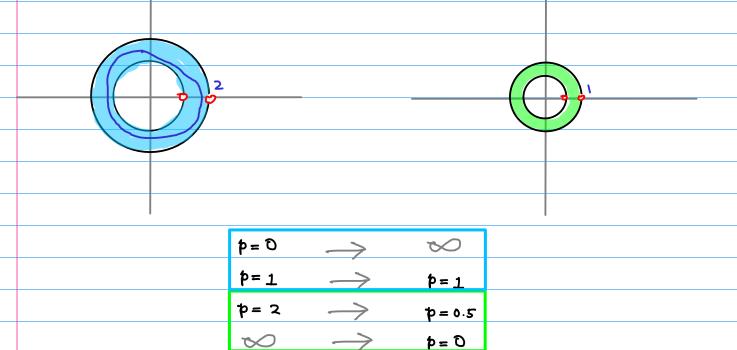
$$A_n$$
, X_n using Res $\leftarrow f(z) = \frac{-1}{(2-1)(2-2)}$



$$\begin{array}{cccc}
p = 0 & \longrightarrow & & \\
p = 1 & \longrightarrow & p = 1 \\
p = 2 & \longrightarrow & p = 0.5 \\
& \longrightarrow & p = 0
\end{array}$$

$$A_n$$
, X_n using **Res** $\leftarrow f(z) = \frac{-1}{(2-1)(2-2)}$ L.S. first





0 = ¢

$$A_n$$
, X_n using Res $\leftarrow f(z) = \frac{-1}{(2-1)(2-2)}$

$$(\gamma > 0)$$

$$\Delta_{n} = -1 + 2^{-n-1}$$

$$\chi_{n} = -1$$

$$\Delta_n = \text{Res}\left(\frac{-1}{(\xi-1)(\xi-2)\xi^{n+1}}, 0\right)$$

$$\chi_n = \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-0.5}{(z-1)(z-0.5)},\right)$$

$$\Delta_n = \text{Res}\left(\frac{-1}{(\xi-1)(\xi-2)\xi^{\eta+1}}, \circ\right)$$

$$\Delta_n = 2^{-n-1}$$

$$\Delta_{n} = \text{Res}\left(\frac{-1}{(\xi-1)(\xi-2)\xi^{n+1}}, 0\right)$$

$$+ \text{Res}\left(\frac{-1}{(\xi-1)(\xi-2)\xi^{n+1}}, 1\right)$$

$$\chi_n = \text{Res}\left(\frac{-0.5 \, \epsilon^{n+1}}{(z-1)(z-0.5)}\right)$$

$$x_n = 2^{-n-1}$$

$$x_n = 1$$

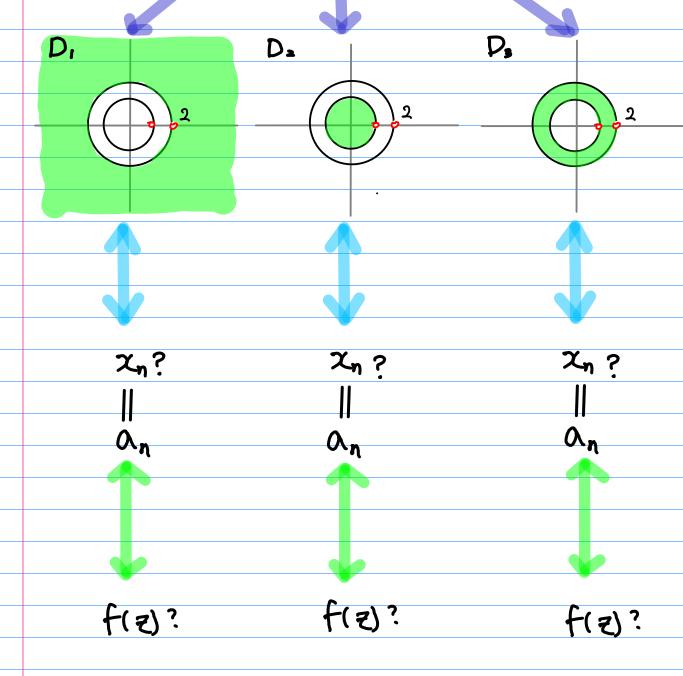
$$\chi_{N} = \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-o.5 \, \varepsilon^{n+1}}{(z-1)(z-o.5)}, o\right)$$

$$+ \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-o.5 \, \varepsilon^{n+1}}{(z-1)(z-o.5)}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

