

# c18ElectricChargeField\_lineCharges

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Attribution for each question is documented in the Appendix

Sunday 16<sup>th</sup> December, 2018



Latex markup at

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## Contents

<b>1 Quiz</b>	<b>2 Attribution</b>	<b>5</b>
	<b>2</b>	

# 1 Quiz

1. A line of charge density  $\lambda$  situated on the y axis extends from  $y = -3$  to  $y = 2$ . What is the y component of the electric field at the point  $(3, 7)$ ? *Answer* (assuming  $\mathcal{B} > \mathcal{A}$ ) is :  $\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \int_{\mathcal{A}}^{\mathcal{B}} \frac{C \lambda ds}{[\mathcal{D}^2 + \mathcal{E}^2]^{\mathcal{F}}}$ , where  $\mathcal{B} = 1$
- A.  $-7$
  - B.  $-3$
  - C.  $-3$
  - D.  $3$
  - E.  $2$**
2. A line of charge density  $\lambda$  situated on the y axis extends from  $y = 4$  to  $y = 6$ . What is the y component of the electric field at the point  $(5, 1)$ ? *Answer* (assuming  $\mathcal{B} > \mathcal{A}$ ) is :  $\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \int_{\mathcal{A}}^{\mathcal{B}} \frac{C \lambda ds}{[\mathcal{D}^2 + \mathcal{E}^2]^{\mathcal{F}}}$ , where  $\mathcal{C} = 2$
- A. a)  $5$
  - B. b)  $s-4$
  - C. c)  $5-s$
  - D. d)  $1-s$**
  - E. e)  $s-1$
3. A line of charge density  $\lambda$  situated on the y axis extends from  $y = 4$  to  $y = 6$ . What is the y component of the electric field at the point  $(5, 1)$ ? *Answer* (assuming  $\mathcal{B} > \mathcal{A}$ ) is :  $\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \int_{\mathcal{A}}^{\mathcal{B}} \frac{C \lambda ds}{[\mathcal{D}^2 + \mathcal{E}^2]^{\mathcal{F}}}$ , where  $\mathcal{F} = 3$
- A.  $1/2$
  - B.  $2/3$
  - C.  $2$
  - D.  $3/2$**
  - E.  $3$
4. A line of charge density  $\lambda$  situated on the x axis extends from  $x = 3$  to  $x = 7$ . What is the x component of the electric field at the point  $(7, 8)$ ? *Answer* (assuming  $\mathcal{B} > \mathcal{A}$ ) is :  $\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \int_{\mathcal{A}}^{\mathcal{B}} \frac{C \lambda ds}{[\mathcal{D}^2 + \mathcal{E}^2]^{\mathcal{F}}}$ , where  $\mathcal{C} = 4$
- A.  $s-3$
  - B.  $3-s$
  - C.  $8$
  - D.  $s-7$
  - E.  $7-s$**
5. A line of charge density  $\lambda$  situated on the x axis extends from  $x = 3$  to  $x = 7$ . What is the x component of the electric field at the point  $(7, 8)$ ? *Answer* (assuming  $\mathcal{B} > \mathcal{A}$ ) is :  $\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \int_{\mathcal{A}}^{\mathcal{B}} \frac{C \lambda ds}{[\mathcal{D}^2 + \mathcal{E}^2]^{\mathcal{F}}}$ , where  $\mathcal{D}^2 + \mathcal{E}^2 = 5$
- A.  $7^2 + (8-s)^2$
  - B.  $7^2 + 8^2$
  - C.  $(7-s)^2 + 8^2$**
  - D.  $7^2 + (3-s)^2$
  - E.  $3^2 + 8^2$
6. A line of charge density  $\lambda$  situated on the y axis extends from  $y = -3$  to  $y = 2$ . What is the y component of the electric field at the point  $(3, 7)$ ? *Answer* (assuming  $\mathcal{B} > \mathcal{A}$ ) is :  $\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \int_{\mathcal{A}}^{\mathcal{B}} \frac{C \lambda ds}{[\mathcal{D}^2 + \mathcal{E}^2]^{\mathcal{F}}}$ , where  $\mathcal{C} = 6$
- A.  $3-s$

