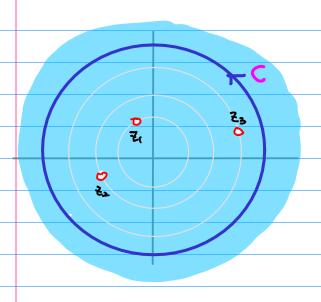
Laurent Series with z-Transform

20170522

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Series Expansion at Z=0

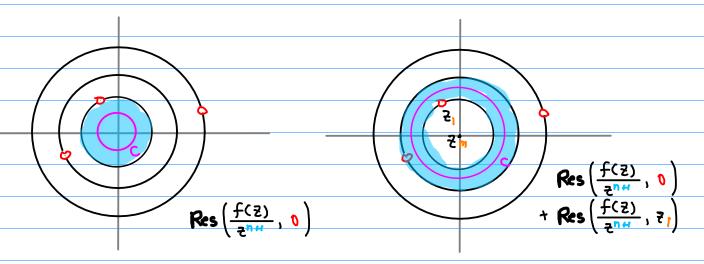


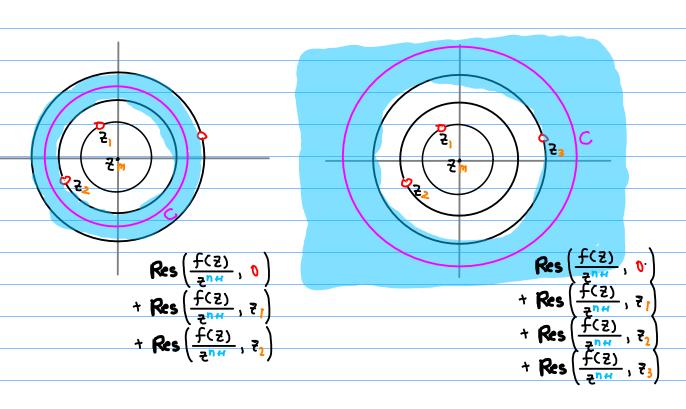
$$f(z) = \sum_{n=n_1}^{\infty} a_n^{(m)} z^n$$

$$\alpha_n^{(m)} = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_C \frac{f(z)}{z^{nn}} dz$$
$$= \sum_{k} \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{f(z)}{z^{nn}}, z_k\right)$$

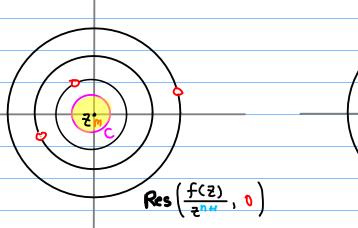
Poles Zh

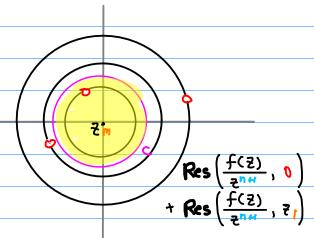
$$\mathcal{N} \geqslant 0$$
 $\mathcal{E}_1, \mathcal{E}_2, \mathcal{E}_3, 0$ $\mathcal{E}_1, \mathcal{E}_2, \mathcal{E}_3$

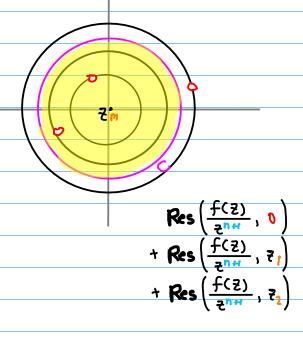


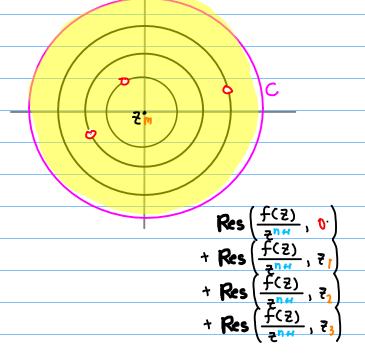


$$(N)$$
 (N) (N)









* General Series Expansion at Z=0

$$f(z) = \sum_{n=N_1}^{\infty} a_n z^n$$

$$\alpha_{n} = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_{C} \frac{f(z)}{z^{nH}} dz$$

$$= \sum_{k} Res(\frac{f(z)}{z^{nH}}, z_{k})$$

* Z-transform

$$\chi(z) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \chi_k z^{-k}$$

$$X_{n} = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_{C} \chi(z) z^{n+1} dz$$

$$= \sum_{k} \text{Res}(\chi(z) z^{n+1}, z_{k})$$

Inverse z-Transform
$$x[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_C X(z) z^m dz$$

$$\chi(z) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \chi_k z^{-k}$$

$$\overline{\xi}^{n+} X(\overline{\epsilon}) = \left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} x_k \overline{\xi}^{-k}\right) \overline{\xi}^{n+} \qquad \int \overline{\xi}^{n+} L_{HS} d\overline{\epsilon} = \int k_{HS} \overline{\xi}^{n+} d\overline{\epsilon}$$

$$=\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\chi_{k} z^{-k+n-1} \qquad \qquad [0,\infty)=[0,n+] \cup [n+1,\infty)$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \chi_{k} z^{-k+n-1} + \sum_{k=1}^{n} \chi_{k} z^{-k+n-1} + \sum_{k=n+1}^{\infty} \chi_{k} z^{-k+n-1}$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \chi_{k} z^{-k+n-1} + \frac{\chi_{n}}{z^{1}} + \sum_{k=n+1}^{\infty} \frac{\chi_{k}}{z^{k-n+1}}$$

$$\int_{C} \chi(z) z^{n-1} dz = \int_{c}^{\infty} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \chi_{k} z^{-k+n-1} dz + \int_{c}^{\infty} \frac{\chi_{n}}{z^{1}} dz + \int_{c}^{\infty} \frac{\chi_{k}}{z^{k-n+1}} dz$$

$$= \int_{c}^{\infty} \chi_{k} z^{-k+n-1} dz + \chi_{n} \int_{c}^{\infty} \frac{1}{z^{1}} dz + \int_{c}^{\infty} \chi_{k} \int_{c}^{\infty} \frac{\chi_{k-n+1}}{z^{k-n+1}} dz$$

$$= \int_{c}^{\infty} \chi_{k} z^{-k+n-1} dz + \chi_{n} z^{-k+n-1} dz + \int_{c}^{\infty} \chi_{k} z^{-k+n-1} dz$$

$$= \int_{c}^{\infty} \chi_{k} z^{-k+n-1} dz + \chi_{n} z^{-k+n-1} dz + \int_{c}^{\infty} \chi_{k} z^{-k+n-1} dz$$

$$\chi[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int \chi(z) z^{n-1} dz$$

XLZ) Z - Transform

flz) Laurent Series

z-Transform

f(7) Laurent Series

$$\chi(\frac{1}{4}) = f(\frac{1}{4})$$



$$\chi(z) = f(z^{-1})$$
 $\chi_n = (\lambda_n)$

z-Transform

Laurent Series

$$\chi(z) = f(z)$$
 \longrightarrow $\chi_n = (\lambda_n)$



$$\chi_{n} = (\lambda_{-n})$$

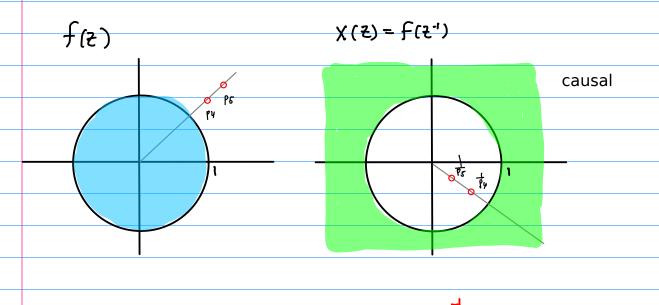
$$X(z) = f(z^4)$$
, $x_n = a_n$

$$f(z) = \cdots + \alpha_{-2} z^{-2} + \alpha_{-1} z^{-1} + \alpha_{0} z^{0} + \alpha_{1} z^{1} + \alpha_{2} z^{2} + \cdots$$

$$f(z^{-1}) = \cdots + \alpha_{-2} z^{-2} + \alpha_{-1} z^{1} + \alpha_{0} z^{0} + \alpha_{1} z^{1} + \alpha_{2} z^{2} + \cdots$$

$$x(z) = \cdots + x_{-1} z^{-2} + x_{-1} z^{1} + x_{0} z^{0} + x_{1} z^{1} + x_{1} z^{2} + x_{1} z^{2} + \cdots$$

$$f(z^{-1}) = \chi(z)$$
 $\Diamond_n = \chi_n$



$$X(2) = f(21)$$
, $x_n = 0$

$$f(z) = \cdots + \Omega_{2}z^{2} + \Omega_{1}z^{1} + \Omega_{0}z^{0} + \Omega_{1}z^{1} + \Omega_{2}z^{2} + \cdots$$

$$f(z^{1}) = \cdots + \Omega_{2}z^{1} + \Omega_{1}z^{1} + \Omega_{0}z^{0} + \Omega_{1}z^{1} + \Omega_{2}z^{2} + \cdots$$

$$f(z)$$
 ... a_2 a_1 a_0 a_1 a_2 ... $f(z^1)$... a_2 a_1 a_0 a_1 a_2 ...

