

Laurent Series and z-Transform Examples

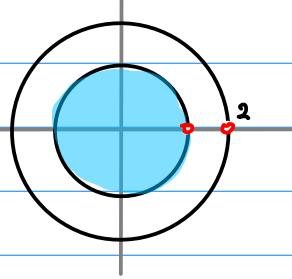
case 1.B

20171213

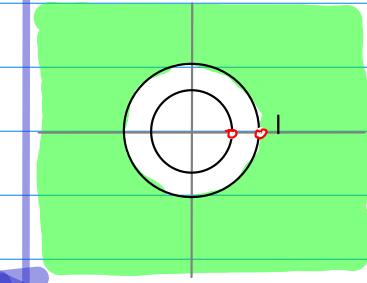
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I



$$a_n = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1} - 1 & (n \geq 0) \\ 0 & (n < 0) \end{cases}$$

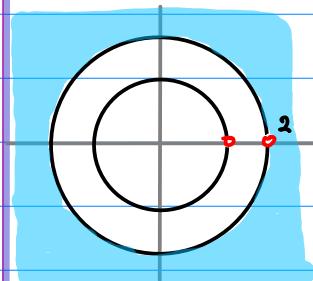


$$x_n = \begin{cases} 0 & (n > 0) \\ \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1} - 1 & (n \leq 0) \end{cases}$$

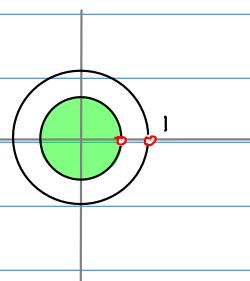
$$f(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left[\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1} - 1 \right] z^n$$

$$X(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left[\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1} - 1 \right] z^n$$

II



$$a_n = \begin{cases} 0 & (n \geq 0) \\ \left(1 - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1}\right) & (n < 0) \end{cases}$$

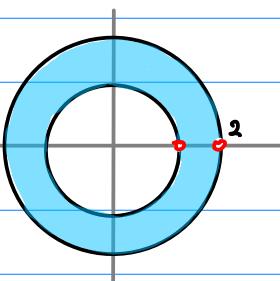


$$x_n = \begin{cases} \left(1 - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1}\right) & (n > 0) \\ 0 & (n \leq 0) \end{cases}$$

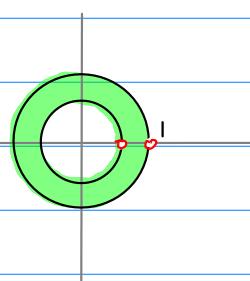
$$f(z) = \sum_{n=-1}^{-\infty} \left(1 - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1}\right) z^n$$

$$X(z) = \sum_{n=-1}^{-\infty} \left(1 - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1}\right) z^n$$

III



$$a_n = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1} & (n \geq 0) \\ 1 & (n < 0) \end{cases}$$



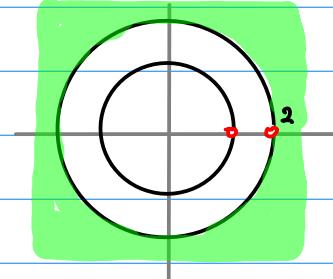
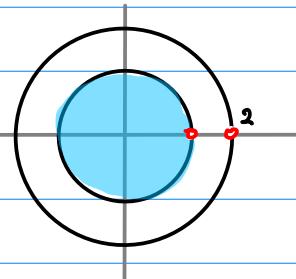
$$x_n = \begin{cases} 1 & (n > 0) \\ \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1} & (n \leq 0) \end{cases}$$

$$f(z) = \sum_{n=-1}^{-\infty} z^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1} z^n$$

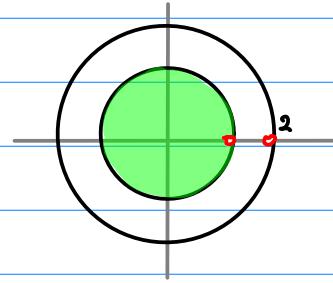
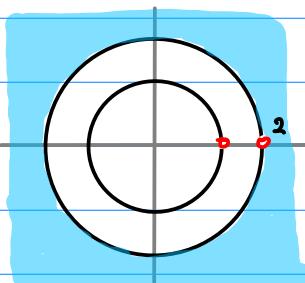
$$X(z) = \sum_{n=-1}^{-\infty} z^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1} z^n$$

1. A

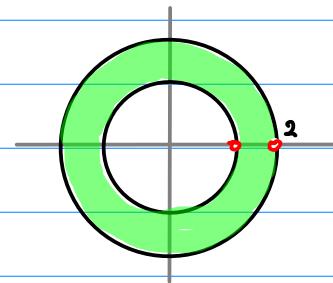
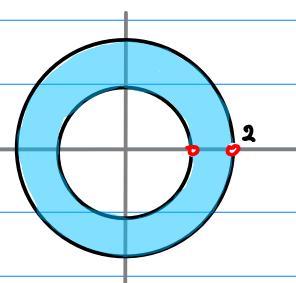
$$f(z) = \frac{-1}{(z-0.5)(z-2)} \quad \xleftrightarrow{z^{-1}} \quad X(z) = \frac{-z^2}{(z-2)(z-0.5)}$$



$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left[\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1} - 2^{n+1} \right] z^n \quad \equiv \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[1 - 2^{-n+1} \right] z^{-n}$$

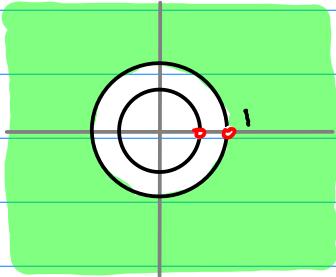


$$\sum_{n=-1}^{-\infty} \left[1 - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1} \right] z^n \quad \equiv \quad \sum_{n=-1}^{-\infty} \left[-1 + 2^{n-1} \right] z^{-n}$$



$$\sum_{n=-1}^{-\infty} 1 \cdot z^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1} \cdot z^n \quad \equiv \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} z^{-n} + \sum_{n=0}^{-\infty} 2^{n-1} \cdot z^{-n}$$

$$X(z) = \frac{-z^2}{(z-2)(z-0.5)} = \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{0.5z}{(z-0.5)} - \frac{2z}{(z-2)} \right)$$

