Example Random Processes

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Based on Probability, Random Variables and Random Signal Principles, P.Z. Peebles, Jr. and B. Shi









Correlation Ergodic Processes

Average N Gaussian random variables

Definition

$$\overline{m}_{x} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} X_{i}(t)$$
$$A_{T}[\bullet] = \frac{1}{2T} \int_{-T}^{T} [\bullet] dt$$

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Image: Image:

Time-Autocorrelation Function *N* Gaussian random variables

Definition

$$\overline{X}_{T} = A_{T}[x(t)] = \frac{1}{2T} \int_{-T}^{T} x(t) dt$$

$$R_{T}(\tau) = A_{T}[x(t)x(t+\tau)] = \frac{1}{2T}\int_{-T}^{T} x(t)x(t+\tau)dt$$

Image: A matrix and a matrix

Expectation of Time-Autocorrelation Function *N* Gaussian random variables

Definition

$$\overline{X}_{T} = A_{T}[x(t)] = \frac{1}{2T} \int_{-T}^{T} x(t) dt$$
$$E[\overline{X}_{T}] = E[A_{T}[x(t)]] = \overline{X}$$
$$R_{T}(\tau) = A_{T}[x(t)x(t+\tau)] = \frac{1}{2T} \int_{-T}^{T} x(t)x(t+\tau) dt$$
$$E[R_{T}(\tau)] = E[A_{T}[x(t)x(t+\tau)]] = R_{XX}(\tau)$$

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Ergodicity Theorem *N* Gaussian random variables

Definition

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} E\left[(X_n - X)^2 \right] = 0$$
$$A[\bullet] = \lim_{n \to \infty} A_T[\bullet]$$

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Conditions *N* Gaussian random variables

- X(t) has a finite constant mean \overline{X} for all t
- 2 X(t) is bounded $x(t) < \infty$ for all t and all x(t)

$$\lim_{T\to\infty}\frac{1}{2T}\int_{-T}^{T}E[|X(t)|]dt$$

• X(t) is a regular process

$$E\left[\left|X(t)\right|^{2}
ight]=R_{XX}(t,t)<\infty$$

Mean Erogodic N Gaussian random variables

Definition

A wide snese stationary process X(t) with a constant mean value \overline{X} is called mean-ergodic if $\overline{x}_T = A_T[x(t)]$ converges to \overline{X} as $T \to \infty$

$$\lim_{T\to\infty} E\left[(\overline{x}_T - \overline{X})^2\right] = 0$$

$$\lim_{T\to\infty} E\left[\sigma_{\overline{x}_{T}}\right] = 0$$

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