z-Transform
$$\chi(2)$$
 χ_{N}

Laurent Series
$$f(2)$$

$$\chi(z) = f(z^{1})$$
 \longrightarrow $\chi_{n} = (\lambda_{n})$

$$X(z) = f(z^4)$$
, $x_n = a_n$

$$\chi_n$$
 $\chi(\xi)$ $\chi(\xi)$ $\chi(\xi)$ $\chi(\xi)$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_C \frac{f(z)}{z^{nH}} dz$$

$$= \sum_{k} \operatorname{Res}(\frac{f(z)}{z^{nH}}, z_k)$$

$$\alpha'_{n} = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_{C} \frac{f(z')}{z^{n}} dz$$

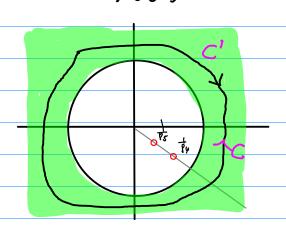
$$= \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_{C} f(z') z^{-n} dz$$

$$a_n = \sum_k \operatorname{Res}(\frac{f(z)}{z^{n_k}}, z_k)$$

f(z)

$$X_n = \sum_k Res(X(2) 2^{n-1}, 2_k)$$

X(Z)=f(77)



causal

$$X(z) = f(z)$$
, $x_n = a_{-n}$

$$\chi(\frac{7}{4}) = \cdots + \chi_{2} \xi^{2} + \chi_{1} \xi^{1} + \chi_{0} \xi^{0} + \chi_{1} \xi^{1} + \chi_{2} \xi^{2} + \cdots$$

$$= \cdots + \chi_{2} \xi^{2} + \chi_{1} \xi^{1} + \chi_{0} \xi^{0} + \chi_{1} \xi^{1} + \chi_{2} \xi^{1} + \cdots$$

$$+ \chi_{2} \xi^{2} + \chi_{1} \xi^{1} + \chi_{0} \xi^{0} + \chi_{1} \xi^{1} + \chi_{2} \xi^{1} + \cdots$$

$$+ \chi_{2} \xi^{2} + \chi_{1} \xi^{1} + \chi_{0} \xi^{0} + \chi_{1} \xi^{1} + \chi_{2} \xi^{1} + \cdots$$

$$f(z) = \chi(z)$$
 \longleftrightarrow $(\lambda_n = \chi_n)$

$$X(z) = f(z)$$
, $X_n = \alpha_{-n}$

$$f(z) = \cdots + \alpha_2 z^2 + \alpha_1 z^1 + \alpha_0 z^0 + \alpha_1 z^1 + \alpha_2 z^2 + \cdots$$

$$f(z)$$
 \cdots A_{-2} A_{1} A_{0} A_{1} A_{2} \cdots

$$\chi(z)$$
 ... χ_2 χ_1 χ_2 ...

$$\chi(\frac{1}{2})$$
 \longrightarrow χ_{n}

Laurent Series
$$f(\frac{1}{2})$$

$$\chi(\frac{1}{2}) = f(\frac{1}{2})$$
 $\chi_n = (\lambda_n)$

$$X(z) = f(z)$$
, $x_n = a_{-n}$

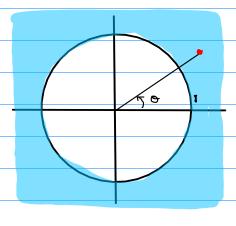
$$f(t) = \chi(t) \iff 0 - n = \chi_n$$

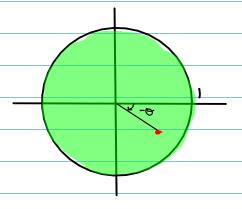
$$\partial_{\eta} = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_{C} \frac{\chi_{(z)}}{z^{\eta_{H}}} dz = \sum_{k} \operatorname{Res}(\frac{\chi_{(z)}}{z^{\eta_{H}}}, z_{k})$$

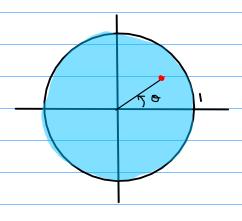
$$\chi_{\eta} = \Omega_{-\eta} = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_{C} \frac{\chi_{(z)}}{z^{-\eta_{H}}} dz = \sum_{k} \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{\chi_{(z)}}{z^{-\eta_{H}}}, z_{k}\right)$$

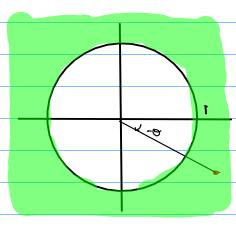
$$X_n = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_C \chi(z) z^{n-1} dz = \sum_k \text{Res}(\chi(z) z^{n-1}, z_k)$$

Mapping W= =





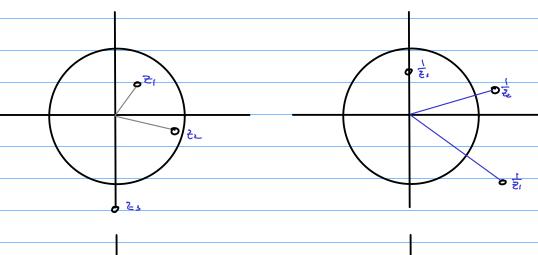


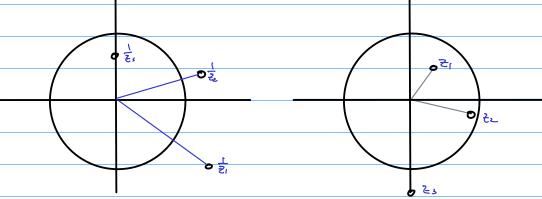


$$f(z) = \frac{(z-z_1)(z-z_2)}{(z-p_1)(z-p_2)(z-p_3)}$$

$$f(\frac{1}{2^{4}}) = \frac{(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2})(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2})}{(\frac{1}{2} - p_{1})(\frac{1}{2} - p_{2})(\frac{1}{2} - p_{2})}$$

$$= \frac{(1 - \frac{1}{2})(1 - \frac{1}{2})}{(1 - \frac{1}{2})(1 - \frac{1}{2})} \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{2^{2}}, \frac{1}{2^{2}}$$





$$h(z) = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{p}{2}} = \frac{5}{5 - p} \qquad \left| \frac{p}{5} \right| < 1 \qquad |5| > p$$

$$g(\xi^{-1}) = \frac{b^{-1} - \xi^{-1}}{b^{-1} - \xi^{-1}} = \frac{\xi - b}{\xi}$$

$$f(z^{-1}) = \frac{z^{-1}}{z^{-1} - b} = \frac{b^{-1}}{b^{-1} - z}$$

$$\frac{b^{-1}}{b^{-1}} \Rightarrow b^{-1} - \xi \rightarrow 0 \qquad \boxed{b^{-1} \rightarrow 1}$$

$$A_{n} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n} \left(n \ge 0\right)$$

$$= p^{-n} \left(n \ge 0\right) p = 2$$

$$\int (\xi) = \frac{2}{2 - \xi}$$

$$\chi_{n} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n} \left(\frac{n}{2}\right)$$

$$= p^{n} \left(\frac{n}{2}\right)$$

$$\chi_{n} = \frac{\xi}{\xi - 0.5}$$

$$A_{n} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-n} \quad (m \le 0)$$

$$= p^{-n} \quad (m \le 0) \quad p = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$f(z) = \frac{z}{2 - 0.5}$$

$$\chi_{n} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-n} \quad (n \leq 0)$$

$$= p^{n} \quad (n \leq 0) \quad p = 2$$

$$\chi(\xi) = \frac{2}{2 - \xi}$$

$$A_{n} = b^{n} \quad (n \geqslant 0)$$

$$= p^{-n} \quad (n \geqslant 0) \quad p = b^{-1}$$

$$f(z) = \frac{b^{-1}}{b^{n} - z}$$

$$X_{n} = b^{-1}(n \ge 0)$$

$$= p^{n}(n \ge 0) \quad P = b$$

$$X(2) = \frac{2}{2 - b}$$

$$A_{n} = b^{-n} \quad (m \le 0)$$

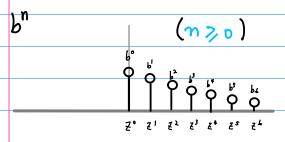
$$= p^{-n} \quad (m \le 0) \quad P = b$$

$$f(t) = \frac{\epsilon}{\epsilon - b}$$

$$x_{n} = b^{-1} (n \le 0)$$

$$= p^{n} (n \le 0) P = b^{-1}$$

$$X(2) = \frac{b^{1} - 2}{b^{1} - 2}$$



$$\chi(\xi^4) = \frac{\xi^4}{\xi^4 - 0.5}$$
 |\frac{1}{2} < 2

$$f(z) = \frac{2}{2-z} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (\frac{1}{2})^n z^n$$

$$\chi(z) = \frac{z}{z - 0.5} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n z^{-n}$$

$$A_{n} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n}$$

$$= p^{-n} \qquad p=2$$

$$\chi_{n} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n}$$

$$= p^{n} \qquad p = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\chi(z^i) = \frac{2}{2-z^i} \qquad |z| > \frac{1}{2}$$

$$f(z) = \frac{z}{z - 0.5} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-n} z^{n}$$
$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n} z^{-n}$$