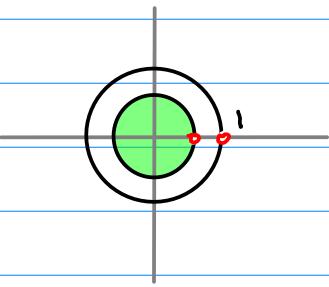


$\frac{1}{z}$

$$\frac{2}{3} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[\left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^{n+1} - 1 \right] z^{-n}$$



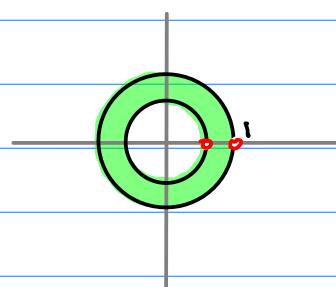
$$\begin{aligned}
 & + \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)}{1 - \left(\frac{1}{2z}\right)} - \frac{(z)}{1 - \left(\frac{2}{z}\right)} \\
 & = + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2z} \right)^n - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{2}{z} \right)^n \\
 & = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} [2^{n-1} - 2^{n-1}] z^{-n} \\
 & = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} [2^{n-1} - 1] z^{-n}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\sum_{n=-1}^{\infty} \left[1 - \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^{n+1} \right] z^{-n}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & + \frac{\left(\frac{z}{1}\right)}{1 - \left(\frac{z}{1}\right)} - \frac{\left(\frac{z}{1}\right)}{1 - \left(\frac{2z}{1}\right)} \\
 & = + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{z}{1} \right) \left(\frac{z}{1} \right)^n - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{z}{1} \right) \left(\frac{2z}{1} \right)^n \\
 & = + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} z^{n+1} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 2^n z^{n+1} \\
 & = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} [1 - 2^{n-1}] z^{-n}
 \end{aligned}$$

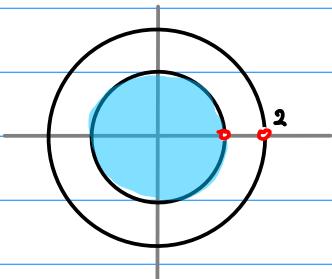


$$+ \sum_{n=-1}^{-\infty} z^{-n} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^{n+1} z^{-n}$$

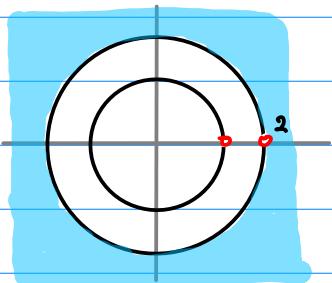


$$\begin{aligned}
 & + \frac{\left(\frac{z}{1}\right)}{1 - \left(\frac{z}{1}\right)} + \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)}{1 - \left(\frac{1}{2z}\right)} \\
 & = + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{z}{1} \right) \left(\frac{z}{1} \right)^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2z} \right)^n \\
 & = + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} z^{n+1} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 2^{-n-1} z^{-n} \\
 & = + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} z^{-n} + \sum_{n=0}^{-\infty} 2^{n-1} z^{-n}
 \end{aligned}$$

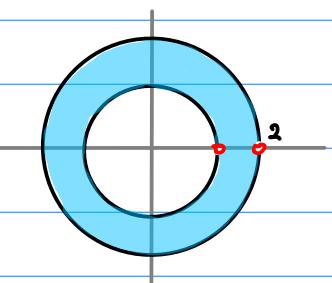
$$f(z) = \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-2)} = \frac{1}{(z-1)} - \frac{1}{(z-2)}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)}{1-\left(\frac{z}{1}\right)} + \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)}{1-\left(\frac{z}{2}\right)} \\
 & = -\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)\left(\frac{z}{1}\right)^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^n \\
 & = -\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} z^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1} z^n \\
 & = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left[\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1} - 1 \right] z^n
 \end{aligned}$$



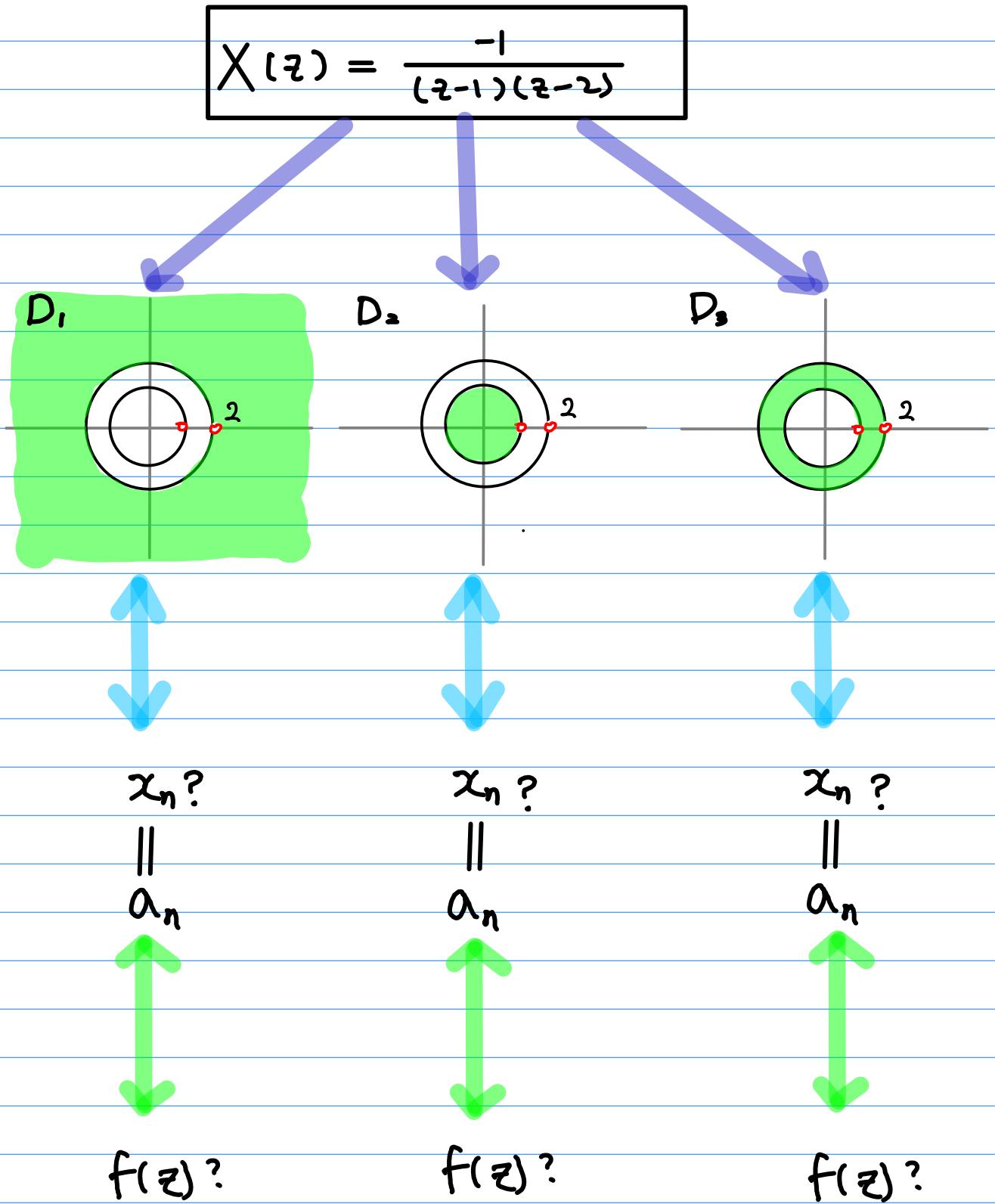
$$\begin{aligned}
 & +\frac{\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)}{1-\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)} - \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)}{1-\left(\frac{2}{z}\right)} \\
 & = +\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{z}\right)\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)^n - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{z}\right)\left(\frac{2}{z}\right)^n \\
 & = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} [1 - 2^n] z^{-n-1} \\
 & = \sum_{n=-1}^{-\infty} [1 - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1}] z^n
 \end{aligned}$$