- B. 3
- C.  $s-7$
- D.  $7-s$**
- E.  $s-3$

7. A line of charge density  $\lambda$  situated on the y axis extends from  $y = -3$  to  $y = 2$ . What is the y component of the electric field at the point  $(3, 7)$ ? *Answer* (assuming  $\mathcal{B} > \mathcal{A}$ ) is :  $\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \int_{\mathcal{A}}^{\mathcal{B}} \frac{C \lambda ds}{[\mathcal{D}^2 + \mathcal{E}^2]^{\mathcal{F}}}$ , where  $\mathcal{F} =$ <sup>7</sup>

- A. 2
- B. 3
- C.  $3/2$**
- D.  $1/2$

8. A line of charge density  $\lambda$  situated on the y axis extends from  $y = 2$  to  $y = 7$ . What is the y component of the electric field at the point  $(2, 9)$ ? *Answer* (assuming  $\mathcal{B} > \mathcal{A}$ ) is :  $\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \int_{\mathcal{A}}^{\mathcal{B}} \frac{C \lambda ds}{[\mathcal{D}^2 + \mathcal{E}^2]^{\mathcal{F}}}$ , where  $\mathcal{C} =$ :<sup>8</sup>

- A. 2
- B.  $s - 2$
- C.  $2 - s$
- D.  $s - 9$
- E.  $9 - s$**

9. A line of charge density  $\lambda$  situated on the y axis extends from  $y = 2$  to  $y = 7$ . What is the y component of the electric field at the point  $(2, 9)$ ? *Answer* (assuming  $\mathcal{B} > \mathcal{A}$ ) is :  $\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \int_{\mathcal{A}}^{\mathcal{B}} \frac{C \lambda ds}{[\mathcal{D}^2 + \mathcal{E}^2]^{\mathcal{F}}}$ , where  $\mathcal{D}^2 + \mathcal{E}^2 =$ :<sup>9</sup>

- A.  $9^2 + (7-s)^2$
- B.  $9^2 + (2-s)^2$
- C.  $7^2 + (2-s)^2$
- D.  $2^2 + (7-s)^2$
- E.  $2^2 + (9-s)^2$**

10. A line of charge density  $\lambda$  situated on the x axis extends from  $x = 4$  to  $x = 8$ . What is the y component of the electric field at the point  $(8, 4)$ ? *Answer* (assuming  $\mathcal{B} > \mathcal{A}$ ) is :  $\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \int_{\mathcal{A}}^{\mathcal{B}} \frac{C \lambda ds}{[\mathcal{D}^2 + \mathcal{E}^2]^{\mathcal{F}}}$ , where  $\mathcal{A} =$ :<sup>10</sup>

- A.  $1/2$
- B. 4**
- C. 2
- D. 8

11. A line of charge density  $\lambda$  situated on the x axis extends from  $x = 4$  to  $x = 8$ . What is the y component of the electric field at the point  $(8, 4)$ ? *Answer* (assuming  $\mathcal{B} > \mathcal{A}$ ) is :  $\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \int_{\mathcal{A}}^{\mathcal{B}} \frac{C \lambda ds}{[\mathcal{D}^2 + \mathcal{E}^2]^{\mathcal{F}}}$ , where  $\mathcal{C} =$ :<sup>11</sup>

- A.  $s-8$
- B.  $8-s$
- C.  $s-4$
- D.  $4-s$
- E. 4**

12. A line of charge density  $\lambda$  situated on the x axis extends from  $x = 4$  to  $x = 8$ . What is the x component of the electric field at the point  $(8, 4)$ ? *Answer* (assuming  $\mathcal{B} > \mathcal{A}$ ) is :  $\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \int_{\mathcal{A}}^{\mathcal{B}} \frac{C \lambda ds}{[\mathcal{D}^2 + \mathcal{E}^2]^{\mathcal{F}}}$ , where  $\mathcal{C} =$ :<sup>12</sup>

- A.  $s-8$
- B.  $8-s$**
- C.  $s-4$
- D.  $4-s$
- E.  $4$

13. A line of charge density  $\lambda$  situated on the  $y$  axis extends from  $y = 4$  to  $y = 6$ . What is the  $x$  component of the electric field at the point  $(5, 1)$ ? *Answer (assuming  $\mathcal{B} > \mathcal{A}$ ) is:  $\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \int_{\mathcal{A}}^{\mathcal{B}} \frac{\mathcal{C} \lambda ds}{[\mathcal{D}^2 + \mathcal{E}^2]^{\mathcal{F}}}$ , where  $\mathcal{C} =$* <sup>13</sup>

- A.  $5$**
- B.  $s-4$
- C.  $5-s$
- D.  $1-s$
- E.  $s-1$

## 2 Attribution

### Notes

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