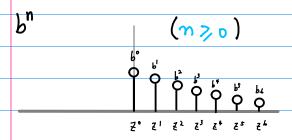
$$\begin{cases} (\xi) = \frac{2}{2 - 0.5} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{0} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-n} \xi^{n} & \chi(\xi) = \frac{2}{2 - 2} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{0} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-n} \xi^{-n} \\ = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n} \xi^{-n} & = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n} \xi^{n} \end{cases}$$

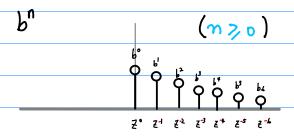
$$A_n = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-n}$$

$$= p^{-n} \qquad p = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\mathcal{K}_{n} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-n}$$

$$= \rho^{n} \qquad \qquad p = 2$$





$$\chi(\xi_1) = \frac{\xi_1 - p}{\xi_1} \qquad |\xi| < p_1$$

$$f(z) = \frac{b' - z}{b' - z} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} b^n z^n$$

$$\chi(s) = \frac{5 - p}{5} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} p_n s^{-n}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl}
\mathcal{A}_{n} &= & \mathbf{b}^{n} \\
 &= & \mathbf{p}^{-n} & \mathbf{p} = \mathbf{b}^{1}
\end{array}$$

$$x_n = b^n$$

$$= p^n$$

$$b^{-n} \qquad \qquad (n \leq 0)$$

$$\chi(s_i) = \frac{p_i - s_i}{p_i} \qquad |s| > p$$

$$\begin{cases} (\xi) = \frac{z}{z - b} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} b^{-n} z^{n} & \chi(z) = \frac{b^{-1} - z}{b^{-1} - z} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} b^{-n} z^{-n} \\ = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} b^{n} z^{-n} & = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} b^{n} z^{n} \end{cases}$$

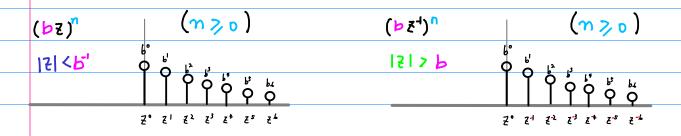
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{(z)}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{z^{2}}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt$$

$$a_n = b^{-n}$$

$$= p^{-n} \qquad p = b$$

$$x_n = b^{-n}$$

$$= p^n \qquad p = b^{-1}$$

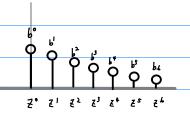


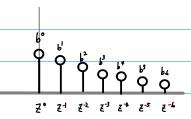
$$f(\xi) = \frac{1 - p \xi}{1 - p \xi} = \frac{p_1 - \xi}{p_2}$$

$$\chi(z) = \frac{1}{1 - b/z} = \frac{z}{z - b}$$

$$\begin{cases} (z) = \frac{1 - (p \pm 1)}{1} = \frac{5 - p}{5} & (p \pm 1) = \frac{p - p}{5} \\ (p \pm 1) = \frac{1 - (p \pm 1)}{1} = \frac{5 - p}{5} & (p \pm 1) = \frac{p - p}{5} \\ (p \pm 1) = \frac{1 - (p \pm 1)}{1} = \frac{p - p}{5} \\ (p \pm 1) = \frac{p - p}{5} \end{cases}$$

$$a_n = b^{-n}$$
 $x_n = b^{-n}$
= p^{-n} $b = b$ = p^n $p = b^{-1}$





$$f(\xi) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (|b\xi|^n) |b\xi| < |$$

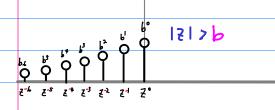
$$\chi(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (bz^{-1})^{n} |bz^{-1}| < |$$

$$a_n = b^n$$

$$= p^{-n} \qquad p = b^1$$

$$x_n = b^n$$

$$= p^n \qquad p = b$$



$$f(\xi) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} (\lfloor b \xi^{-1} \rfloor^{-n} |\lfloor b \xi^{-1} \rfloor^{-n})$$

$$= \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} (\lfloor b \xi^{-1} \rfloor^{n})$$

$$\chi(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} (bz)^{-n} |bz| < 1$$

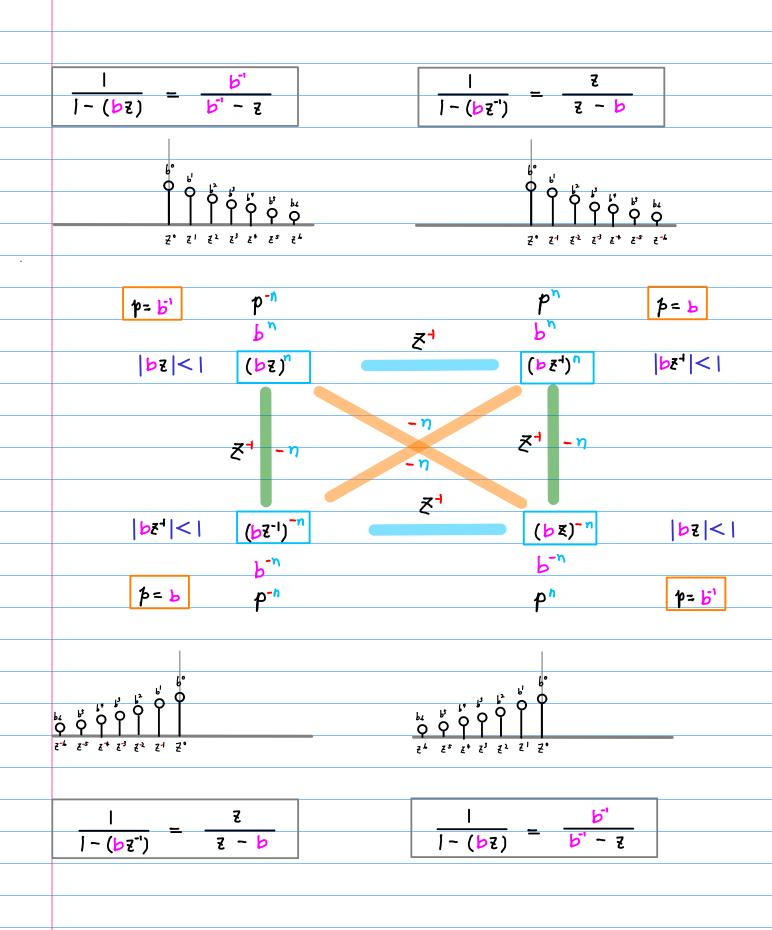
$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (bz)^{n}$$

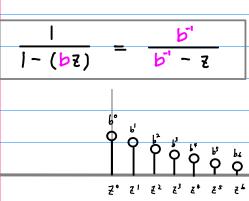
$$a_n = b^{-n}$$

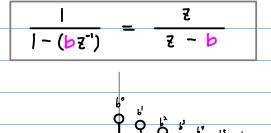
$$= p^{-n} \qquad b = b$$

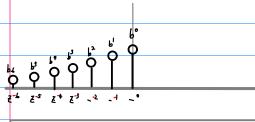
$$x_n = b^{-n}$$

$$= p^n \qquad p = b^{-1}$$





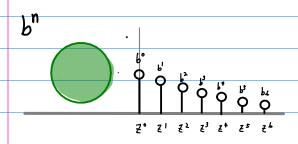


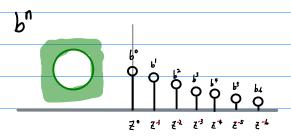


$$\frac{1}{1-(bz)}=\frac{b'}{b'-z}$$

$$\chi_{n} = \alpha_{-n}$$

$$\chi_{n} = \alpha_{-n} \qquad \chi(z) = f(z)$$





$$f(\xi) = \frac{|-(P\xi)|}{|-(P\xi)|} \qquad |\xi| < P_2$$

$$\chi(s) = \frac{1 - (p/s)}{1 - (p/s)}$$

$$a_n = b^n \quad (n > 0)$$

$$= p^{-n} \quad (p = b^1)$$

$$x_n = b^n \quad (n > 0)$$

$$= p^n \quad (p = b)$$

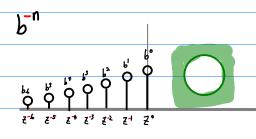
$$\chi(s) = \frac{|-(Ps)|}{|s| < P_1}$$

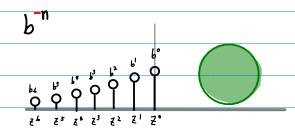
$$a_n = b^{-n} \quad (n \le 0)$$

$$= p^{-n} \quad (p = b)$$

$$x_n = b^{-n} \quad (n \leq 0)$$

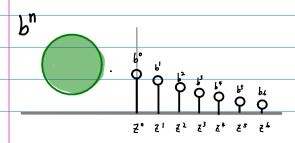
$$= p^n \quad (p = b^{-1})$$





$$\chi_{n} = \alpha_{n}$$

$$\chi_{n} = \alpha_{n} \qquad \chi(z) = f(z^{-1})$$



$$\{(\xi) = \frac{|-(p \cdot \xi)|}{|-(p \cdot \xi)|} \quad |\xi| < p_1$$

$$a_n = b^n \quad (n \ge 0)$$

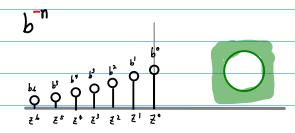
$$\chi_n = b^n \quad (n > 0)$$

$$\begin{cases} (\xi) = \frac{1 - (P/S)}{1} & |S| > P \end{cases}$$

$$\chi(s) = \frac{1 - (PS)}{1} |S| < P_1$$

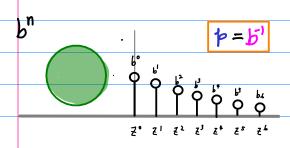
$$a_n = b^n \quad (n \leq 0)$$

$$\chi_n = b^{-n} (n \leq 0)$$



$$\alpha_n = p^n$$

$$x_n = p^{-n}$$



$$f(\xi) = \frac{1}{1 - (b \, \xi)} \qquad |\xi| < \frac{b^{-1}}{1}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{(z')}} = \frac{1}{1 - (\frac{b}{2})} = \frac{1}{|z|} > \frac{b}{|z|}$$