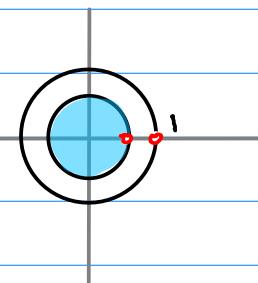
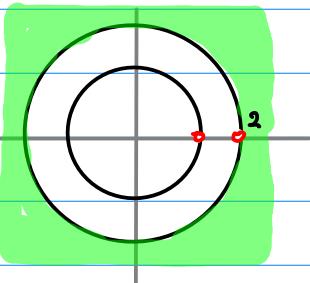
$$\begin{aligned}
 & +\frac{\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)}{1-\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)} + \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)}{1-\left(\frac{2}{z}\right)} \\
 & = +\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{z}\right)\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{z}\right)\left(\frac{2}{z}\right)^n \\
 & = +\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{z}\right)\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{z}\right)^{n+1} z^n \\
 & = +\sum_{n=-1}^{-\infty} z^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{z}\right)^{n+1} z^n
 \end{aligned}$$

z.T. first

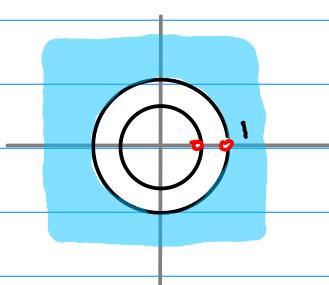
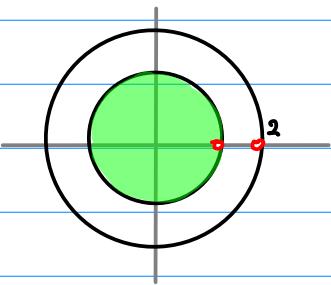
$$X(z) = \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-2)}$$



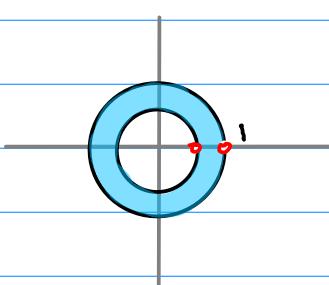
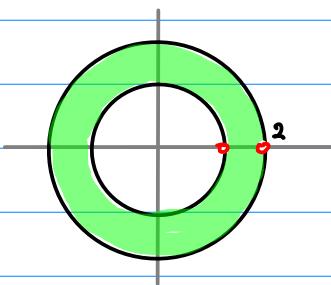
1.B $X(z) = \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-2)}$  $f(z) = \frac{-0.5 z^2}{(z-1)(z-0.5)}$



$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} [1 - 2^{-n+1}] z^{-n} \quad \equiv \quad \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left[\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1} - 1 \right] z^n$$



$$\sum_{n=-1}^{-\infty} [-1 + 2^{n-1}] z^{-n} \quad \equiv \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(1 - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1}\right) z^n$$

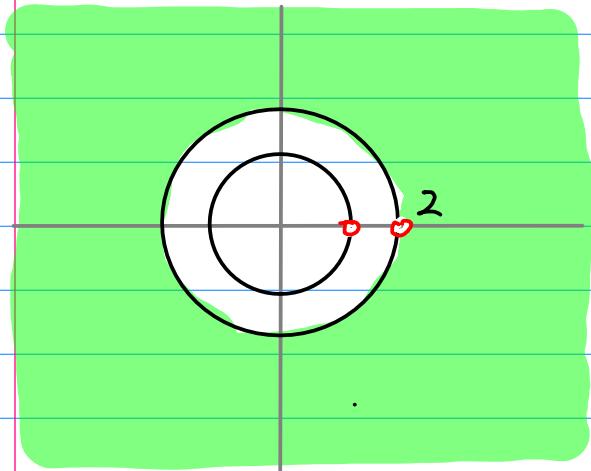


$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} z^{-n} + \sum_{n=0}^{-\infty} 2^{n-1} \cdot z^{-n} \quad \equiv \quad \sum_{n=-1}^{-\infty} z^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1} z^n$$

Z.T. first

$$X(z) = \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-2)} = \frac{1}{z-1} - \frac{1}{z-2}$$

(I) D, $|z| > 2$ $\left[\left| \frac{1}{z} \right| < 1, \left| \frac{2}{z} \right| < 1 \right]$