L.S. first

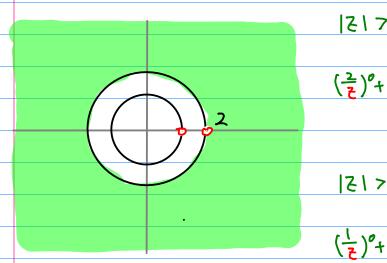
$$X(s) = \frac{(s-1)(s-2)}{-1}$$

$$X(2) = \frac{-1}{(2-1)(2-2)}$$



$$X(2) = \frac{-1}{(2-1)(2-2)} = \frac{1}{2-1} - \frac{1}{2-2}$$

Z.T. first



$$\left(\frac{2}{2}\right)^0 + \left(\frac{2}{2}\right)^1 + \left(\frac{2}{2}\right)^2 + \cdots$$
Converge

$$(\frac{1}{2})^{0} + (\frac{1}{2})^{1} + (\frac{1}{2})^{2} + \cdots$$

ROC (Region of Convergence)

Converge

$$f(z) = \frac{1}{z-1} - \frac{1}{z-2} = \frac{1}{z} \frac{z}{z-1} - \frac{1}{z} \frac{z}{z-2} = \frac{1}{z} \frac{1}{1-(\frac{1}{z})} - \frac{1}{z} \frac{1}{1-(\frac{2}{z})}$$

$$= \sum_{h=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{z^{h+1}} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{z^n}{z^{h+1}} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1-z^n}{z^{n+1}}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1-z^{n+1}}{z^n} = \sum_{h=1}^{\infty} (1-z^{h+1}) z^{-h}$$

$$\frac{1}{\xi - 1} - \frac{1}{\xi - 2} = \frac{-1}{(\xi + 1)(\xi - 2)}$$

$$(1-2^{6})\xi^{-1} + (1-2^{2})\xi^{-2} + (1-2^{2})\xi^{-3} + \cdots$$
Converge

$$X[n] = [-2^{n}] \times (2) = \frac{-1}{[\frac{7}{2}-1)(\frac{7}{2}-2)} (|2| > 2)$$

$$|z| < 2 \Rightarrow \frac{|z|}{|z|} < |$$

$$|z| < 2 \Rightarrow \frac{|z|}{|z|} < |$$

$$(\frac{z}{2})^{\rho} + (\frac{z}{2})^{i} + (\frac{z}{2})^{2} + \dots \qquad (-\frac{z}{2})^{2}$$

$$|z| < 1 \Rightarrow \frac{|z|}{|z|} < |$$

$$(\frac{z}{1})^{\rho} + (\frac{z}{1})^{i} + (\frac{z}{1})^{2} + \dots \qquad (-\frac{z}{2})^{2}$$

$$(\text{envenge})$$

$$(\text{envenge})$$

$$f(z) = \frac{1}{z-1} - \frac{1}{z-2} = -\frac{1}{1-z} + \frac{1}{z} + \frac{2}{z-2} = -\frac{1}{1-(\frac{z}{z})} + \frac{1}{z} + \frac{1}{1-(\frac{z}{z})}$$

$$= -\sum_{h=0}^{\infty} z^{h} + \frac{1}{z} + \sum_{h=0}^{\infty} \frac{z^{h}}{z^{h}} = \sum_{h=0}^{\infty} (-1+z^{h-1})z^{h}$$

$$= \sum_{h=0}^{\infty} (-1+z^{h-1})z^{-h} = \sum_{h=0}^{\infty} (-1+z^{h-1})z^{-h}$$

$$-\left\{ \left(\frac{2}{5} \right) + \left(\frac{2}{5} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} + \left(\frac{2}{5} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} + \cdots \right\}$$