$$a_n = p^{-n} \quad (n > 0)$$

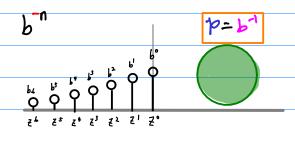
$$x_n = p^n \quad (n \geqslant 0)$$

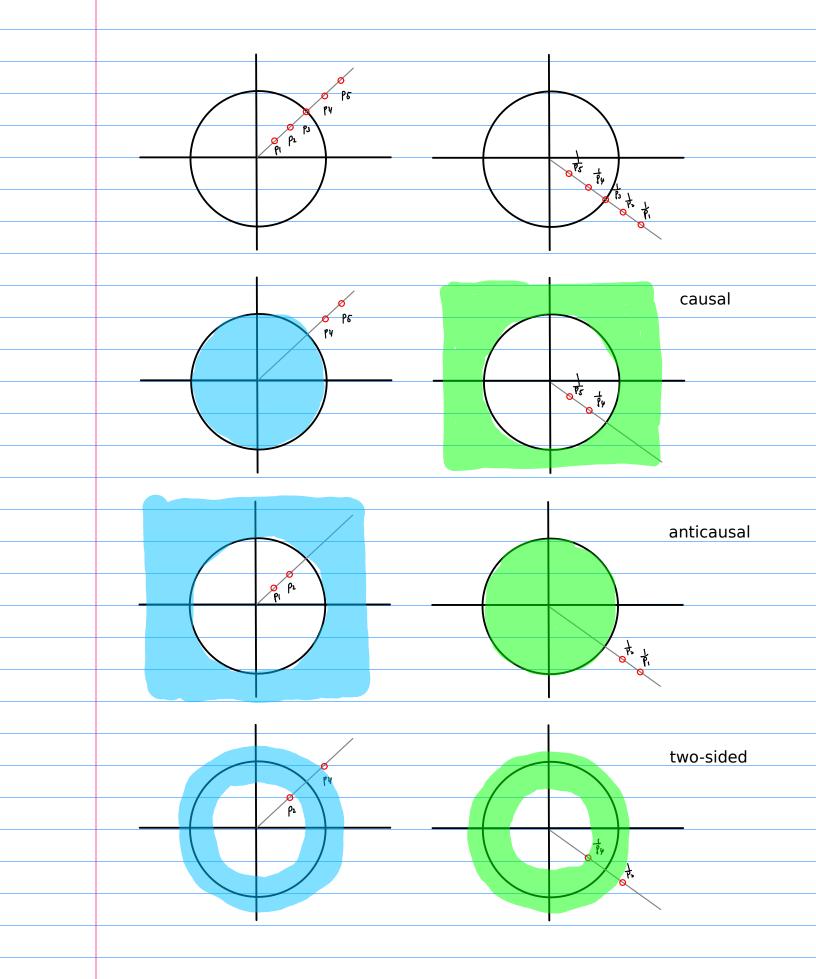
$$f(z) = \frac{1 - (b/z)}{1 + (b/z)}$$

$$\chi(s) = \frac{|-(Ps)|}{|-(Ps)|} |s| < P_4$$

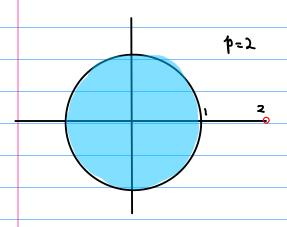
$$a_n = p^{-n} \quad (n \leq 0)$$

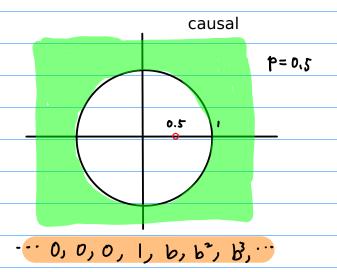
$$x_n = p^n \quad (n \leq 0)$$





Causal





$$f(z) = \chi(z^{-1}) = \frac{z^{-1}}{z^{-1} - o.5}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 - o.5 z} = \frac{2}{2 - z}$$

$$\chi(z) = \sum_{N=-\infty}^{\infty} \chi_N z^{-N} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{b}{z}\right)^n$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b}{z}} = \frac{z}{z - b} \qquad b \leftarrow 0.5$$

$$\alpha_{n} = \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{f(2)}{2^{nH}}, 0\right) > 0$$

$$= \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{2}{2^{nH}(2-7)}, 0\right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n} (n > 0)$$

 $\chi(z) = \frac{z}{7 - 0.0}$

$$f(z) = | + (\frac{1}{2})^{3} z^{3} + (\frac{1}{2})^{3} z^{3} + \cdots$$

$$(\lambda_{0} = | \alpha_{1} = (\frac{1}{2}))$$

$$(\lambda_{2} = (\frac{1}{2})^{2}$$

$$(\lambda_{3} = (\frac{1}{2})^{3})$$

$$\chi(z) = | + (\frac{1}{2})z^{+} + (\frac{1}{2})^{2}z^{-2} + \cdots$$

$$\chi_{0} = |$$

$$\chi_{1} = (\frac{1}{2})$$

$$\chi_{2} = (\frac{1}{2})^{2}$$

$$\chi_{3} = (\frac{1}{2})^{3}$$

$$f(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} {\binom{1}{2}}^n z^n$$

$$\chi(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n z^{-n}$$

$$Q_n = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n$$

$$\chi_n = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n$$

$$\operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{2}{2^{\frac{1}{2}}(2-2)}, \frac{1}{2}\right) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n$$

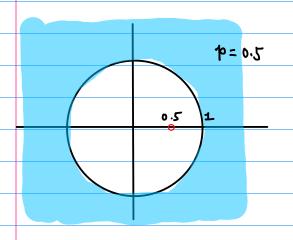
N=0
$$\operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{2}{\zeta'(2-\overline{\zeta})}, \frac{1}{2}\right) = 1$$

$$\operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{2}{z^{2}(2-z)}, \sigma\right) = \frac{2}{1!} \frac{d}{dz} \frac{1}{z-z}\Big|_{z=0} = \frac{2}{(2-z)^{2}} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2}$$

$$f(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n z^n = \left[1 + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)z^1 + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 z^2 + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^3 z^3 + \cdots\right]$$

$$X(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n z^{-n} = 1 + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) z^{-1} + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 z^{-2} + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^3 z^{-3} + \cdots$$

Anti-causal



anticausal

anticousal

$$f(z) = \chi(z^1) = \frac{2}{2-z^{-1}}$$

$$=\frac{28}{28-1}=\frac{8}{8-0.5}$$

$$\chi(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \chi_n \, z^{-n} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} (\beta z)^n$$

$$= \frac{1 - PS}{1} = \frac{P_1 - S}{P_2} \qquad P \leftarrow 0.2$$

$$a_n = \operatorname{Res}(\frac{f(z)}{z^{nn}}, \frac{1}{2}) \quad n \leq 0$$

$$= \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{z}{z^{\text{MH}}(z-vs)}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$=\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n (n \leq 0)$$

$$\chi(\xi) = \frac{2}{2-2} = \frac{-2}{\xi-2}$$

$$f(z) = | + (\frac{1}{2})^{-1} z^{-1} + (\frac{1}{2})^{-2} z^{-2} + (\frac{1}{2})^{-2} z^{-3} + \cdots$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} (A_0 = 1) & = 20 \\ (A_1 = 1)^{\frac{1}{2}} & = 2^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ (A_{-2} = 1)^{\frac{1}{2}} & = 2^{\frac{1}{2}} \end{array}$$

$$\Lambda_{-1} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-2} = 2^2$$

$$Q_{-3} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-3} = 2^3$$

$$\chi(z) = (1 + (\frac{1}{2})z' + (\frac{1}{2})^2 z^2 + (\frac{1}{2})^2 z^3 + \cdots$$

$$X_{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}^{1} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}^{-(-1)}$$

$$\chi_{-2} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\nu} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-(-2)}$$

$$\chi_{-3} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^3 = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-(-3)}$$