ROC (Region of Convergence)

$$|z| > \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{|2z|} < 1$$

$$\left(\frac{2}{z}\right)^0 + \left(\frac{2}{z}\right)^1 + \left(\frac{2}{z}\right)^2 + \dots \rightarrow \frac{1}{1 - \frac{2}{z}}$$

converge

$$|z| > 1 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{|z|} < 1$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)^0 + \left(\frac{1}{z}\right)^1 + \left(\frac{1}{z}\right)^2 + \dots \rightarrow \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{z}}$$

converge

$$\begin{aligned} f(z) &= \frac{1}{z-1} - \frac{1}{z-2} = \frac{1}{z} \frac{z}{z-1} - \frac{1}{z} \frac{z}{z-2} = \frac{1}{z} \frac{1}{1 - (\frac{1}{z})} - \frac{1}{z} \frac{1}{1 - (\frac{2}{z})} \\ &= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{z^{n+1}} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^n}{z^{n+1}} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1 - 2^n}{z^{n+1}} \\ &= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1 - 2^{n-1}}{z^n} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (1 - 2^{n-1}) z^{-n} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)^0 + \left(\frac{1}{z}\right)^1 + \left(\frac{1}{z}\right)^2 + \dots \\ &+ \frac{1}{z} \left\{ \left(\frac{2}{z}\right)^0 + \left(\frac{2}{z}\right)^1 + \left(\frac{2}{z}\right)^2 + \dots \right\} \rightarrow \frac{1}{z-1} - \frac{1}{z-2} = \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-2)} \end{aligned}$$

converge

$$(1-2^0)z^0 + (1-2^1)z^{-1} + (1-2^2)z^{-2} + (1-2^3)z^{-3} + \dots \rightarrow \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-2)} \quad (|z| > 2)$$

converge

$$X[n] = (-2)^n$$

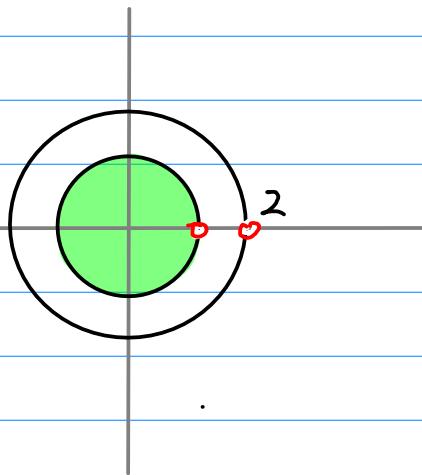


$$X(z) = \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-2)} \quad (|z| > 2)$$

II

$$D_2 \quad |z| < 1$$

$$\left[\left| \frac{z}{1} \right| < 1, \quad \left| \frac{z}{2} \right| < 1 \right]$$



$$|z| < 2 \Rightarrow \left| \frac{z}{2} \right| < 1$$

$$\left(\frac{z}{2} \right)^0 + \left(\frac{z}{2} \right)^1 + \left(\frac{z}{2} \right)^2 + \dots \rightarrow \frac{1}{1 - \frac{z}{2}}$$

Converge

$$|z| < 1 \Rightarrow \left| \frac{z}{1} \right| < 1$$

$$\left(\frac{z}{1} \right)^0 + \left(\frac{z}{1} \right)^1 + \left(\frac{z}{1} \right)^2 + \dots \rightarrow \frac{1}{1 - \frac{z}{1}}$$

Converge

ROC (Region of convergence)

$$\begin{aligned}
 f(z) &= \frac{1}{z-1} - \frac{1}{z-2} = -\frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{1-z} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{2}{2-z} = -\frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{1-\left(\frac{z}{1}\right)} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{1-\left(\frac{z}{2}\right)} \\
 &= -\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} z^n + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{z^n}{2^n} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1 + 2^{-n-1}) z^n \\
 &= \sum_{k=0}^{-\infty} (-1 + 2^{k-1}) z^{-k} = \sum_{n=0}^{-\infty} (-1 + 2^{n-1}) z^{-n}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &- \left\{ \left(\frac{z}{1} \right) + \left(\frac{z}{1} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{z}{1} \right)^3 + \dots \right\} \\
 &+ \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \left(\frac{z}{2} \right) + \left(\frac{z}{2} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{z}{2} \right)^3 + \dots \right\}
 \end{aligned}
 \rightarrow \frac{1}{z-1} - \frac{1}{z-2} = \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-2)}$$

Converge

$$\begin{aligned}
 &(-1 + 2^{-1}) z^1 + (-1 + 2^{-2}) z^2 + (-1 + 2^{-3}) z^3 + \dots \\
 &\rightarrow \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-2)} \quad (|z| < 2)
 \end{aligned}$$

Converge

$$X[n] = -1 + 2^{n-1}$$

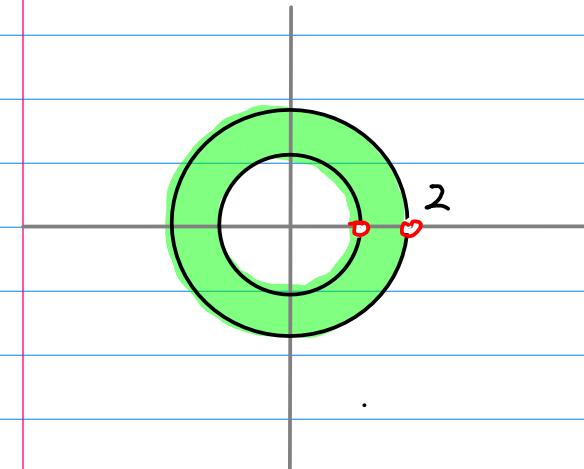


$$X(z) = \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-2)} \quad (|z| > 2)$$

$$n \leq 0$$

 $D_3 \quad 1 < |z| < 2$

$$\left[\left| \frac{1}{z} \right| < 1, \quad \left| \frac{z}{2} \right| < 1 \right]$$



$$|z| < 2 \Rightarrow \frac{|z|}{2} < 1$$

$$\left(\frac{z}{2} \right)^0 + \left(\frac{z}{2} \right)^1 + \left(\frac{z}{2} \right)^2 + \dots \rightarrow \frac{1}{1 - \frac{z}{2}}$$

converge

$$|z| > 1 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{|z|} < 1$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{z} \right)^0 + \left(\frac{1}{z} \right)^1 + \left(\frac{1}{z} \right)^2 + \dots \rightarrow \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{z}}$$

converge

ROC (Region of Convergence)

$$f(z) = \frac{1}{z-1} - \frac{1}{z-2} = \frac{1}{z} \frac{z}{z-1} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{2}{z-2} = \frac{1}{z} \frac{1}{1-\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{1-\left(\frac{2}{z}\right)}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{z^{n+1}} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{z^n}{2^{n+1}} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{z^{n+1}} + \sum_{k=0}^{-\infty} \frac{z^{-k}}{2^{-k+1}} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} z^{-n} + \sum_{n=0}^{-\infty} 2^{n-1} z^{-n}$$

$$x_n = \begin{cases} 1 & (n > 0) \\ 2^{n-1} & (n \leq 0) \end{cases}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{z} \right)^0 + \left(\frac{1}{z} \right)^1 + \left(\frac{1}{z} \right)^2 + \dots + \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \left(\frac{z}{2} \right)^0 + \left(\frac{z}{2} \right)^1 + \left(\frac{z}{2} \right)^2 + \dots \right\}$$

converge

$$\frac{1}{z-1} - \frac{1}{z-2} = \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-2)}$$