$$-\left\{ \left(\frac{1}{5} \right) + \left(\frac{2}{5} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} + \left(\frac{2}{5} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} + \cdots \right\}$$
(onverse.
$$-\left\{ \left(\frac{1}{5} \right) + \left(\frac{2}{5} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} + \left(\frac{2}{5} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} + \cdots \right\}$$

$$(1+2^{-1})^{\frac{1}{2}}+(-1+2^{-3})^{\frac{1}{2}}+(-1+2^{-4})^{\frac{1}{2}}+\cdots$$
Converge

$$X[n] = -[+2^{n+1}]$$
 $X(2) = \frac{-1}{[\frac{7}{2}-1](\frac{7}{2}-2)}$ (|2| 72)

$$|z| < 2 \implies \frac{|z|}{2} < |$$

$$|z| < 2 \implies \frac{|z|}{2} < |$$

$$|z| < 2 \implies \frac{|z|}{2} < |$$

$$|z| > \frac{1}{2} | < 1$$

$$|z| > 1 \implies \frac{1}{|z|} < |$$

$$|z| > 1 \implies \frac{1}{|z|}$$

$$f(z) = \frac{1}{z-1} - \frac{1}{z-2} = \frac{1}{z} \frac{z}{z-1} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{2}{z-2} = \frac{1}{z} \frac{1}{1-(\frac{1}{z})} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{1-(\frac{2}{z})}$$

$$= \sum_{h=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{z^{h+1}} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{z^{n}}{z^{h+2}} = \sum_{h=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{z^{h+1}} + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{z^{-k}}{z^{-k+1}} = \sum_{h=1}^{\infty} z^{-n} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 2^{n-1} z^{-n}$$

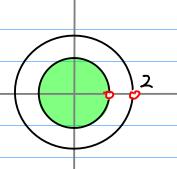
$$\chi_{n} = \begin{cases} 1 & (n < 0) \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{\binom{1}{2} + (\frac{1}{2})^2 + (\frac{1}{2})^3 + \cdots}{+ \frac{1}{2} \left\{ (\frac{3}{2}) + (\frac{3}{2})^3 + (\frac{3}{2})^3 + \cdots \right\}}$$
 Converge.
$$\frac{1}{2-1} - \frac{1}{2-2} = \frac{-1}{(24)(2-2)}$$

$$X(2) = \frac{-1}{(2-1)(2-2)} = \frac{1}{2-1} - \frac{1}{2-2}$$

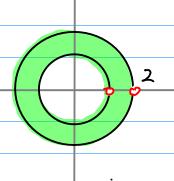
$$\chi(z) = \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-2)}$$

$$\chi_{n} = \begin{cases} 1 - 2^{n-1} & (n > 0) \\ 0 & (n < 0) \end{cases}$$



$$\chi(z) = \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-2)}$$

$$\chi_{n} = \begin{cases} 0 & (n > 0) \\ 2^{n+1} - 1 & (n < 0) \end{cases}$$



$$\chi(z) = \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-2)}$$

$$\mathcal{X}_{n} = \begin{cases} 1 & (n>0) \\ 2^{n-1} & (n<0) \end{cases}$$



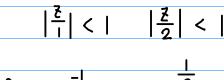
$$\chi(z) = \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-2)} = \frac{1}{z-1} - \frac{1}{z-2}$$

$$\left|\frac{1}{z}\right| < \left|\frac{2}{z}\right| < 1$$

$$X(z) = \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)}{|-\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)|} - \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)}{|-\left(\frac{2}{z}\right)|}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 1 \cdot z^{n-1} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 2^n z^{-n-1}$$

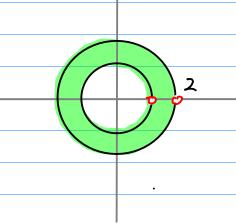
$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[1 - 2^{-n+1}\right] z^{-n}$$



$$X(z) = \frac{-1}{1 - (\frac{z}{1})} + \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{1 - (\frac{z}{2})}$$

$$= -\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} |z^n - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} z^{-n-1} z^n$$

$$= \sum_{n=-1}^{\infty} [-1 + 2^{n-1}] z^{-n}$$



$$\chi(z) = \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)}{1 - \left(\frac{1}{z}\right)} + \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)}{1 - \left(\frac{3}{z}\right)} \\
= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 1 \cdot z^{-n-1} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 2^{-n-1} z^{n} \\
= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} z^{-n} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 2^{n-1} \cdot z^{-n}$$