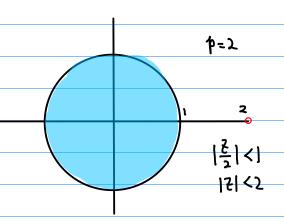
$$f(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} (\frac{1}{2})^{-n} z^n \quad (a_n = 0, n > 0)$$

$$\chi(z) = \sum_{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n z^{-n} \quad (x_n = 0, n > 0)$$

$$\Omega_n = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-n} \qquad (n \le 0)$$

$$I_n = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-n} \qquad \left(n \leq 0\right)$$

Summary

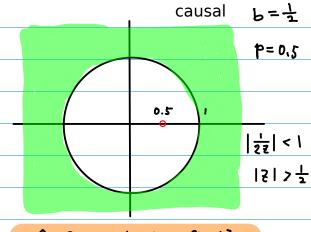


$$\chi(\xi^{-1}) = \frac{\xi^{-1} - 0.\sqrt{1}}{\xi^{-1} - 0.\sqrt{1}} = \frac{1}{1 - (\xi/1)}$$

$$f(z) = \frac{2}{2-z} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (\frac{1}{2})^n z^n$$

$$A_{n} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n} \left(n \geqslant 0\right)$$

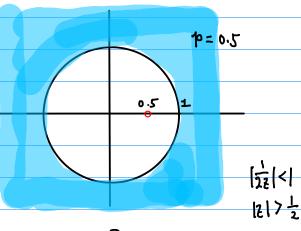
$$= p^{-n} \left(n \geqslant 0\right) p = 2$$



$$\chi(z) = \frac{Z}{Z - 0.5} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n z^{-n}$$

$$\mathcal{X}_{n} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n} \left(n \geqslant 0\right)$$

$$= p^{n} \left(n \geqslant 0\right) \qquad \beta = \frac{1}{2}$$

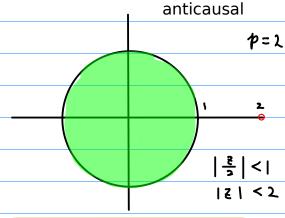


$$\chi(z^{-1}) = \frac{2}{2-z^{-1}}$$

$$f(z) = \frac{z}{z - 0.5} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} (\frac{1}{2})^{-n} z^n$$

$$\alpha_n = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n \quad (n \le 0)$$

$$= p^{-n} \quad (n \le 0) \quad p = \frac{1}{2}$$

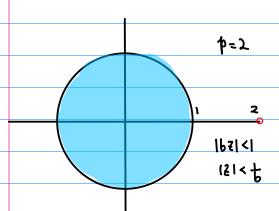


··· , b, b, b, 1, 0, 0, 0, ··

$$\chi(z) = \frac{2}{2-z} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} (\frac{1}{2})^{-n} z^{-n}$$

$$\mathcal{K}_{n} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-n} \left(n \leqslant 0\right)$$

$$= p^{n} \left(n \leqslant 0\right) \quad p = 2$$

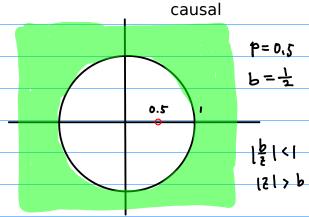


$$= (75)_{0} + (75)_{1} + (75)_{2} + \cdots$$

$$\times (5_{-1}) = \frac{5_{-1}}{5_{-1}} = \frac{1 - 76}{1}$$

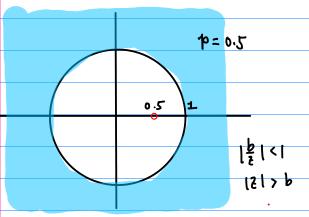
$$f(z) = \frac{b^{-1}}{b^{-1}-z} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} b^n z^n$$

$$a_n = b^n \quad (n \geqslant 0)$$



$$X(5) = \frac{1 - \frac{5}{4}}{1} = \frac{5 - b}{5}$$

$$x_n = b^n \quad (n > 0)$$

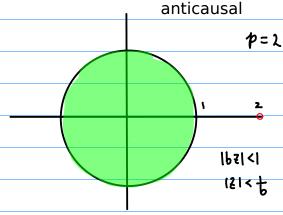


$$X(z^{-1}) = \frac{b^{-1}}{b^{-1} - z^{-1}} = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b}{z}}$$

$$= (\frac{b}{z})^{0} + (\frac{b}{z})^{1} + (\frac{b}{z})^{2} + \cdots$$

$$f(z) = \frac{z}{z - b} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} b^{-n} z^{n}$$

$$a_n = b^{-n} \qquad (n \le 0)$$



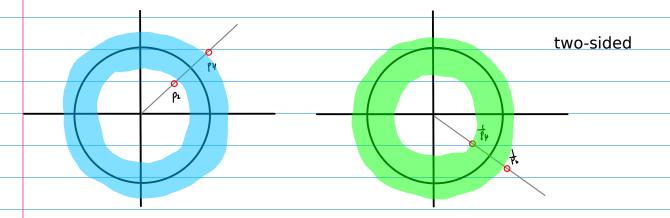
(b2)°+(32)°+(52)°+···

$$X(z) = \frac{1}{1 - bz} = \frac{b^{1}}{b^{1} - z}$$

$$X_{n} = b^{-n} \quad (n \le 0)$$

$$P = b^{-1} |z|$$

Two-Sided



$$\alpha_{n} = \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{f(z)}{z^{nH}}, \sigma\right) \quad n \leq 0$$

$$+ \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{f(z)}{z^{nH}}, r_{i}\right)$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} < |2| < 2 \Rightarrow \left| \frac{1}{2\xi} | < 1 , \left| \frac{\xi}{2} \right| < 1}{\frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{2\xi}}} + \frac{1}{1 - \frac{\xi}{2}} = \frac{2\xi}{2\xi - 1} + \frac{2}{2 - \xi}$$

$$= \frac{\xi}{\xi - 0.5} - \frac{2}{\xi - 2}$$

$$\frac{1}{|-\frac{1}{2\xi}|} = \left(\frac{1}{2\xi}\right)^{0} + \left(\frac{1}{2\xi}\right)^{1} + \left(\frac{1}{2\xi}\right)^{1} + \left(\frac{1}{2\xi}\right)^{3} + \cdots = \frac{2\xi}{2\xi - 1} = \frac{\xi}{\xi - 0.5}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{2\xi}\right)^{1} + \left(\frac{1}{2\xi}\right)^{1} + \left(\frac{1}{2\xi}\right)^{3} + \cdots = \frac{\xi}{\xi - 0.5} - \left| = \frac{0.5}{\xi - 0.5}$$

$$\frac{1}{|-\frac{3}{2}|} = \left(\frac{\xi}{2}\right)^{0} + \left(\frac{\xi}{2}\right)^{1} + \left(\frac{\xi}{2}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\xi}{2}\right)^{3} + \cdots = \frac{1}{2-\xi}$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{1}{2^{2}}\right)^{1} + \left(\frac{1}{2^{2}}\right)^{1} + \left(\frac{1}{2^{2}}\right)^{3} + \cdots}{\left(\frac{2}{2^{2}}\right)^{0} + \left(\frac{2}{2^{2}}\right)^{1} + \left(\frac{2}{2^{2}}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{2}{2^{2}}\right)^{3} + \cdots} = \frac{1}{2 - \overline{c}} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\overline{c}}{2}\right)^{n}$$

$$\cdots + \left(\frac{2}{2}\right)^{3} + \left(\frac{2}{2}\right)^{1} + \left(\frac{2}{2}\right)^{0} + \left(\frac{1}{2^{2}}\right)^{1} + \left(\frac{1}{2^{2}}\right)^{1} + \left(\frac{1}{2^{2}}\right)^{3} + \cdots = \frac{1}{2 - \overline{c}} + \frac{0.5}{2 - 0.5}$$

$$= \frac{0.5}{\overline{c} - 0.5} + \frac{2}{2 - \overline{c}}$$

$$= \frac{0.5}{\overline{c} - 0.5} - \frac{2}{\overline{c} - 2}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{2} \overline{c} \times - 2\overline{c} \times 1}{(2 - 0.5)(2 - 2)}$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{3}{2} \overline{c}}{(2 - 0.5)(2 - 2)}$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2\xi}\right)^{\eta} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\xi}{2}\right)^{n}$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n} \xi^{-n} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n} \xi^{n}$$

$$X(z) = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{0.5}{2}} = \frac{z}{z - 0.5}$$

$$|0.5| < 1 | (\frac{1}{2}), (\frac{1}{2})^{\frac{1}{2}}, (\frac{1}{2})^{\frac{1}{2}}, ...$$

$$|\frac{5}{0.5}|<| (51) 0.2$$

$$|\frac{5}{0.5}|<| (51) 0.2$$

$$|\frac{5}{0.5}|<| (51) 0.5$$

$$|\frac{5}{0.5}|<| (51) 0.5$$

$$X(z) = \frac{0.5}{1 - 0.5} \cdot z^{1} = \frac{0.5}{2 - 0.5}$$

$$|0.5| < 1 < 1 < 0.5$$

$$|2.1 > 0.5|$$

$$X(z) = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{z}{2}} = \frac{2}{2 - z}$$

$$|\frac{z}{2}| < 1 \qquad |z| < 2$$

...,
$$\beta$$
, β , β , 1 , 0 , 0 , 0 , ...