Z.T. first

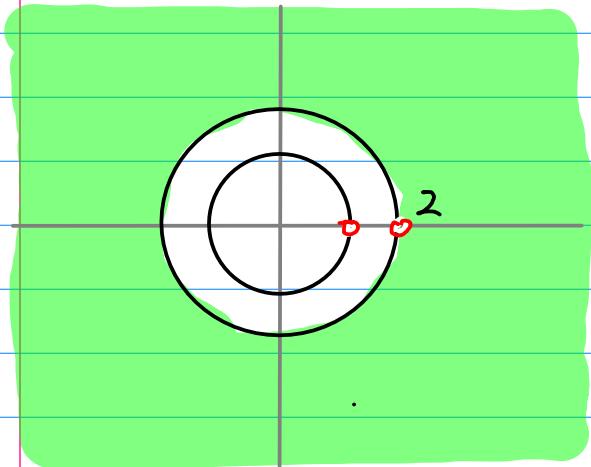
$$X(z) = \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-2)} = \frac{1}{z-1} - \frac{1}{z-2}$$

I D_1

$$|z| > 2$$

causal

$$x_n = 0 \quad (n \leq 0)$$



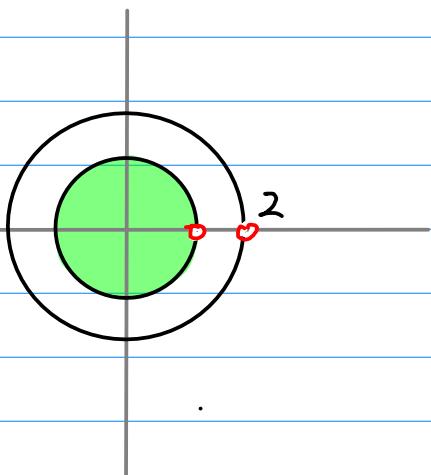
$$X(z) = \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-2)}$$

$$x_n = \begin{cases} 1 - 2^{n-1} & (n > 0) \\ 0 & (n \leq 0) \end{cases}$$

II D_3

$$|z| < 1$$

anti-causal $x_n = 0 \quad (n \geq 0)$



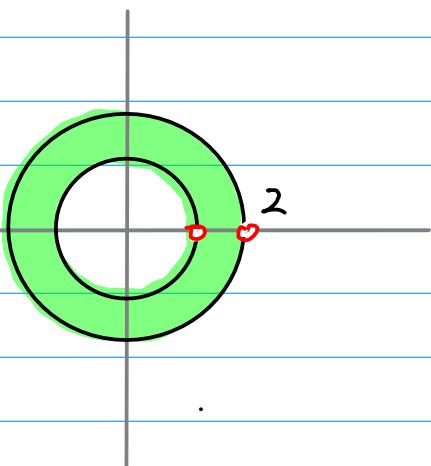
$$X(z) = \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-2)}$$