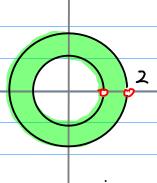
$$\chi(5) = \frac{-1}{(5-1)(5-2)} = \frac{1}{5-1} - \frac{5-5}{5-2}$$

$$X(z) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[1-2^{-n+1}\right] z^{-n}$$

$$\mathbf{I}$$
 D_{0}

$$\chi(z) = \sum_{n=-1}^{\infty} \left[-1 + \lambda_{n-1} \right] \xi_{-n}$$



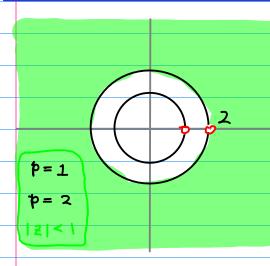


$$X(z) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} z^{-n} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 2^{n-1} \cdot z^{-n}$$

$$\chi(s) = \frac{(s-1)(s-5)}{-1} \qquad f(s) =$$

$$\mathbb{Z}$$
. T. first $\mathbb{D}-1$

$$\left[\left| \frac{2}{1} \right| < 1 \right]$$



$$X(\xi) = \frac{\frac{1}{\xi - 1}}{\frac{1}{\xi - 1}} - \frac{\frac{1}{\xi - 2}}{\frac{1}{\xi - 1}}$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\xi}\right)}{1 - \left(\frac{1}{\xi}\right)} - \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\xi}\right)}{1 - \left(\frac{2}{\xi}\right)}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 1 z^{-n-1} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 2^n z^{-n-1}$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[1 - 2^{n-1}\right] z^{-n}$$

$$f(z) = \chi(z^{-1}) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} [1 - 2^{n-1}] z^{n}$$
$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 1 \cdot z^{n} - 2^{n+1} \cdot z^{n}$$

$$= \frac{\xi}{|-(\frac{\xi}{1})|} - \frac{\xi}{|-(\frac{2\xi}{1})|}$$

$$= -\frac{\xi}{|\xi^{-1}|} + \frac{0.5\xi}{(\xi^{-0.5})}$$

$$= \frac{-\xi + 0.5 + 0.52 - 0.5}{(\xi - 1)(\xi - 0.5)} \xi$$

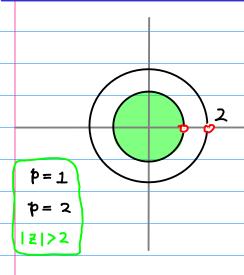
$$\chi(\xi) = \frac{(\xi - 1)(\xi - 7)}{-1}$$

$$\chi(\xi^{-1}) = \frac{-1}{(\xi^{-1})(\xi^{-1})} = \frac{-\xi^{2}}{(1-\xi^{2})(1-2\xi)} = \frac{-0.5 \xi^{2}}{(\xi^{-1})(\xi^{-0.5})} = f(\xi)$$

$$\chi(s) = \frac{(s-1)(s-5)}{-1} \qquad \xi(s) =$$

$$\square$$
 \mathbb{D}_2

| 2 | < |



$$p = 1$$

$$p = 0.5$$

$$|\xi| < \frac{1}{2}$$

$$f(z) = \chi(z^{-1}) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left[-1 + 2^{n-1} \right] z^{n}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} -1 \cdot z^{-n} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 2^{-n-1} \cdot z^{-n}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{1 - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)} + \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{1 - \left(\frac{1}{2z}\right)}$$

$$= -\frac{z}{2 - 1} + \frac{0 \cdot \zeta z}{z - 0 \cdot \zeta}$$

$$= \frac{-z + 0 \cdot \zeta + 0 \cdot \zeta z - 0 \cdot \zeta}{(z - 1) (z - 0 \cdot z)} z$$