-... 0 , 0 , 0 , 1 , 0 , 0 , 0 , ...

$$\frac{2}{\xi-0.5} + \frac{2}{2-\xi-1}$$

$$= \frac{\xi^2 - 2\xi - 2\xi + |}{(\xi-0.5)(\xi-2)} + \frac{\xi^2 - 4\xi + |}{(\xi-0.5)(\xi-2)}$$

$$= \frac{\xi^2 - 2\xi - 2\xi + |}{(\xi-0.5)(\xi-2)}$$

$$= \frac{\xi^2 - 2\xi - 2\xi + |}{(\xi-0.5)(\xi-2)}$$

$$A_{n} = \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(\frac{1}{2} - 0 \cdot 5)(\frac{1}{2} - 3)} & \chi(\frac{1}{2}) = \frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(\frac{1}{2} - 0 \cdot 5)(\frac{1}{2} - 3)} \\ \\ Res(\frac{f(\frac{3}{2})}{\frac{1}{2} - 1}, \frac{1}{2}) & + Res(\frac{f(\frac{3}{2})}{\frac{1}{2} - 0 \cdot 5)(\frac{1}{2} - 3)} + Res(\frac{f(\frac{3}{2})}{\frac{1}{2} - 0 \cdot 5)(\frac{1}{2} - 3)} + Res(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(\frac{1}{2} - 0 \cdot 5)(\frac{1}{2} - 3)} + Res(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(\frac{1}{2} - 0 \cdot 5)(\frac{1}{2} - 3)} + \frac{1}{2}) + Res(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(\frac{1}{2} - 0 \cdot 5)(\frac{1}{2} - 3)} + \frac{1}{2}) + Res(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(\frac{1}{2} - 0 \cdot 5)(\frac{1}{2} - 3)} + \frac{1}{2}) + Res(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(\frac{1}{2} - 0 \cdot 5)(\frac{1}{2} - 3)} + \frac{1}{2}) + Res(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(\frac{1}{2} - 0 \cdot 5)(\frac{1}{2} - 3)} + \frac{1}{2}) + Res(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(\frac{1}{2} - 0 \cdot 5)(\frac{1}{2} - 3)} + \frac{1}{2}) + Res(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(\frac{1}{2} - 0 \cdot 5)(\frac{1}{2} - 3)} + \frac{1}{2}) + Res(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(\frac{1}{2} - 0 \cdot 5)(\frac{1}{2} - 3)} + \frac{1}{2}) + Res(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(\frac{1}{2} - 0 \cdot 5)(\frac{1}{2} - 3)} + \frac{1}{2}) + Res(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(\frac{1}{2} - 0 \cdot 5)(\frac{1}{2} - 3)} + \frac{1}{2}) + Res(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(\frac{1}{2} - 0 \cdot 5)(\frac{1}{2} - 3)} + \frac{1}{2}) + Res(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(\frac{1}{2} - 0 \cdot 5)(\frac{1}{2} - 3)} + \frac{1}{2}) + Res(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(\frac{1}{2} - 0 \cdot 5)(\frac{1}{2} - 3)} + \frac{1}{2}) + Res(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(\frac{1}{2} - 0 \cdot 5)(\frac{1}{2} - 3)} + \frac{1}{2}) + Res(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(\frac{1}{2} - 0 \cdot 5)(\frac{1}{2} - 3)} + \frac{1}{2}) + Res(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(\frac{1}{2} - 0 \cdot 5)(\frac{1}{2} - 3)} + \frac{1}{2}) + Res(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(\frac{1}{2} - 0 \cdot 5)(\frac{1}{2} - 3)} + \frac{1}{2}) + Res(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(\frac{1}{2} - 0 \cdot 5)(\frac{1}{2} - 3)} + \frac{1}{2}) + Res(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(\frac{1}{2} - 0 \cdot 5)(\frac{1}{2} - 3)} + \frac{1}{2}) + Res(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(\frac{1}{2} - 0 \cdot 5)(\frac{1}{2} - 3)} + \frac{1}{2}) + Res(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(\frac{1}{2} - 0 \cdot 5)(\frac{1}{2} - 3)} + \frac{1}{2}) + Res(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(\frac{1}{2} - 0 \cdot 5)(\frac{1}{2} - 3)} + \frac{1}{2}) + Res(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(\frac{1}{2} - 0 \cdot 5)(\frac{1}{2} - 3)} + \frac{1}{2}) + Res(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(\frac{1}{2} - 0 \cdot 5)(\frac{1}{2} - 3)} + \frac{1}{2}) + Res(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(\frac{1}{2} - 0 \cdot 5)(\frac{1}{2} - 3)} + \frac{1}{2}) + Res(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(\frac{1}{2} - 0 \cdot 5)(\frac{1}{2} - 3)} + \frac{1}{2}) + Res(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(\frac{1}{2} - 0 \cdot 5)(\frac{1}{2} - 3)} + \frac{1}{2}) + Res(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(\frac{1}{2} - 0 \cdot 5)(\frac{1}{2} - 3)} + \frac{1}{2}) + Res(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(\frac{1$$

$$Res(G(z), z_0) \begin{cases} \lim_{z \to z_0} (2z_0) G(z) = a_1 \\ \lim_{z \to z_0} (2z_0) G(z) = a_1 \end{cases}$$
 Simple pale z_0
$$\begin{cases} \lim_{z \to z_0} (2z_0) G(z_0) = a_1 \\ \lim_{z \to z_0} (2z_0) G(z_0) = a_1 \end{cases}$$
 or the order pale z_0
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$$\begin{cases} \lim_{z \to z_0} (2z_0) G(z_0) = a_1 \\ \lim_{z \to z_0} (2z_0) G(z_0) = a_1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \lim_{z \to z_0} (2z_0) G(z_0) G(z_0) = a_1 \\ \lim_{z \to z_0} (2z_0) G(z_0) = a_1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \lim_{z \to z_0} (2z_0) G(z_0) G(z_0) G(z_0) = a_1 \\ \lim_{z \to z_0} (2z_0) G(z_0) G(z_0) = a_1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \lim_{z \to z_0} (2z_0) G(z_0) G(z_0)$$

$$\operatorname{Res}\left(\begin{array}{c|c} \frac{-\frac{3}{1}}{(\xi-0.5)(\xi-1)\frac{1}{2}}, 0\right) = \frac{-\frac{3}{1}}{(\xi-0.5)(\xi-1)}\Big|_{\xi=0} = \left[\begin{array}{c|c} \frac{1}{(\xi-0.5)} - \frac{1}{(\xi-1)} \end{array}\right]_{\xi=0}$$

$$= -2 + \frac{1}{2} = -\frac{3}{2}$$

$$\operatorname{Res}\left(\begin{array}{c|c} -\frac{3}{1} & 0 \\ \hline (\xi-0.5)(\xi-1)\frac{1}{2}, 0 \end{array}\right) = \frac{d}{d\xi} \frac{-\frac{3}{1}}{(\xi-0.5)(\xi-1)}\Big|_{\xi=0} = \left[\begin{array}{c|c} \frac{-1}{(\xi-0.5)^2} + \frac{1}{(\xi-1)^2} \end{array}\right]_{\xi=0}$$

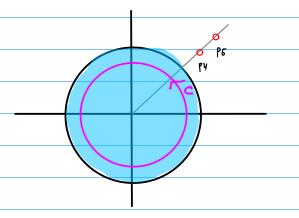
$$= -4 + \frac{1}{4} = -\frac{15}{4}$$

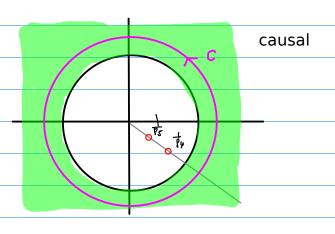
$$\operatorname{Res}\left(\begin{array}{c|c} -\frac{3}{1} & 0 \\ \hline (\xi-0.5)(\xi-1)\frac{1}{2}, 0 \end{array}\right) = \frac{1}{2!} \frac{d^2}{d\xi^2} \frac{-\frac{3}{1}}{(\xi-0.5)(\xi-1)}\Big|_{\xi=0} = \left[\begin{array}{c|c} \frac{1}{(\xi-0.5)^3} - \frac{1}{(\xi-1)^3} \end{array}\right]_{\xi=0}$$

$$= \left(-8 + \frac{1}{8}\right) = -\frac{63}{8}$$

$$\alpha_{n} = \begin{cases}
Res(\frac{-\frac{3}{1}}{(\xi - 0.5)(\xi - 2)z^{n}}, \frac{1}{2}) + Res(\frac{-\frac{3}{1}}{(\xi - 0.5)(\xi - 2)z^{n}}, 0) = (\frac{1}{2})^{n} \\
Res(\frac{-\frac{3}{1}}{(\xi - 0.5)(\xi - 2)z^{n}}, \frac{1}{2}) = (\frac{1}{2})^{-n} & (n > 0)
\end{cases}$$

$$a_n = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n & \left(\frac{n}{\sqrt{0}}\right) \\ \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) & \left(\frac{n}{\sqrt{0}}\right) \end{cases}$$





$$f(3) = \sum_{n=M'}^{N=M'} Q_{n}^{n} \cdot s_{n}$$

$$\chi(z) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \chi_k z^{-k}$$

$$\alpha_n^{[m]} = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_C \frac{f(z)}{z^{nH}} dz$$

$$= \sum_{k} \text{Res}\left(\frac{f(z)}{z^{nH}}, z_k\right)$$

$$X_{n} = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_{C} \chi(z) z^{n-1} dz$$

$$= \sum_{k} \text{Res}(\chi(z) z^{n-1}, z_{k})$$

Poles z_{i} $M \ge 0$ $z_{1}, z_{2}, z_{3}, 0$ z_{1}, z_{2}, z_{3}

Poles z_{1} M > 0 z_{1}, z_{2}, z_{3} $z_{1}, z_{2}, z_{3} = 0$

Z-transform

$$\chi[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_{C} f(z) \, z^{n-1} \, dz$$

$$= \sum_{k} \operatorname{Res} \left(f(z) \, z^{n-1}, \, z_{k} \right)$$

no Zi: poles of f(t)

