# Stationarity

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Image: A math a math

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Based on Probability, Random Variables and Random Signal Principles, P.Z. Peebles, Jr. and B. Shi







First Order Stationary *N* Gaussian random variables

### Definition

if the first order density function does not change with a shift in time origin

$$f_X(x_1;t_1)=f_X(x_1;t_1+\Delta)$$

must be true for any time  $t_1$  and any real number  $\Delta$  if X(t) is to be a first-order stationary

Consequences of stationarity *N* Gaussian random variables

#### Definition

 $f_X(x, t_1)$  is independent of  $t_1$ the process mean value is a constant

$$m_X(t) = \overline{X} = constant$$

## the process mean value *N* Gaussian random variables

# Definition

$$m_X(t) = \overline{X} = constant$$

$$m_X(t_1) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x f_X(x; t_1) dx$$

$$m_X(t_2) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x f_X(x;t_2) dx$$

$$m_X(t_1) = m_X(t_1 + \Delta)$$

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Second-Order Stationary Process *N* Gaussian random variables

#### Definition

if the second order density function does not change with a shift in time origin

$$f_X(x_1, x_2; t_1, t_2) = f_X(x_1, x_2; t_1 + \Delta, t_2 + \Delta)$$

must be true for any time  $t_1, t_2$  and any real number  $\Delta$  if X(t) is to be a second-order stationary

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