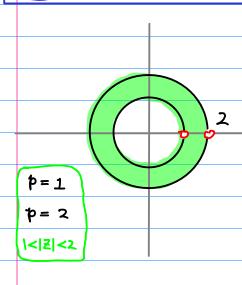
$$= -0 \cdot z z^{2}$$

$$X(\xi^{-1}) = \frac{-1}{(\xi^{-1})(\xi^{-1})} = \frac{-1}{(\xi^{-1})(\xi^{-1})} = \frac{-1}{(\xi^{-1})(\xi^{-1})} = \frac{-1}{(\xi^{-1})(\xi^{-1})} = f(\xi)$$

$$f(5) =$$

$$\chi(s) = \frac{(s-r)(s-s)}{-1} \qquad \xi(s) =$$

$$\left[\left| \frac{1}{2} \right| < 1 \right]$$



$$X(\xi) = \frac{(\xi - 1)(\xi - 2)}{-1} = \frac{(1 - \xi)(1 - 2\xi)}{-\xi^2} = \frac{(\xi - 1)(\xi - 0.5)}{-(\xi - 1)(\xi - 0.5)} = f(\xi)$$



$$\begin{array}{c}
D_1 & D_2 \\
\hline
D_2 & D_3
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\Delta_n? & \Delta_n? & \Delta_n? \\
\parallel & \parallel & \parallel \\
\chi_n & \chi_n & \chi_n
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\chi_{(2)}? & \chi_{(2)}? & \chi_{(2)}?
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\chi_{(2)}? & \chi_{(2)}? & \chi_{(2)}?
\end{array}$$

$$f(5) = \frac{(5-1)(5-0.5)}{-0.25}$$

$$\frac{7}{(7-1)(7-0.5)} = \frac{2}{7-1} - \frac{1}{7-0.5}$$

$$= \frac{23-1-2+1}{(7-1)(7-0.5)}$$

$$\frac{-0.5 \ z^2}{(z-1)(z-0.5)} = -0.5 \ \left(\frac{2z}{z-1} - \frac{z}{z-0.5}\right) = \frac{-z}{z-1} + \frac{0.5z}{z-0.5}$$

 $\frac{-\frac{5-1}{-\frac{5}{2}}}{-\frac{5}{2}} = \begin{cases} \frac{\left(\frac{5}{2}\right)}{\left(\frac{5}{2}\right)} & = -\sum_{\infty}^{N=0} \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{5}{2} \cdot \frac{N=0}{2} + \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{$

$$\frac{\frac{0.52}{2-0.5}}{\frac{1}{2-0.5}} = \begin{cases} \frac{-(\frac{2}{1})}{|-(\frac{1}{2})|} &= -\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (\frac{2}{1})(\frac{22}{1})^n = -\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 2^n 2^{n+1} \frac{|22|}{|-(\frac{1}{2})|} < |-\frac{1}{2}| < |-\frac{1}{$$

$$f(s) = \frac{(5-1)(5-0.2)}{-0.25_5} \quad \chi(s) = \frac{(5-1)(5-5)}{-1}$$

$$\chi(5) = \frac{(5-1)(5-5)}{-1}$$

L.5. first
$$(7) - 1$$

$$f(z) = \frac{-z}{z-1} + \frac{0.5z}{z-0.5}$$

$$=\frac{\left(\frac{2}{l}\right)}{l-\left(\frac{2}{l}\right)}+\frac{-\left(\frac{2}{l}\right)}{l-\left(\frac{22}{l}\right)}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} |\cdot \xi_{n+1}| - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 2^n \xi_{n+1}$$

$$=\sum_{n=0}^{\infty}\left[\left(-2^{n}\right)\right]\xi^{n+1}$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[|-2^{n-1}| \right] \xi^n \qquad |\xi| < \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\chi(z) = \int (z^4) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[1 - 2^{n-1}\right] z^{-n} |z| > 2$$

$$= \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)} - \frac{1}{\left(\frac{2}{2}\right)}$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)}{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)} - \frac{\left(\frac{2}{2}\right)}{\left(\frac{2}{2}\right)}$$

$$= \frac{\xi - 1}{\xi - 2}$$

$$= \frac{\xi - 2 - \xi + 1}{(\xi - 1)(\xi - 2)}$$

$$= \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-2)}$$

$$f(z) = \frac{-0.5 z^2}{(z-1)(z-0.5)}$$

$$f(\vec{z}') = \frac{-0.5 \, \vec{\epsilon}^2}{(\vec{z}'-1)(\vec{z}'-0.5)} = \frac{-0.5}{(1-\vec{z})(1-0.5\,\vec{z})} = \frac{-1}{(\vec{z}-1)(\vec{z}-2)} = \chi(\vec{z})$$