M= D Z: poles of f(E) + ₹=0 マペーを)=支

x[n] includes U[n] -> X[z] contains Z on its numerator

Also, think about modified partial fraction X[2]

Laurent Expansion

$$\alpha_{n}^{(m)} = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_{C} \frac{f(z)}{(z-z_{m})^{nH}} dz$$

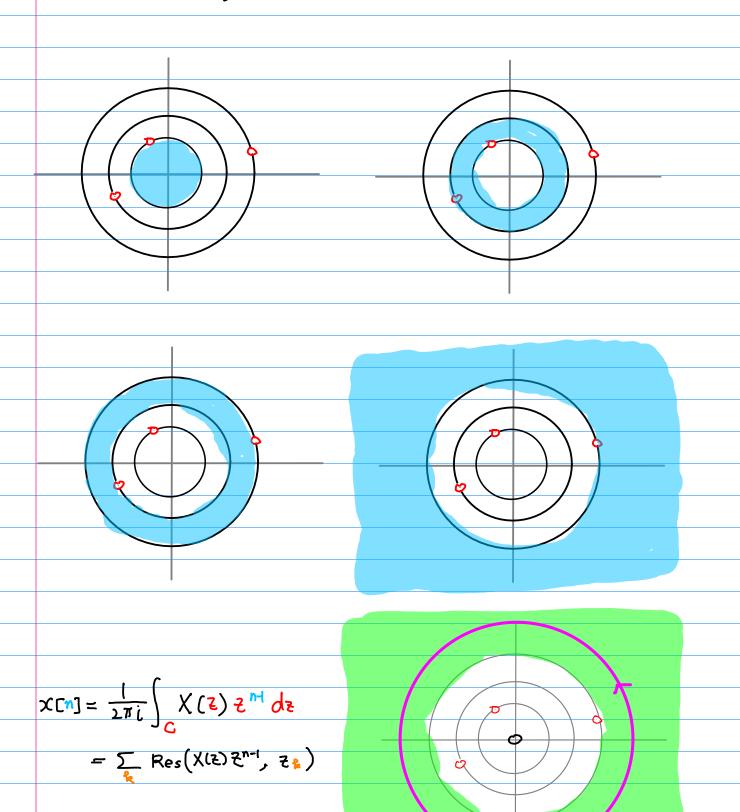
$$= \sum_{k} \operatorname{Res} \left(\frac{f(z)}{(z-z_{m})^{nH}}, z_{k} \right) = \sum_{k} \operatorname{Res} \left(\frac{f(z)}{z^{nH}}, z_{k} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_{C} \frac{f(z)}{(z-z_{m})^{nH}} dz \qquad \mathcal{A}_{n}^{(0)} = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_{C} \frac{f(z)}{z^{nH}} dz$$

$$= \sum_{k} \operatorname{Res} \left(\frac{f(z)}{(z-z_{m})^{nH}}, z_{k} \right) \qquad = \sum_{k} \operatorname{Res} \left(\frac{f(z)}{z^{nH}}, z_{k} \right)$$

$$\alpha_{-n}^{(0)} = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_{C} f(z) z^{n-1} dz \qquad \alpha_{-n}^{(0)} = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_{C} \frac{f(z)}{z^{-n}} dz \\
= \sum_{k} \text{Res} \left(f(z) z^{n-1}, z_{k} \right) \qquad = \sum_{k} \text{Res} \left(\frac{f(z)}{z^{-n}}, z_{k} \right)$$

Different D, Different Laurent Series



2-transform

$$f(5) = \frac{(5-1)(5-5)}{-1}$$

Complex Variables and Ap Brown & Churchill

$$f(z) = \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-1)} = \frac{1}{z-1} - \frac{1}{z-2}$$

D1: 121 <1

Dz: 1 < |2| <2

P3: 2< |2|

$$f(z) = \frac{1}{z-1} - \frac{1}{z-2} = \frac{-1}{1-z} + \frac{1}{z} + \frac{1}{z}$$

$$= -\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \xi^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\xi^n}{2^{n+1}} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (2^{-n-1} - 1)\xi^n \quad |\xi| < |\xi|$$

$$f(z) = \frac{1}{z^{-1}} - \frac{1}{z^{-2}} = \frac{1}{z} \cdot \frac{1}{1 - (\frac{1}{z})} + \frac{1}{z} \cdot \frac{1}{1 - (\frac{3}{z})}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{z^{n+1}} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{z^{n}}{z^{n+1}}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{z^{n}} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{z^{n}}{z^{n+1}}$$

(3)
$$D_3$$
 $2 < |2|$ $\left| \frac{2}{2} \right| < \left| \frac{1}{2} \right| < \right|$

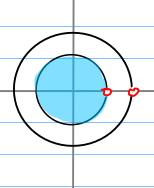
$$f(z) = \frac{1}{z-1} - \frac{1}{z-2} = \frac{1}{z} \frac{1}{1-(\frac{1}{z})} - \frac{1}{z} \frac{1}{1-(\frac{1}{z})}$$

$$= \sum_{h=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{z^{h+1}} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^n}{z^{h+1}} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1-2^n}{z^{n+1}}$$

$$= \sum_{l=0}^{\infty} \frac{1-2^{l+1}}{z^{l}}$$

$$f(5) = \frac{(5-1)(5-5)}{-1}$$

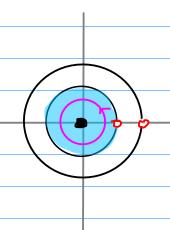
$$\frac{\mathcal{Z}_{N+1}}{f(s)} = \frac{(s-1)(s-r)S_{n+1}}{-1}$$



$$f(z) = \frac{1}{|z-1|} - \frac{1}{|z-2|} = \frac{-1}{|z-2|} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{|z-2|}$$

$$= -\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} z^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{z^n}{2^{n+1}} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (2^{-n-1} - 1)z^n \quad |z| < |z|$$

$$\Delta_n = \sum_{k=1}^{M} \text{Res}\left(\frac{f(\xi)}{(\xi - \xi_n)^{n+1}}, \xi_n\right) = \text{Res}\left(\frac{-1}{(\xi - 1)(\xi - 2)\xi^{n+1}}, 0\right)$$



$$\Delta_{n} = \sum_{k=1}^{M} \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{f(z)}{(z-z_{n})^{n+1}}, z_{k}\right) = \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-2)z^{n+1}}, 0\right)$$

n>0 then the pole 2=0

$$\frac{d^{\frac{1}{2}}}{d^{\frac{1}{2}}}\left((\xi + 1)^{-1} - (\xi - 5)^{-1} \right) = (-1)\left((\xi + 1)^{-2} - (\xi - 5)^{-2} \right)$$

$$\frac{d^{\frac{1}{2}}}{d^{\frac{1}{2}}}\Big((\frac{1}{2}+1)^{-1}-(\frac{1}{2}-2)^{-1}\Big)=(-1)(-1)\Big((\frac{1}{2}+1)^{-3}-(\frac{1}{2}-2)^{-3}\Big)$$

$$\frac{d^{3}}{d^{2}}\left((2+1)^{-1}-(2-2)^{-1}\right)=(-1)(-2)(-3)\left((2+1)^{4}-(2-2)^{-4}\right)$$

$$\frac{d^{2n}}{d^{2n}} \Big((\xi - 1)^{-1} - (\xi - 2)^{-1} \Big) = (-1)^{n} M \Big[(\xi - 1)^{-n-1} - (\xi - 2)^{-n-1} \Big]$$