$$x_n = \begin{cases} 0 & (n > 0) \\ z^{n-1} - 1 & (n \leq 0) \end{cases}$$

III D_2

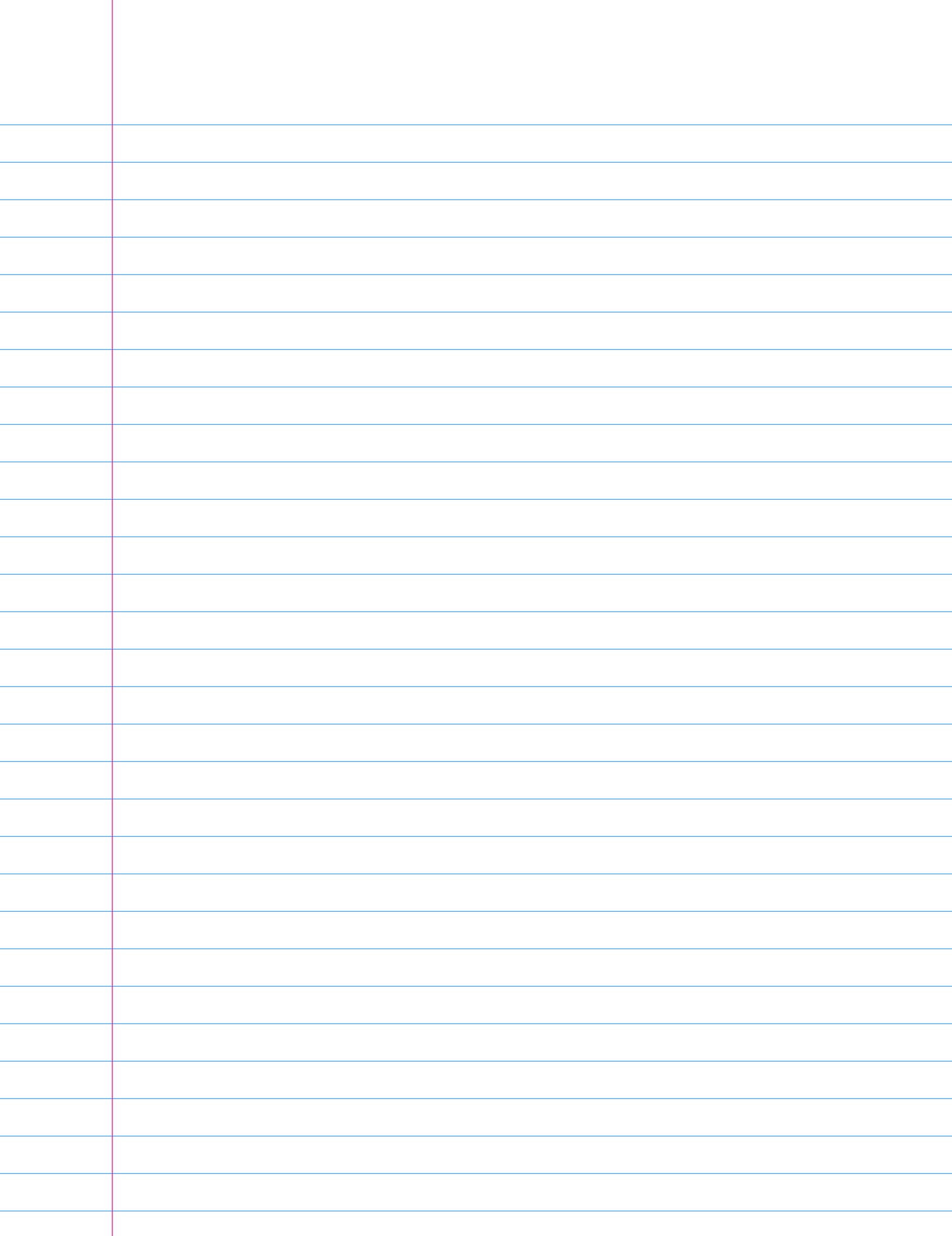
$$1 < |z| < 2$$

two-sided



$$X(z) = \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-2)}$$

$$x_n = \begin{cases} 1 & (n > 0) \\ 2^{n-1} & (n \leq 0) \end{cases}$$



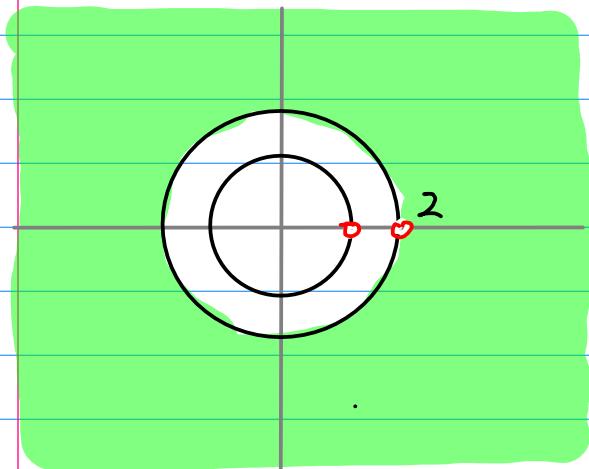
$$X(z) = \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-2)} = \frac{1}{z-1} - \frac{1}{z-2}$$

(I) D_1

$|z| > 2$

causal

$x_n=0 \quad (n < 0)$



$$\left|\frac{1}{z}\right| < 1 \quad \left|\frac{2}{z}\right| < 1$$

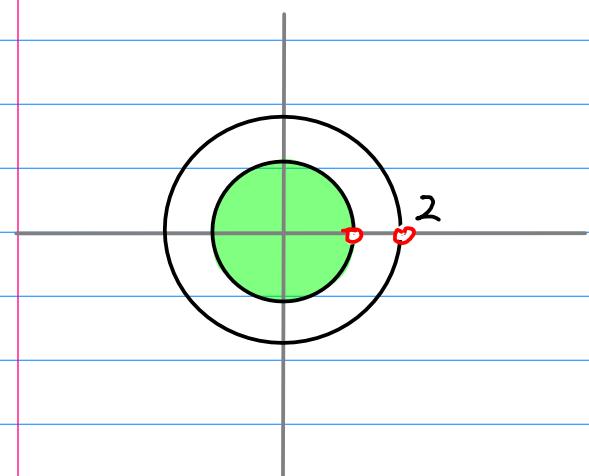
$$\begin{aligned} X(z) &= \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)}{1 - \left(\frac{1}{z}\right)} - \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)}{1 - \left(\frac{2}{z}\right)} \\ &= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 1 \cdot z^{n-1} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 2^n z^{-n-1} \\ &= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} [1 - 2^{n+1}] z^{-n} \end{aligned}$$

(II) D_3

$|z| < 1$

anti-causal

$x_n=0 \quad (n > 0)$



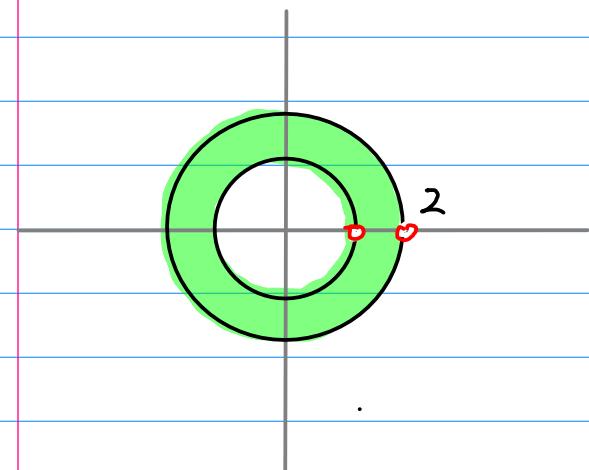
$$\left|\frac{z}{1}\right| < 1 \quad \left|\frac{z}{2}\right| < 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} X(z) &= \frac{-1}{1 - \left(\frac{z}{1}\right)} + \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{1 - \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)} \\ &= -\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} z^n - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 2^{-n-1} z^n \\ &= \sum_{n=-1}^{-\infty} [-1 + 2^{n+1}] z^{-n} \end{aligned}$$

(III) D_2

$1 < |z| < 2$

two-sided



$$\left|\frac{1}{z}\right| < 1 \quad \left|\frac{z}{2}\right| < 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} X(z) &= \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)}{1 - \left(\frac{1}{z}\right)} + \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)}{1 - \left(\frac{2}{z}\right)} \\ &= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 1 \cdot z^{-n-1} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 2^{-n-1} z^n \\ &= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} z^{-n} + \sum_{n=0}^{-\infty} 2^{n-1} \cdot z^{-n} \end{aligned}$$