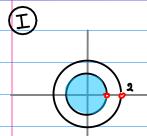
$$\frac{1}{2} \quad D_{2} \quad |z| = \frac{1}{|z|} |z| + \frac{1$$

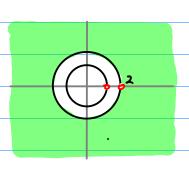
$$f(\xi) = \frac{\frac{(\xi^{1}-1)(\xi^{1}-0.5)}{(\xi^{-1})(\xi^{1}-0.5)}}{(\xi^{-1})(\xi^{1}-0.5)} = \frac{\frac{(1-\xi)(1-0.5\xi)}{-0.5\xi}}{(1-\xi)(1-0.5\xi)} = \frac{(\xi-1)(\xi-2)}{(\xi-1)(\xi-2)} = \chi(\xi)$$

$$f(\xi) = \frac{(\xi^{-1} - 1)(\xi^{-1} - 0.5)}{(\xi^{-1} - 1)(\xi^{-1} - 0.5)} = \frac{(1 - \xi)(1 - 0.5\xi)}{(1 - \xi)(1 - 0.5\xi)} = \frac{(\xi - 1)(\xi - 2)}{(\xi - 1)(\xi - 2)} = \chi(\xi)$$



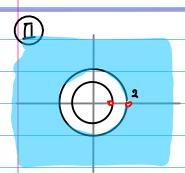
$$\frac{1}{2}(5) = \frac{(5-1)(5-5)}{-1} = \chi(5)$$

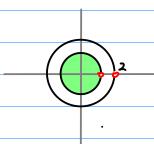




$$Q_n = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n_{11}} - 1 & (n \ge 0) \\ 0 & (n < 0) \end{cases}$$

$$\chi_{n} = \begin{cases} 1 - 2^{n-1} & (n > 0) \\ 0 & (n < 0) \end{cases}$$



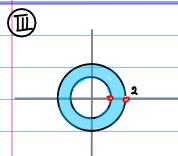


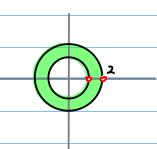
$$Q_n = \begin{cases} Q & (1) > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$1 - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1} \quad (1) < 0$$

$$\mathcal{X}_{n} = \begin{cases} 0 & (1) > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$2^{n+1} - 1 & (1) < 0$$





$$Q_n = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1} & (n > 0) \\ 1 & (n < 0) \end{cases}$$

$$\mathcal{X}_{n} = \begin{cases} 1 & (n > 0) \\ 2^{n-1} & (n < 0) \end{cases}$$

$$Q_n = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n_{r_1}} - 1 & (n \ge 0) \\ 0 & (n < 0) \end{cases}$$

$$\mathcal{I}_{n} = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-n\eta} - 1 \\ \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-n\eta} - 1 \end{array} \right. \quad (n < 0)$$

$$f(\xi) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1} \xi^n - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 1. \ \xi^n \qquad \chi(\xi) = \sum_{n=0}^{-\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-n+1} \xi^{-n} - \sum_{n=0}^{-\infty} 1. \ \xi^{-n}$$

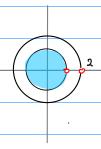
$$X(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (\frac{1}{2})^{-n+1} z^{-n} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 1. z^{-n}$$

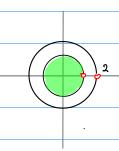
$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (\frac{1}{2})^{n+1} z^{n} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 1. z^{n}$$