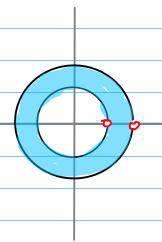
$$\frac{1}{\eta!} \lim_{z \to 0} \frac{d^{n}}{dz^{n}} \left((z + 1)^{-1} - (z + 2)^{-1} \right) = (-1)^{n} \lim_{z \to 0} \left((z + 1)^{-n-1} - (z + 2)^{-n-1} \right)$$

$$= (-1)^{n} \left((-1)^{-n-1} - (-2)^{-n-1} \right)$$

$$= -1 + 2^{-n-1}$$

$$f(z) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} Q_n z^n = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (z^{-n-1} - 1) \overline{z}^n$$

$$f(5) = \frac{(5-1)(5-5)}{-1}$$



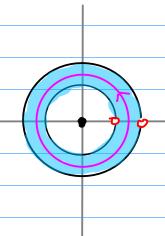
$$f(z) = \frac{1}{z^{-1}} - \frac{1}{z^{-2}} = \frac{1}{z} \cdot \frac{1}{1 - (\frac{z}{z})} + \frac{1}{z} \frac{1}{1 - (\frac{z}{z})}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{z^{n+1}} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{z^{n}}{z^{n+1}}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{z^{n}} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{z^{n}}{z^{n+1}}$$

$$\Delta_{n} = \sum_{k=1}^{M} \text{Res}\left(\frac{f(\xi)}{(\xi - \xi_{m})^{n+1}}, \xi_{k}\right) = \text{Res}\left(\frac{-1}{(\xi - 1)(\xi - 2)\xi^{n+1}}, 0\right)$$

$$+ \text{Res}\left(\frac{-1}{(\xi - 1)(\xi - 2)\xi^{n+1}}, 1\right)$$



$$\Delta_{n} = \sum_{k=1}^{M} \text{Res}\left(\frac{f(\xi)}{(\xi - \xi_{m})^{n+1}}, \xi_{k}\right) = \text{Res}\left(\frac{-1}{(\xi - 1)(\xi - 2)\xi^{n+1}}, 0\right)$$

$$+ \text{Res}\left(\frac{-1}{(\xi - 1)(\xi - 2)\xi^{n+1}}, 1\right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{(n-1)!} \lim_{\xi \to \xi_{0}} \frac{d^{n-1}}{d\xi^{n-1}} (\xi - \xi_{0})^{n} f(\xi) \quad (\text{order } n)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{\eta!} \lim_{\xi \to 0} \frac{d^{n}}{d\xi^{n}} \left((\xi - 1)^{-1} - (\xi - 2)^{-1}\right) = (-1)^{n} \lim_{\xi \to 0} \left((\xi - 1)^{-n-1} - (\xi - 2)^{-n-1}\right)$$

$$= (-1)^{n} \left((-1)^{-n-1} - (-2)^{-n-1}\right)$$

$$= -1 + 2^{-n-1}$$

$$\operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-1}{(\xi-1)(\xi-2)Z^{\eta+1}},0\right) = -1 + 2^{-\eta-1} \quad (n > 0)$$

$$\operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-1}{(\xi-1)(\xi-2)Z^{\eta+1}},1\right) = \lim_{z \to 1} (\xi-1)\frac{-1}{(\xi-1)(\xi-2)Z^{\eta+1}} = 1$$

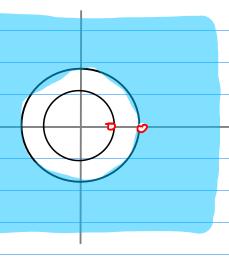
M=-3	N= -5	n=-1	M=0	n=1	m = 2	
_ص	0	0	ーノナスト	1+2-2	-1 + 2 ⁻³	Res (f(2)
τ	ı	ſ	ľ	1	Ţ	Res(f(2) , 1)
t	(١	21	2-2	2 ⁻³	

$$\begin{cases} \Delta_n = 2^{-n-1} & n > 0 \\ \Delta_n = 1 & n < 0 \end{cases} \begin{cases} 2^{-n-1} \not Z^n \\ \not Z^{-n} \end{cases}$$

$$f(z) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{z^n} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{z^n}{2^{n+1}}$$

$$f(5) = \frac{(5-1)(5-5)}{-1}$$

$$\boxed{3} \quad \mathsf{D}_3 \qquad \mathsf{2} < |\mathsf{E}| \qquad \left| \frac{\mathsf{2}}{\mathsf{E}} \right| < | \qquad \left| \frac{\mathsf{1}}{\mathsf{E}} \right| < |$$

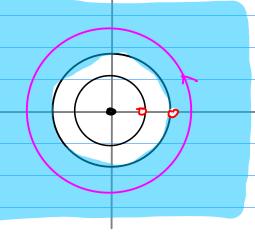


$$f(z) = \frac{1}{z-1} - \frac{1}{z-2} = \frac{1}{z} \frac{1 - (\frac{1}{z})}{1 - (\frac{1}{z})} - \frac{1}{z} \frac{1}{1 - (\frac{1}{z})}$$

$$= \sum_{h=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{z^{h+1}} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^n}{z^{h+1}} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1 - 2^n}{z^{n+1}}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1 - 2^{n+1}}{z^n}$$

$$\Delta_{n} = \sum_{k=1}^{M} \text{Res}\left(\frac{f(\xi)}{(\xi - \xi_{n})^{n+1}}, \xi_{k}\right) = \text{Res}\left(\frac{-1}{(\xi - 1)(\xi - 2)\xi^{n+1}}, 0\right) + \text{Res}\left(\frac{-1}{(\xi - 1)(\xi - 2)\xi^{n+1}}, 1\right) + \text{Res}\left(\frac{-1}{(\xi - 1)(\xi - 2)\xi^{n+1}}, 1\right)$$



$$Res\left(\frac{-1}{(\xi-1)(\xi-2)\xi^{n+1}}, 0\right) = -1 + 2^{-n-1} \quad (n > 0)$$

$$Res\left(\frac{-1}{(\xi-1)(\xi-2)\xi^{n+1}}, 1\right) = \lim_{z \to 1} (\xi-1) \frac{-1}{(\xi-1)(\xi-2)\xi^{n+1}} = 1$$

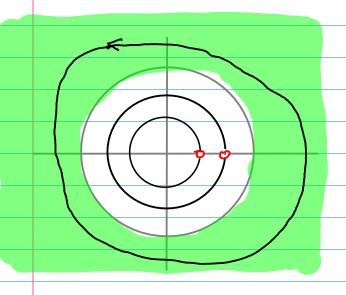
$$Res\left(\frac{-1}{(\xi-1)(\xi-2)\xi^{n+1}}, 2\right) = \lim_{z \to 2} (\xi-2) \frac{-1}{(\xi-1)(\xi-2)\xi^{n+1}} = -\frac{1}{2^{n+1}}$$

M=-3	N= -2	n=-1	N=O	n=1	m=2	
_ص	0	0	ーノナスト	1+2-2	-1 + 2 ⁻³	Res (f(2) , 0)
τ	l	ſ	ĵ	1	ţ	$\operatorname{Res}(\frac{f(t)}{2^{n+1}}, 1)$
-22	-2	-[-24	− 5 ₋₇	-2-3	Res(f(2) , 2)
[-22	1-2	6	٥	0	0	

$$\Delta_{n} = |-2^{-n+1}| \quad n < 0 \qquad = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{|-2^{n+1}|}{z^{n}}$$

$$f(z) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (1-2^{-n+1}) z^{n} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{|-2^{n-1}|}{z^{n}}$$

$$f(5) = \frac{(5-1)(5-5)}{-1}$$



$$\begin{array}{rcl}
x & \text{[n]} \\
&= \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{C} X(z) z^{n-1} dz \\
&= \sum_{j=1}^{k} \text{Res}(X(z) z^{n-1}, z_{j})
\end{array}$$

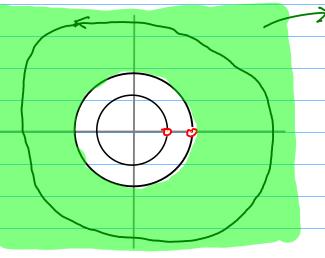
$$\chi(2) = \frac{-1}{(2-1)(2-1)}$$

$$\chi(z) z^{n+} = \frac{-1}{(2-1)(2-1)} z^{n+}$$

$$\operatorname{Res}\left(X(\mathbf{Z})\mathbf{Z}^{\mathsf{H}}\right) = (\mathbf{Z}+\mathbf{1})\frac{-1}{(\mathbf{Z}+\mathbf{1})(\mathbf{Z}-\mathbf{1})}\mathbf{Z}^{\mathsf{H}}\Big|_{\mathbf{Z}=\mathbf{1}} = \mathbf{1}$$

Res
$$(X(z)z^{n},2) = (z-1)\frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-1)}z^{n}|_{z=2} = -2^{n-1}$$

$$\chi \Gamma \eta = 1 - 2^{n4}$$



> ROC (Region of Convergence)

$$\left(\frac{2}{z}\right)^0 + \left(\frac{2}{z}\right)^1 + \left(\frac{2}{z}\right)^2 + \cdots$$
Converge

$$\left(\frac{1}{\xi}\right)^0 + \left(\frac{1}{\xi}\right)^1 + \left(\frac{1}{\xi}\right)^2 + \cdots$$
 Converge

$$f(z) = \frac{1}{z^{-1}} - \frac{1}{z^{-2}} = \frac{1}{z} \frac{1}{1 - (\frac{1}{z})} - \frac{1}{z} \frac{1}{1 - (\frac{1}{z})}$$

$$= \sum_{h=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{z^{h+1}} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^n}{z^{h+1}} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1 - 2^n}{z^{n+1}}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1 - 2^{n+1}}{z^n}$$

$$+\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{5}{5}\right)+\left(\frac{5}{5}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}+\left(\frac{5}{5}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}+\cdots\right\} \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{1}-\frac{5-1}{1}-\frac{5-5}{1}=\frac{(54)(5-5)}{1}$$

$$X[n] = [-2^{n+1}] \times (2) = \frac{-1}{[2-1)(2-2)} (|2| > 2)$$