Z.T. first

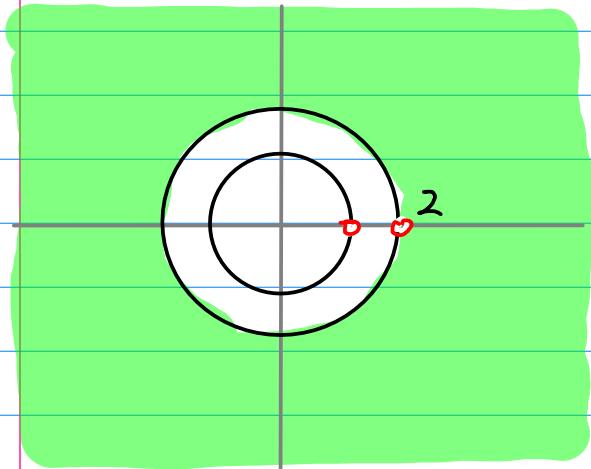
$$X(z) = \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-2)} = \frac{1}{z-1} - \frac{1}{z-2}$$

① D₁

$$|z| > 2$$

causal

$$x_n = 0 \quad (n < 0)$$



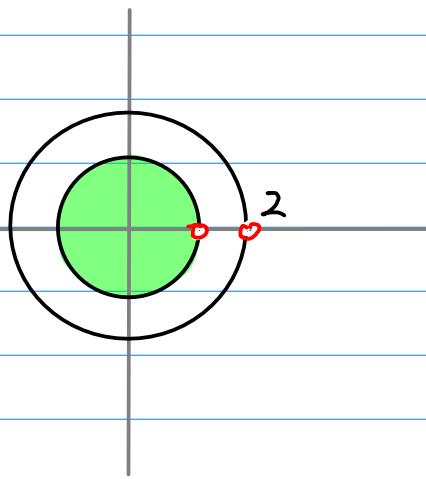
$$X(z) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} [1 - z^{-n+1}] z^{-n}$$

② D₃

$$|z| < 1$$

anti-causal

$$x_n = 0 \quad (n > 0)$$

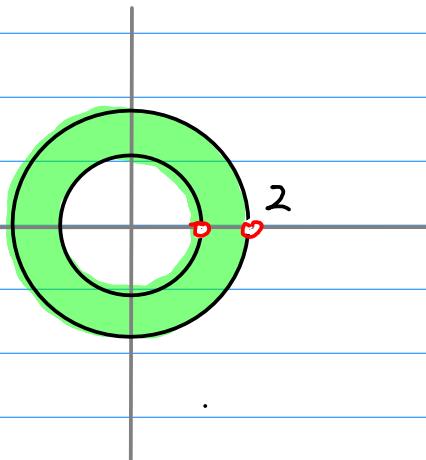


$$X(z) = \sum_{n=-1}^{\infty} [-1 + 2^{n-1}] z^{-n}$$

③ D₂

$$1 < |z| < 2$$

two-sided

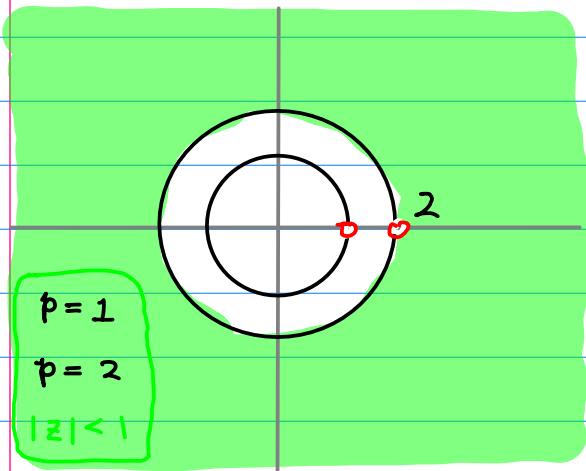


$$X(z) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} z^{-n} + \sum_{n=0}^{-\infty} 2^{n-1} \cdot z^{-n}$$

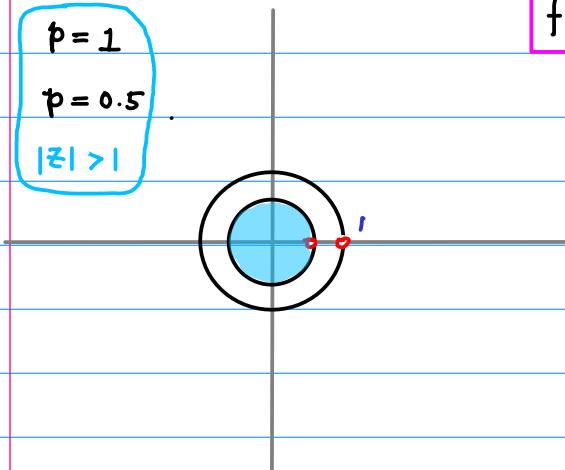
Z.T. first
① - 1

$$X(z) = \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-2)} \quad f(z) =$$

① $D_1 \quad |z| > 2 \quad \left[\left| \frac{1}{z} \right| < 1, \quad \left| \frac{2}{z} \right| < 1 \right]$



$$\begin{aligned} X(z) &= \frac{1}{z-1} - \frac{1}{z-2} \\ &= \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)}{1-\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)} - \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)}{1-\left(\frac{2}{z}\right)} \\ &= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 1 z^{-n-1} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 2^n z^{-n-1} \\ &= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} [1 - 2^{n-1}] z^{-n} \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} f(z) = X(z^{-1}) &= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} [1 - 2^{n-1}] z^n \\ &= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 1 \cdot z^n - 2^{n-1} \cdot z^n \\ &= \frac{z}{1 - \left(\frac{z}{1}\right)} - \frac{z}{1 - \left(\frac{2z}{1}\right)} \\ &= -\frac{z}{z-1} + \frac{0.5z}{(z-0.5)} \\ &= \frac{-z + 0.5 + 0.5z - 0.5}{(z-1)(z-0.5)} z \\ &= \frac{-0.5z^2}{(z-1)(z-0.5)} \end{aligned}$$

$$X(z) = \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-2)}$$

$$X(z^{-1}) = \frac{-1}{(z^{-1}-1)(z^{-1}-2)} = \frac{-z^2}{(1-z)(1-2z)} = \frac{-0.5z^2}{(z-1)(z-0.5)} = f(z)$$