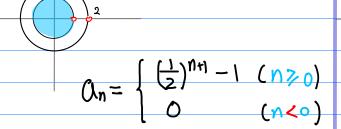
$$=\frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)}{\left|-\left(\frac{2}{2}\right)\right|}$$

$$=\frac{-1}{7-2}+\frac{1}{2-1}$$

$$\left|\frac{\xi}{2}\right| < \left|\frac{\xi}{1}\right| < 1$$

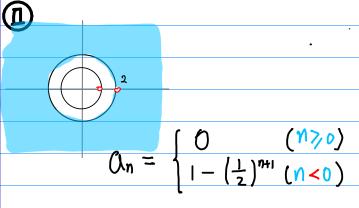




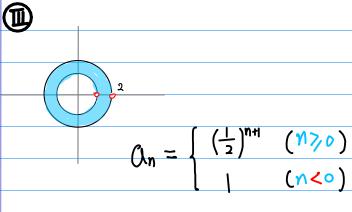


$$f(\xi) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 2^{-n-1} \cdot \xi^n - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 1 \cdot \xi^n$$

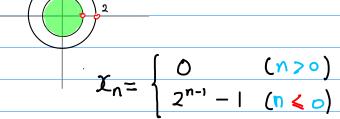
$$f(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 2^{-n-1} \cdot z^n - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 1 \cdot z^n$$



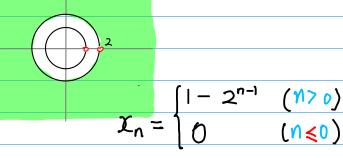
$$f(\xi) = \sum_{n=-1}^{\infty} |\cdot \xi^n| - \sum_{n=-1}^{\infty} 2^{-n-1} \cdot \xi^n$$



$$f(\xi) = \sum_{n=-1}^{-\infty} |\cdot \xi^n| - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 2^{-n-1} \cdot z^n$$



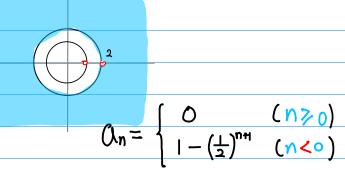
$$\chi(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{-\infty} 2^{n-1} \cdot z^{-n} - \sum_{n=0}^{-\infty} 1 \cdot z^{-n}$$



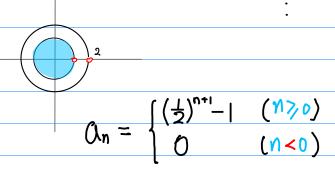
$$\chi(\xi) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} |\cdot \xi_n - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 2^{n-1} \cdot \xi_{-n}$$

$$\mathcal{I}_{n} = \begin{cases} 1 & (n > 0) \\ 2^{n-1} & (n \leq 0) \end{cases}$$

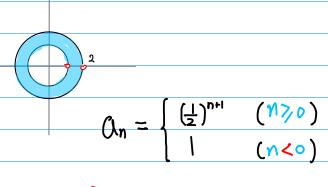
$$X(\xi) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} |\cdot \xi^{-n}| - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 2^{n-1} \cdot \xi^{-n}$$



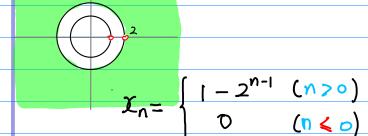
$$f(z) = \sum_{n=-1}^{-1} 1 \cdot z^n - \sum_{n=-1}^{-\infty} 2^{-n-1} z^n$$



$$f(\xi) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 2^{-n-1} \cdot \xi^n - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} |\cdot \xi^n|$$

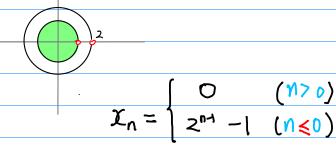


$$f(\xi) = \sum_{n=-1}^{\infty} 1 \cdot \xi^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 2^{-n-1} \cdot \xi^n$$



囯

$$\chi(\xi) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} |\cdot \xi_n - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} z_{n-1} \xi_n$$



$$\chi(\xi) = \sum_{n=0}^{-\infty} 2^{n-1} \cdot \xi^{-n} - \sum_{n=0}^{-\infty} 1 \cdot \xi^{-n}$$

$$\chi_{n} = \begin{cases} 1 & (1/70) \\ 2^{n-1} & (n \leq 0) \end{cases}$$

$$X(\xi) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 2^{n-1} \cdot \xi^{-n} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} |\cdot \xi^{-n}|$$