Z.T. first

II - I

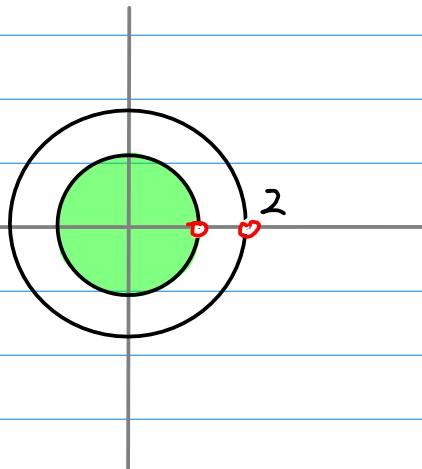
$$X(z) = \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-2)} \quad f(z) =$$

II D_2

$$|z| < 1$$

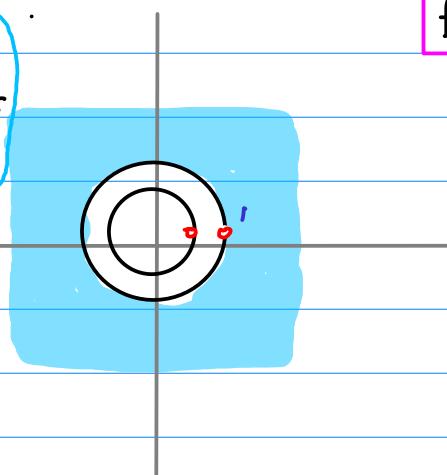
$$\left[\left| \frac{z}{1} \right| < 1, \quad \left| \frac{z}{2} \right| < 1 \right]$$

$p=1$
 $p=2$
 $|z| > 2$



$$\begin{aligned}
 X(z) &= \frac{1}{z-1} - \frac{1}{z-2} \\
 &= \frac{-1}{1-(\frac{z}{1})} + \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{1-(\frac{z}{2})} \\
 &= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)(\frac{z}{1})^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (\frac{1}{2})(\frac{z}{2})^n \\
 &= -\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 1 \cdot z^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 2^{-n-1} z^n \\
 &= \sum_{n=0}^{-\infty} [-1 + 2^{n-1}] z^{-n}
 \end{aligned}$$

$p=1$
 $p=0.5$
 $|z| < \frac{1}{2}$



$$\begin{aligned}
 f(z) = X(z^{-1}) &= \sum_{n=0}^{-\infty} [-1 + 2^{n-1}] z^n \\
 &= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} -1 \cdot z^{-n} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 2^{-n-1} \cdot z^{-n} \\
 &= -\frac{1}{1-(\frac{1}{z})} + \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{1-(\frac{1}{2z})} \\
 &= -\frac{z}{z-1} + \frac{0.5z}{z-0.5} \\
 &= \frac{-z+0.5+0.5z-0.5}{(z-1)(z-0.5)} z \\
 &= \frac{-0.5z^2}{(z-1)(z-0.5)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$X(z) = \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-2)}$$

$$X(z^{-1}) = \frac{-1}{(z^{-1}-1)(z^{-1}-2)} = \frac{-z^2}{(1-z)(1-2z)} = \frac{-0.5z^2}{(z-1)(z-0.5)} = f(z)$$

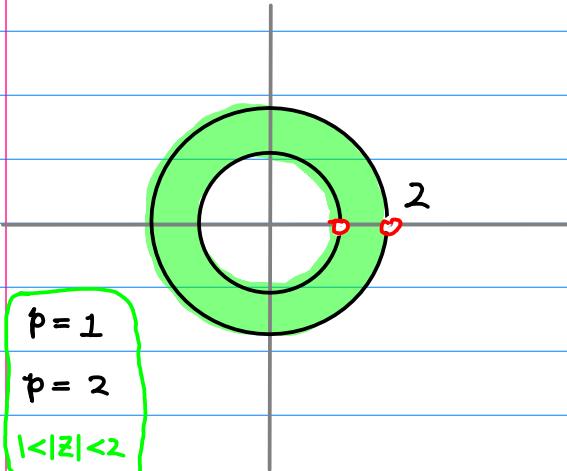
Z.T. first

III - I

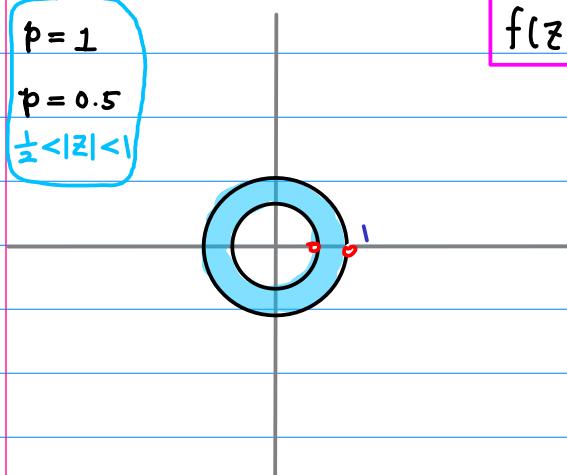
$$X(z) = \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-2)} \quad f(z) =$$

III $D_3 \quad 1 < |z| < 2$

$$\left[\left| \frac{1}{z} \right| < 1, \quad \left| \frac{z}{2} \right| < 1 \right]$$



$$\begin{aligned} X(z) &= \frac{1}{z-1} - \frac{1}{z-2} \\ &= \frac{\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)}{1-\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)} + \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)}{1-\left(\frac{1}{2z}\right)} \\ &= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{z}\right) \left(\frac{1}{z}\right)^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{2z}\right)^n \\ &= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} z^{-n-1} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 2^{-n-1} z^n \\ &= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} z^{-n} + \sum_{n=0}^{-\infty} 2^{n-1} \cdot z^{-n} \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} f(z) = X(z^{-1}) &= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} z^n + \sum_{n=0}^{-\infty} 2^{n-1} \cdot z^n \\ &= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} z^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 2^{-n-1} \cdot z^{-n} \\ &= \frac{\left(\frac{z}{1}\right)}{1-\left(\frac{z}{1}\right)} + \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)}{1-\left(\frac{1}{2z}\right)} \\ &= \frac{-z}{z-1} + \frac{0.5z}{z-0.5} \\ &= \frac{-z+0.5+0.5z-0.5}{(z-1)(z-0.5)} z \\ &= \frac{-0.5z^2}{(z-1)(z-0.5)} \end{aligned}$$

$$X(z) = \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-2)}$$

$$X(z^{-1}) = \frac{-1}{(z^{-1}-1)(z^{-1}-2)} = \frac{-z^2}{(1-z)(1-2z)} = \frac{-0.5z^2}{(z-1)(z-0.5)} = f(z)$$

